

Kingland Group Holdings Limited

景聯集團控股有限公司

(Formerly known as “Sing On Holdings Limited”)

(前稱“成安控股有限公司”)

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號：1751

2018
Annual Report
年報





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Corporate Information

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Cheung Shek On (*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*)

Mr. Chan Yuk Sing

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Kuan Hong Kin Daniel

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny

Mr. Chow Chun To

Mr. Yam Chiu Fan Joseph

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chow Chun To (*Chairman*)

Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny

Mr. Yam Chiu Fan Joseph

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny (*Chairman*)

Mr. Cheung Shek On

Mr. Chow Chun To

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Cheung Shek On (*Chairman*)

Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny

Mr. Chow Chun To

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Cheung Shek On

Mr. Chen Yeung Tak

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chen Yeung Tak

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Flat B, G/F.,
Fu Hop Factory Building,
209 and 211 Wai Yip Street,
Kwun Tong, Kowloon,
Hong Kong

CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Estera Trust (Cayman) Limited
Clifton House,
75 Fort Street,
PO Box 1350,
Grand Cayman KY1-1108,
Cayman Islands

董事會

執行董事

張錫安先生 (*主席兼行政總裁*)

陳玉成先生

非執行董事

關匡建先生

獨立非執行董事

陳毅生先生

鄒振濤先生

任超凡先生

審核委員會

鄒振濤先生 (*主席*)

陳毅生先生

任超凡先生

薪酬委員會

陳毅生先生 (*主席*)

張錫安先生

鄒振濤先生

提名委員會

張錫安先生 (*主席*)

陳毅生先生

鄒振濤先生

授權代表

張錫安先生

陳仰德先生

公司秘書

陳仰德先生

總辦事處及香港主要營業地點

香港
九龍觀塘
偉業街209號及211號
富合工廠大廈
地下B室

開曼群島股份過戶登記總處

Estera Trust (Cayman) Limited
Clifton House,
75 Fort Street,
PO Box 1350,
Grand Cayman KY1-1108,
Cayman Islands



HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited
Level 22, Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Hong Kong

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Ample Capital Limited
Unit A, 14/F
Two Chinachem Plaza
135 Des Voeux Road Central
Central, Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISER AS TO HONG KONG LAW

David Fong & Co. Solicitors
Unit A, 12th Floor, China Overseas Building
139 Hennessy Road
Wanchai, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China
1 Garden Road, Central
Hong Kong

OCBC Wing Hang Bank Limited
161 Queen's Road Central
Hong Kong

AUDITORS

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited
Certified Public Accountants
31/F, Gloucester Tower
The Landmark
11 Pedder Street, Central
Hong Kong

WEBSITE

www.kinglandgroup.com.hk

STOCK CODE

1751

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司
香港
皇后大道東183號
合和中心22樓

合規顧問

豐盛融資有限公司
香港中環
德輔道中135號
華懋廣場2期
14樓A室

香港法律顧問

方良佳律師事務所
香港灣仔
軒尼詩道139號
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主要往來銀行

中國銀行
香港
中環花園道1號

華僑永亨銀行有限公司
香港
皇后大道中161號

核數師

國衛會計師事務所有限公司
執業會計師
香港
中環畢打街11號
置地廣場
告羅士打大廈31樓

網址

www.kinglandgroup.com.hk

股份代號

1751



Chairman's Statement

主席報告

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board"), I am pleased to present the annual report of Kingland Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") (formerly known as Sing On Holdings Limited) and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2018 (the "Financial Year 2018").

The Group is an established subcontractor engaged in concrete demolition works for more than 30 years. The concrete demolition industry is one of the specific areas of the construction industry which mainly concerns the removal of pieces or sections of concrete from concrete structures and the demolition of the entire concrete structures or buildings.

On 12 June 2018, the Company transferred its listing of shares from the GEM to the Main Board (the "Main Board") of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Transfer of Listing"). We believe the Transfer of Listing will strengthen the Group's position in the industry and enhance the Group's competitive strengths. It is also beneficial to the future growth, financing flexibility and business development of the Group which will create a long-term value to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders").

For the Financial Year 2018, the Group has experienced a decrease in turnover of approximately 20.8% as compared to the turnover for the year ended 31 December 2017 (the "Financial Year 2017"). Such decrease was primarily due to the completion of several large scale jobs during the Financial Year 2018 in which the largest job contributed approximately HK\$30.5 million during the Financial Year 2017.

The Group's profits attributable to owners of the Company decreased by approximately HK\$4.8 million from approximately HK\$25.0 million for the Financial Year 2017 to approximately HK\$20.2 million for the Financial Year 2018, the decrease in profits attributable to owners of the Company included the effect of the non-recurring expenses of approximately HK\$1.9 million incurred by the Transfer of Listing during the Financial Year 2018. Excluding the non-recurring expenses incurred by activities outside the ordinary and usual course of our business, the Group's profits attributable to owners of the Company would be approximately HK\$22.1 million for the Financial Year 2018.

I would like to take this opportunity to express my respect and appreciation to my fellow Board members, management team and staff members for their continued effort to our Group's development and build value to our customers. We are optimistic about the prospects of the construction market. With our experienced management team and decades of valuable project experience, we are convinced that we can expand our operation scale and maximise returns to our shareholders.

Cheung Shek On

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 29 March 2019

本人謹代表景聯集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)(前稱為成安控股有限公司)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)董事會(「董事會」)，欣然提呈本集團截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度(「二零一八年財政年度」)的年報。

本集團為從事混凝土拆卸工程已逾30年的知名分包商。混凝土拆卸行業是建造業特定領域之一，主要關於移除混凝土結構物的混凝土塊或組件及拆卸整個混凝土結構物或建築物。

於二零一八年六月十二日，本公司股份由香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)GEM轉往主板(「主板」)上市(「轉板上市」)。我們相信，轉板上市將鞏固本集團在行業的地位，並可提高本集團的競爭力。轉板上市亦對本集團的未來增長、財務靈活性及業務發展有利，並將為本公司股東(「股東」)創造長期價值。

於二零一八年財政年度，本集團的營業額較截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度(「二零一七年財政年度」)的營業額減少約20.8%。該減少主要由於於二零一八年財政年度數個大型項目完工所致，其中於二零一七年財政年度最大項目貢獻約30.5百萬港元。

本公司擁有人應佔本集團溢利由二零一七年財政年度的約25.0百萬港元減少約4.8百萬港元至二零一八年財政年度的約20.2百萬港元，本公司擁有人應佔溢利減少包括於二零一八年財政年度轉板上市產生的非經常性開支約1.9百萬港元的影響。扣除我們正常及一般業務過程之外活動所產生的非經常性開支，於二零一八年財政年度，本公司擁有人應佔本集團溢利將約為22.1百萬港元。

本人謹藉此機會對我們的董事會成員、管理團隊及員工致以敬意和感謝，感謝彼等對本集團發展作出的不懈努力，並為我們的客戶創造價值。我們對建築市場的前景保持樂觀。憑藉我們經驗豐富的管理團隊和數十年的寶貴項目經驗，我們相信，我們可以擴大我們的運營規模，並最大限度地回報股東。

張錫安

主席兼行政總裁

香港，二零一九年三月二十九日



BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

The Group's principal activity is the provision of concrete demolition service in Hong Kong and Macau mainly as a subcontractor. Our services are mainly required in the removal of pieces or sections of concrete from concrete structures and the demolition of the entire concrete structures or buildings by applying a variety of methods, such as core drilling, sawing and crushing. Our services are required in many different situations including, among others, addition and alteration works and redevelopment projects in buildings, roads, tunnels and underground facilities.

We have been operating in the concrete demolition industry in Hong Kong since 1985. We have also been providing concrete demolition services in Macau since 2006. We are a registered subcontractor for general demolition and others (concrete coring and saw cutting) works under the Subcontractor Registration Scheme of the Construction Industry Council and a Registered Minor Works Contractor at the Buildings Department.

In general, our customers are main contractors in various types of construction and civil engineering projects in Hong Kong and construction projects in Macau. We undertake jobs in both public and private sectors. Public sector jobs refer to jobs which the main contractors are employed by the Hong Kong Government, the Macau Government or their respective related organisations or corporations, while private sector jobs refer to jobs that are not public sector jobs.

Looking forward, the Directors consider that the future opportunities and challenges facing the Group will continue to be affected by the development of the policies of the Hong Kong Government as well as factors affecting the labour costs and material costs. According to the 2019-2020 Budget of the Hong Kong Government, the annual capital works expenditure is expected to rise to over HK\$100 billion in the next few years. The amount was mainly derived from infrastructure investments especially for the construction of public and private housing, implementation of hospital development and redevelopment projects, development and expansion of new towns and new development areas, as well as construction of a third runway for the airport. The Directors believe that the availability of private and public sector construction projects is expected to grow in the coming years, and with our experienced management team and reputation in the market, we can further strengthen our position as an established concrete demolition service provider.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

During the Financial Year 2018, all of our Group's revenue was derived from concrete demolition business in Hong Kong and Macau. The Group's revenue for the Financial Year 2018 was approximately HK\$147.4 million, representing a decrease of approximately 20.8% from approximately HK\$186.2 million for the Financial Year 2017. Such decrease was mainly due to the completion of several large scale jobs in which the largest job contributed approximately HK\$30.5 million during the Financial Year 2017.

業務回顧及展望

本集團主要業務乃主要作為分包商於香港及澳門提供混凝土拆卸服務。我們的服務主要透過採用各種方法，例如鑽取土芯、切割及鉗碎等移除混凝土結構物的混凝土塊或組件及拆卸整個混凝土結構物或建築物。我們的服務應用於多種不同的情況，其中包括加建及改建工程，以及樓宇、道路、隧道及地下設施的重建項目。

本集團自一九八五年起一直於香港混凝土拆卸行業經營。自二零零零年起，我們亦於澳門一直提供混凝土拆卸服務。本集團為於建造業協會在分包商註冊制度下從事一般拆卸及其他（鑽取混凝土芯及切割）工程的註冊分包商及為屋宇署下的註冊小型工程承建商。

一般而言，我們的客戶為香港多項建築及土木工程項目，以及澳門建築工程項目的總承建商。我們承接公營及私營界別的項目。公營界別項目指總承建商為香港政府、澳門政府或其各自的相關機構或企業提供的工程；私營界別項目指非公營界別項目。

展望未來，董事認為本集團未來所面臨的機遇和挑戰將繼續受香港政府制定的政策以及影響勞工成本及材料成本的因素所影響。根據香港政府二零一九至二零二零年政府財政預算案，預期未來數年年度資本工程開支將增至超過1,000億港元。該款項主要來自基礎設施投資，尤其是建造公營及私營房屋、實施醫院發展及重建項目、發展及擴建新市鎮及新發展區域、以及興建機場第三條跑道。董事認為，私營及公營界別建設項目數量預計於未來數年有所增長。憑藉經驗豐富的管理團隊及我們在市場上的聲譽，我們可進一步加強我們作為知名混凝土拆卸服務供應商的地位。

財務回顧

於二零一八年財政年度，本集團所有收益均來自香港及澳門的混凝土拆卸業務。本集團於二零一八年財政年度的收益約為147.4百萬港元，較二零一七年財政年度約186.2百萬港元減少約20.8%。該減少主要由於數個大型項目完工所致，其中於二零一七年財政年度最大項目貢獻約30.5百萬港元。



Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Our Group's gross profit decreased from approximately HK\$55.5 million for the Financial Year 2017 to approximately HK\$51.7 million for the Financial Year 2018, while the gross profit margin for our Group increased from approximately 29.8% for the Financial Year 2017 to approximately 35.1% for the Financial Year 2018. Such increase was mainly due to the decrease of machine rental cost, transportation cost and subcontracting charges as a result of the using of the newly purchased machines and vehicles.

Administrative and other operating expenses increased by HK\$3.4 million (representing an increase of approximately 13.6%) to HK\$28.4 million for the Financial Year 2018, compared with approximately HK\$25.0 million for the Financial Year 2017, which mainly due to the non-recurring legal and other professional fees for the Transfer of Listing amounted to approximately HK\$1.9 million and the increase in rental expense. Net profit decreased by HK\$4.8 million to approximately HK\$20.2 million in the Financial Year 2018 compared to HK\$25.0 million in the Financial Year 2017 (representing a decrease of approximately 19.2%) as a result of the simultaneous occurrence of the factors in the Financial Year 2018 as discussed above. By excluding the aforementioned non-recurring legal and other professional fees, the Group's profits attributable to owners of the Company would be approximately HK\$22.1 million for the Financial Year 2018.

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 December 2018, the Group's current ratio was approximately 7.4 (31 December 2017: approximately 5.8). The Group had total assets of approximately HK\$147.7 million, which is financed by total liabilities and shareholders' equity of approximately HK\$19.9 million and HK\$127.8 million, respectively. As at 31 December 2018, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$26.5 million (31 December 2017: approximately HK\$36.4 million).

Gearing Ratio

The gearing ratio is calculated based on the total loans and borrowings divided by total equity as at the respective reporting date. As at 31 December 2018, the Group did not have any loans or borrowings (31 December 2017: Nil) and therefore no gearing ratio is present.

Capital Expenditure

During the Financial Year 2018, there was capital expenditure of approximately HK\$6.8 million which was used in the purchase of property, plant and equipment, compared to HK\$9.6 million for the Financial Year 2017.

Treasury Policy

The Group adopts a prudent approach in capital management towards its treasury policies. The Group strives to reduce exposure to credit risk by performing ongoing credit assessments and evaluations of the financial status of its customers. To manage liquidity risk, the Board closely monitors the Group's liquidity position to ensure that the liquidity structure of the Group's assets, liabilities and other commitments can meet its funding requirements from time to time.

本集團的毛利從二零一七年財政年度的約55.5百萬港元減少至二零一八年財政年度的約51.7百萬港元，而本集團的毛利率由二零一七年財政年度的約29.8%增加至二零一八年財政年度的約35.1%。該增加主要由於使用新購置機器及車輛令機器租賃成本、運輸成本及分包費用減少所致。

行政及其他經營開支於二零一八年財政年度增加3.4百萬港元（即增加約13.6%）至28.4百萬港元，而二零一七年財政年度約為25.0百萬港元，主要由於轉板上市的非經常性法律及其他專業費用約1.9百萬港元及租金開支增加所致。由於上文所述於二零一八年財政年度相關因素同時發生，二零一八年財政年度的純利較二零一七年財政年度的25.0百萬港元減少4.8百萬港元至約20.2百萬港元（即減少約19.2%）。不包括上述非經常性法律及其他專業費用，於二零一八年財政年度本公司擁有人應佔本集團溢利將約為22.1百萬港元。

流動資金、財務資源及資本結構

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團的流動比率約為7.4（二零一七年十二月三十一日：約5.8）。本集團總資產約為147.7百萬港元，分別由總負債及股東權益約19.9百萬港元及127.8百萬港元出資。於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團的現金及現金等價物約為26.5百萬港元（二零一七年十二月三十一日：約36.4百萬港元）。

負債比率

負債比率是按各個報告日的總貸款及借貸除以總權益計算。於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團並無任何貸款或借貸（二零一七年十二月三十一日：無），故而現時並無負債比率。

資本開支

於二零一八年財政年度內，本集團的資本開支約為6.8百萬港元，用於購置物業、廠房及設備，而二零一七年財政年度的資本開支則為9.6百萬港元。

庫務政策

本集團已對其庫務政策採取審慎的資本管理方針。本集團致力透過進行持續的信貸評估及評估其客戶的財務狀況以降低信貸風險。為管理流動資金風險，董事會緊密監察本集團的流動資金狀況以確保本集團的資產、負債及其他承擔的流動資金結構可應付其不時的資金需求。



Capital Structure

There has been no change in the capital structure of the Group during the Financial Year 2018. The share capital of the Group only comprises of ordinary shares. As at 31 December 2018, the Company's issued share capital was HK\$6,720,000 and the number of its issued ordinary shares was 672,000,000 of HK\$0.01 each.

Foreign Exchange Exposure

Since the Group generated most of the revenue and incurred most of the costs in Hong Kong dollars for the Financial Year 2018, there was no significant exposure to foreign exchange rate fluctuations and the Group had not maintained any hedging policy against the foreign currency risk.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Availability of construction and civil engineering projects in Hong Kong and Macau

Our results of operations are affected by the number and availability of construction and civil engineering projects from the public and private sectors in Hong Kong and construction projects from the private sector in Macau, which in turn are affected by various factors, including but not limited to the general economic conditions in Hong Kong and Macau, changes in government policies relating to the Hong Kong and Macau property markets, the general conditions of the property markets in Hong Kong and Macau, and the amount of investment in the construction of new infrastructure and improvement of existing infrastructure.

In the event that the availability of concrete demolition jobs decreases as a result of the decrease in the number of private and/or public sector projects in Hong Kong and/or Macau, our businesses and results of operations may be adversely and materially affected.

Our business is subject to the risk of cost overrun and job extension or delay

In pricing a tender or quotation, we are required to estimate the job costs based on various factors such as (i) the estimated number and types of workers required; (ii) the estimated number and types of machineries required; and (iii) the need for subcontracting and machinery leasing. Any deviation between the estimated cost by the time we submit the tenders or quotations and the actual costs to complete the jobs may adversely affect our financial performance and profitability. For instance, if the actual progress of a project was slower than we anticipated, or if there is any delay or extension in the project schedule of main contractor, we may have to engage subcontractors and/or lease the required machineries for a longer period, and hence the amounts of subcontracting fees or machinery rental cost incurred may exceed our estimation. Further, in the case of job extension or delay, we may experience decrease in revenue derived given that the progress payment to us is based on works done by us on a monthly basis. There is no assurance that we would not experience cost overrun and job extension or delay, which may in turn adversely affect our profit margin and operating results.

資本結構

於二零一八年財政年度內，本集團的資本結構並無變動。本集團的股本僅由普通股組成。於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本公司已發行股本為6,720,000港元，已發行普通股數目為672,000,000股，每股面值0.01港元。

外匯風險

由於本集團於二零一八年財政年度產生的大部份收益及成本以港元計算，本集團並無面臨重大外匯波動之風險，且本集團並無就外幣風險實施任何對沖政策。

主要風險及不確定性

香港及澳門的建築及土木工程項目供應

我們的經營業績受香港的公營及私營界別的建築及土木工程項目，以及澳門的私營界別的建築項目的數量和供應影響，而其數量和供應則受多項因素影響，包括但不限於香港及澳門的整體經濟狀況、與香港及澳門的物業市場有關的政府政策改變、香港及澳門物業市場的整體狀況，以及興建新基建及改善現有基建的投資額。

倘因香港及／或澳門的私營及／或公營界別項目數目下跌，令混凝土拆卸工程的供應減少，我們的業務及經營業績或會受到不利及重大影響。

我們的業務受超支及工程延期或延遲的風險所限

於為投標或報價定價時，我們須要按各種因素，例如(i)估計所需的工人數目及類型；(ii)估計所需的機器數目及類型；及(iii)分包及租賃機器的需要，以估計工程成本。我們遞交標書或報價時的估計成本與完成工程的實際成本之間的任何偏差或會對我們的財務表現及盈利能力產生不利影響。舉例來說，倘項目的實際進度比預期緩慢，或倘總承建商的項目進度出現任何延遲或延期，我們可能需要聘用分包商及／或需較長時間租賃所需機器，而因此所產生的分包費用或機器租賃成本金額可能會超過我們的估計。再者，在工程延期或延誤的情況下，倘進度付款按我們每月完成的工程繳付，我們的收益可能減少。概無保證我們不會出現超支及工程延期或延誤，而因此可能對我們的利潤率及營運業績產生不利影響。



Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Issue of Labour Shortage

The construction industry, including the concrete demolition industry in Hong Kong and Macau has been facing the issue of labour shortage. The growing demand for construction works exacerbated the shortage issue and has been pushing up the daily wage of worker in concrete demolition industry in Hong Kong and Macau.

If our Group is unable to recruit or retain sufficient workers or fails to effectively manage our staff costs as a result of shortage of local labour supply, our business operations and financial performance may be materially and adversely affected.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH CUSTOMERS, SUPPLIERS AND SUBCONTRACTORS AND EMPLOYEES

Customers

We have established long-term relationships with a number of our customers who are primarily main contractors in the construction industry. The Company is of the view that a good relationship with customers, concrete demolition contracting service providers have an advantage in gaining new and repeated business. Therefore, our Directors believe that main contractors generally give priority to subcontractors with whom they are familiar and who have a proven track record in providing quality concrete demolition works in a timely manner. We are of the view that our long-term relationships with a number of our customers are our competitive advantages that cannot be easily replicated by other concrete demolition works subcontractors, and have enabled and will continue to enable us to differentiate ourselves in the industry in Hong Kong and Macau.

Suppliers and Subcontractors

During the Financial Year 2018, our suppliers and subcontractors mainly consisted of lessors of machinery, suppliers of consumables and machinery parts, and transportation, courier service providers and subcontractors of concrete demolition works. We have established long-term relationships with a number of our suppliers. We believe our established relationships with these suppliers and subcontractors have been enabling us to take up jobs of various scale and service type and fulfill our customers' requirements. This could also ensure stable and timely delivery of materials or services from these suppliers, which in turn shall minimise potential disruption to our works.

Employees

Our Directors consider that we have maintained good relationship with our employees in general. We had not experienced any significant problems with our employees or any disruption to our operations due to labour disputes nor had we experienced any difficulties in the recruitment and retention of experienced staff or skilled personnel during the Financial Year 2018.

勞工短缺問題

香港及澳門建造業(包括混凝土拆卸行業)面臨勞工短缺問題。對建築工程需求的增長加劇了勞工短缺問題，且持續推高香港及澳門混凝土拆卸行業工人的日薪。

倘本集團無法招聘或挽留充足工人或因本地勞工供應短缺而未能有效管理我們的員工成本，我們的業務營運及財務表現或會受到重大不利影響。

與客戶、供應商及分包商及僱員的關係

客戶

我們已經與多名身為建造業總承建商的客戶建立了長期關係。本公司認為，憑着與客戶的良好關係，混凝土拆卸工程承包服務供應商對獲取新業務及維持舊業務均有優勢。因此，董事認為，若熟悉有關分包商且其擁有可及時提供優質混凝土拆卸工程的明確往績記錄，則總承建商一般給予優先考慮。我們認為，我們與多名客戶的長期關係是我們的競爭優勢，不會被其他混凝土拆卸工程分包商輕易取代，並將令我們繼續在香港及澳門業內脫穎而出。

供應商及分包商

於二零一八年財政年度，我們的供應商及分包商主要包括機器出租商、消耗品及零件供應商，以及運輸及速遞服務供應商及混凝土拆卸工程分包商。我們與多名供應商建立長期合作關係。我們認為，我們與該等供應商及分包商的穩固關係將繼續讓我們承接不同規模及服務類型的項目以滿足客戶要求，由此亦可確保有關供應商穩定準時交付材料或服務，從而避免影響工程的施工。

僱員

董事認為，我們大致上與僱員維持良好關係。於二零一八年財政年度，我們與僱員之間並無出現任何重大問題，我們的營運亦無因勞資糾紛而受到任何干擾，我們在招聘及挽留有經驗的員工或具備技術的人員方面並無遇到任何困難。



EMPLOYEES

The Group had 109 full-time employees as at 31 December 2018 (31 December 2017: 112 full-time employees). The staff costs, including Directors' emoluments, of the Group were approximately HK\$39.8 million for the Financial Year 2018 as compared to HK\$47.9 million for the Financial Year 2017.

Employees' remuneration is commensurate with their job nature, qualifications and experience. Salaries and wage rates are usually subjected to an annual review that are based on performance appraisals and other relevant factors. The Group strongly encourages internal promotion and a variety of job opportunities is offered to the existing staff when it is best suited. Remuneration package is comprised of salary, a performance-based bonus, and other benefits including training and provident funds.

COMMITMENTS

The contractual commitments of the Group were primarily related to the leases of its office and warehouse premises and the Director's quarter. The Group's operating lease commitments amounted to approximately HK\$3.4 million as at 31 December 2018 (31 December 2017: approximately HK\$4.4 million). As at 31 December 2018, the Group had no capital commitment (31 December 2017: approximately HK\$2.8 million).

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2018, there was no significant contingent liabilities for the Group (31 December 2017: Nil).

CHARGE OVER OUR GROUP'S ASSETS

A pledged deposit of HK\$10.1 million has been reserved to satisfy our potential customers' requirement for performance bond.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS OR DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATED COMPANIES

Save as disclosed in this report, there was no significant investment, material acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries and associated companies by the Company during the Financial Year 2018.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in this report, the Group did not have other plans for material investments or capital assets as of 31 December 2018.

僱員

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團有109名全職僱員（二零一七年十二月三十一日：112名全職僱員）。本集團於二零一八年財政年度的員工成本（包括董事薪酬）約為39.8百萬港元，而二零一七年財政年度的員工成本則為47.9百萬港元。

僱員的薪酬與其工作性質、資歷及經驗相關。薪金及工資水平通常根據績效考核和其他相關因素進行年度審查而釐訂。本集團強烈鼓勵內部晉升，並於適合時機為現有員工提供各種工作機會。薪酬福利待遇包括薪金及按表現發放之花紅，以及包括培訓及公積金在內之其他福利。

承擔

本集團之合約承擔主要與其辦公室及倉庫物業及董事宿舍租賃有關。於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團之經營租賃承擔約為3.4百萬港元（二零一七年十二月三十一日：約4.4百萬港元）。於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團並無資本承擔（二零一七年十二月三十一日：約2.8百萬港元）。

或然負債

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團並無重大或然負債（二零一七年十二月三十一日：無）。

本集團資產抵押

已儲備已抵押按金10.1百萬港元用於滿足潛在客戶對履約保證的要求。

持有重大投資、重大收購或出售附屬公司及聯屬公司

除本報告所披露者外，於二零一八年財政年度，本公司概無重大投資、重大收購及出售附屬公司及聯屬公司。

重大投資或資本資產的未來計劃

除本報告所披露者外，本集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日就重大投資或資本資產而言並無其他計劃。



Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities for the Financial Year 2018.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") on 22 November 2016 with its written terms of reference in compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 15 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules") and Appendix 14 (together the "CG Codes") of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities of the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control system of the Group, nominate and monitor external auditors and to provide advices and comments to the Board on matters related to corporate governance. The Audit Committee consists of three members, namely Mr. Chow Chun To, Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny and Mr. Yam Chiu Fan Joseph, all being independent non-executive Directors.

The Group's consolidated financial statements for the Financial Year 2018 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is of the opinion that the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Financial Year 2018 comply with applicable accounting standards, the GEM Listing Rules and the Listing Rules and that adequate disclosures have been made.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICE

The Company has applied the principles and code provisions in the CG Codes. In the opinion of the Board, the Company has complied with the CG Codes during the Financial Year 2018 except the following deviation:

Provision A.2.1 of the CG Codes stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Cheung Shek On is the Chairman and the chief executive officer of our Company. In view that Mr. Cheung has been operating and managing our Group since our establishment, our Board believes that it is in the best interest of our Group to have Mr. Cheung taking up both roles for effective management and business development. In addition, major decisions are made after consultation with the Board and appropriate Board committees, as well as senior management. The Board is therefore of the view that there are adequate safeguards in place to ensure the balance of power and authority within the Company.

COMPETING INTERESTS

The Directors are not aware of any business or interest of the Directors nor the controlling shareholder of the Company nor any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) that compete or may compete with the business of the Group and any other conflicts of interest which any such person has or may have with the Group during the Financial Year 2018.

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

於二零一八年財政年度，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司上市證券。

審核委員會

本公司於二零一六年十一月二十二日已成立審核委員會（「審核委員會」），並根據聯交所GEM證券上市規則（「GEM上市規則」）附錄十五及聯交所證券上市規則（「上市規則」）附錄十四所載的企業管治守則及企業管治報告（「守則」）（統稱「企業管治守則」）制定其書面職權範圍。審核委員會的主要職責是檢討及監察本集團的財務申報程序及內部監控系統、提名及監察外聘核數師，並就企業管治相關事宜向董事會提供意見及建議。審核委員會由三名成員組成，包括鄒振濤先生、陳毅生先生及任超凡先生（均為獨立非執行董事）。

本集團於二零一八年財政年度的綜合財務報表已由審核委員會審閱。審核委員會認為，本集團於二零一八年財政年度的綜合財務報表符合適用會計準則、GEM上市規則及上市規則，並且已作出充足的披露。

企業管治常規

本公司已應用企業管治守則的原則及守則條文。董事會認為，本公司於二零一八年財政年度一直遵守企業管治守則，惟下述偏離者除外：

企業管治守則之守則條文第A.2.1條規定，主席及行政總裁的職責應予區分，且不應由同一人士擔任。張錫安先生為本公司主席兼行政總裁。鑑於張先生自本集團成立起一直經營及管理本集團，董事會相信張先生擔任該兩個職位可以實現有效管理及業務發展，符合本集團的最佳利益。另外，重要決策須向董事會及適當的董事會委員會以及高級管理層進行諮詢後方可落實，因此，董事會認為已存在充足的預防措施，以確保本公司的權力與權限之平衡。

競爭利益

於二零一八年財政年度，董事概不知悉董事或本公司控股股東或彼等各自的任何聯繫人（定義見上市規則）擁有與本集團業務構成或可能構成競爭的任何業務或權益，或任何該等人士與本集團存在或可能存在任何其他利益衝突。



NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

In relation to the deed of non-competition dated 22 November 2016 (the “Deed of Non-Competition”) given by Sino Continent Holdings Limited, Supreme Voyage Limited, Mr. Cheung Shek On and Mr. Chan Yuk Sing (each the “Covenantor”) in favour of the Company and its subsidiaries, each of the Covenantor has made an annual declaration to the Company that during the Financial Year 2018, the Covenantor has complied with the terms of the Deed of Non-Competition given in favour of the Company including but not limited to:

- (i) as long as the Deed of Non-Competition remains effective, he/it shall not, and shall procure that his/its close associates (other than any member of the Group), among other things, not to carry on or be engaged, concerned with or interested in or otherwise be involved in directly or indirectly, in any business in competition with or likely to be in competition with the then existing business activity of any member of the Group within Hong Kong, Macau and such other parts of the world where any member of the Group may operate from time to time, save for the holding of not more than 5% shareholding interests (individually or with his/its close associates) in any company listed on a recognised stock exchange and at any time the relevant listed company shall have at least one shareholder (individually or with his/its close associates, if applicable) whose shareholding interests in the relevant listed company is higher than that of the relevant Covenantor (individually or with his/its close associates); and
- (ii) he/it shall provide all information necessary for the annual review as is reasonably required by the Group, as a basis to decide whether to exercise the right of first refusal by the Company from time to time.

The independent non-executive Directors (“INEDs”) have also reviewed the status of compliance by each of the Covenantors with the undertakings stipulated in the Deed of Non-Competition and have confirmed that, as far as the INEDs can ascertain, there is no breach of any of such undertakings.

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules and the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors (the “Code of Conduct”) in respect of the shares of the Company. The Company has made specific enquiry to all Directors, and all Directors have confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standard of dealings set out in the Code of Conduct during the Financial Year 2018.

不競爭承諾

就 Sino Continent Holdings Limited、Supreme Voyage Limited、張錫安先生及陳玉成先生(各自為「契諾人」)作出日期為二零一六年十一月二十二日，以本公司及其附屬公司為受益人的不競爭契據(「不競爭契據」)而言，於二零一八年財政年度，各契諾人已向本公司作出年度聲明，契諾人已遵守以本公司為受益人的不競爭契據條款，包括但不限於：

- (i) 於不競爭契據生效時，其將不會並將促使其緊密聯繫人(本集團任何成員公司除外)(其中包括)不會於香港、澳門及本集團任何成員公司可能不時經營的世界各地其他有關地區直接或間接進行、從事、涉及或有意參與或以其他方式參與與本集團任何成員公司現有業務活動構成競爭或可能構成競爭的任何業務，惟於認可證券交易所上市的任何公司持有不超過5%的股權(個別或連同其緊密聯繫人)，而相關上市公司須於任何時間擁有至少一位股東(個別或在適用情況下連同其緊密聯繫人)，且該股東於相關上市公司所持股權須高於相關契諾人所持有者(個別或連同其緊密聯繫人)除外；及
- (ii) 其將就年度審查提供本集團合理要求的一切所需資料，作為本公司不時決定是否行使優先承購權的基準。

獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)亦已審閱各契諾人遵守不競爭契據訂明的承諾之情況，且就獨立非執行董事所確認，並無任何違反任何承諾之情況。

董事進行證券交易的行為守則

本公司已採納GEM上市規則第5.48至5.67條所載的規定買賣準則及上市規則附錄十所載的標準守則作為董事就本公司股份進行證券交易的行為守則(「行為守則」)。本公司已向所有董事作出特定查詢，且全體董事已確認，彼等於二零一八年財政年度一直全面遵守行為守則所載的規定買賣準則。



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CHANGE OF INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes of information of Directors are set out below:

Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny resigned as an independent non-executive director of Combest Holdings Limited (stock code: 8190) in February 2018.

FINAL DIVIDENDS

The Board did not recommend payment of final dividend to the shareholders for the Financial Year 2018.

董事資料變動

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條，董事資料變動載列如下：

陳毅生先生於二零一八年二月辭任康佰控股有限公司（股份代號：8190）的獨立非執行董事。

末期股息

董事會不建議就二零一八年財政年度向股東派付末期股息。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情



EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. CHEUNG Shek On (張錫安), aged 57, is one of our controlling shareholders, an executive Director and the chief executive officer of our Group. He joined our Group since its establishment in 1985, and has been a director of Kingland Concrete Drilling Company Limited since 16 July 1985 (except for the periods from 16 August 1989 to 30 November 1989 and from 31 March 2005 to 30 June 2005). Mr. Cheung is responsible for the overall management and administration of our business operations. He is also a director of Platinum Faith Limited, Alpha Eastern Holdings Limited and Kingland (Sino) Company Limited. Mr. Cheung has more than 30 years of experience in the concrete demolition industry.

Mr. CHAN Yuk Sing (陳玉成), aged 60, is one of our controlling shareholders, a co-founder of our Group and an executive Director. He is responsible for the overall business development and financial and strategic planning of our Group. He is also a director of Kingland (Sino) Company Limited.

Mr. Chan has more than 30 years of experience in the concrete demolition industry. He co-founded our Group in 1985, and has been a director of Kingland Concrete Drilling Company Limited since 16 July 1985.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. KUAN Hong Kin Daniel (關匡建), aged 28, has joined our Group as a non-executive Director since August 2016. Mr. Kuan is responsible for providing legal advice on our Group's legal compliance matters.

Mr. Kuan was admitted as a barrister in Hong Kong in March 2014. He obtained from The Chinese University of Hong Kong a bachelor's degree in law in November 2012 and the Postgraduate Certificate in Laws in July 2013.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. CHAN Ngai Sang Kenny (陳毅生), aged 54, has joined our Group as an independent non-executive Director since November 2016. He is responsible for providing independent judgment on our strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct.

Mr. Chan has more than 25 years of experience in accounting, taxation, auditing and corporate finance. He is a partner and founder of Kenny Chan & Co., a Certified Public Accountant firm.

Mr. Chan obtained a bachelor's degree of commerce from The University of New South Wales in Australia. He has been a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since February 1992.

Mr. Chan is currently an independent non-executive director of CMIC Ocean En-Tech Holding Co., Limited (formerly known as TSC Group Holdings Limited) (stock code: 206), Minsheng Education Group Company Limited (stock code: 1569), Zhongyuan Bank Company Limited (stock code: 1216) and Hebei Construction Group Corporation Limited (stock code: 1727), all of which are listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr. Chan was an independent non-executive director of Combest Holdings Limited (stock code: 8190) from February 2002 to February 2018.

執行董事

張錫安先生，57歲，為我們的控股股東之一、本集團執行董事兼行政總裁。彼自本集團於一九八五年成立起加入，並於一九八五年七月十六日起於景聯混凝土鑽鑿有限公司擔任董事（除一九八九年八月十六日至一九八九年十一月三十日，以及二零零五年三月三十一日至二零零五年六月三十日期間外）。張先生負責業務營運的整體行政管理。彼亦為鉅輝有限公司、卓東控股有限公司及景聯（大中華）有限公司的董事。張先生於混凝土拆卸行業積逾30年經驗。

陳玉成先生，60歲，為我們的控股股東之一、本集團聯合創辦人兼執行董事。彼負責本集團整體業務發展以及財務及策略規劃。彼亦為景聯（大中華）有限公司的董事。

陳先生於混凝土拆卸行業積逾30年經驗。彼於一九八五年聯合創辦本集團，自一九八五年七月十六日起，一直擔任景聯混凝土鑽鑿有限公司的董事。

非執行董事

關匡建先生，28歲，自二零一六年八月加入本集團擔任非執行董事。關先生負責就本集團的法律合規事宜提供法律意見。

關先生於二零一四年三月起成為香港大律師。彼於二零一二年十一月獲香港中文大學的法律學士學位及於二零一三年七月獲授法學專業證書。

獨立非執行董事

陳毅生先生，54歲，自二零一六年十一月加入本集團擔任獨立非執行董事。彼負責就我們的策略、表現、資源及行為準則提供獨立判斷。

陳先生於會計、稅項、審計及企業財務行業擁有逾25年經驗。彼為陳毅生會計師事務所的合夥人兼創辦人。

陳先生在澳洲新南威爾士大學取得商業學士學位。彼自一九九二年二月起為香港會計師公會之會員。

陳先生現時為華商國際海洋能源科技控股有限公司（前稱為TSC集團控股有限公司）（股份代號：206）、民生教育集團有限公司（股份代號：1569）、中原銀行股份有限公司（股份代號：1216）及河北建設集團股份有限公司（股份代號：1727）的獨立非執行董事，以上公司均在聯交所上市。陳先生於二零零二年二月至二零一八年二月為康佰控股有限公司（股份代號：8190）的獨立非執行董事。



Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Mr. CHOW Chun To (鄒振濤), aged 35, has joined our Group as an independent non-executive Director since November 2016. He is responsible for providing independent judgment on our strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct.

Mr. Chow has more than 11 years of experience in accounting and auditing. He worked at PCP CPA Limited as an accountant III from June 2006 to June 2007. He then joined HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng (currently known as HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited) as an accountant I in June 2007 until December 2007. In February 2008, Mr. Chow joined Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as an associate and was promoted to a senior in October 2008 until he left the company in April 2011. Mr. Chow worked as a financial manager at Chiho-Tiande (HK) Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Chiho-Tiande Group Limited (stock code: 976), the issued shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange, between May 2011 and May 2013. He then worked as a financial controller at JC Group Holdings Limited (currently known as Tonking New Energy Group Holdings Limited) (stock code: 8326), the issued shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange, from May 2013 to September 2014. Mr. Chow worked as the financial controller at In Construction Holdings Limited (stock code: 1500), the issued shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange, between September 2014 and February 2017. He was an independent non-executive director of Geotech Holdings Ltd. (stock code: 1707) from September 2017 to January 2019. Mr. Chow is currently an independent non-executive director of AV Promotions Holdings Limited (stock code: 8419).

Mr. Chow obtained a bachelor of arts degree in accountancy from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in December 2006 and has been a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since July 2013.

Mr. YAM Chiu Fan Joseph (任超凡), aged 64, has joined our Group as an independent non-executive Director since November 2016. He is responsible for providing independent judgment on our strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct.

Mr. Yam has served the Hong Kong Police Force for over 32 years. He joined the Royal Hong Kong Police (currently known as the Hong Kong Police Force) as a probationary inspector in 1977. He was promoted to a senior inspector and a chief inspector in 1987 and November 1990, respectively. He was further promoted to a superintendent in June 2004. Mr. Yam has retired from the Hong Kong Police Force in December 2009 and subsequently joined Hong Yip Service Co. Ltd. as the head of security in June 2010. Mr. Yam also joined Prime Intelligence Solutions Group Limited as a director in November 2015. Prime Intelligence Solutions Group Limited is a solution provider of biometrics identification systems in Hong Kong, Macau and the PRC. Mr. Yam was an independent non-executive director of Cloud Investment Holdings Limited (stock code: 8129), the issued shares of which were listed on the Stock Exchange and were delisted since March 2019.

鄒振濤先生，35歲，自二零一六年十一月加入本集團擔任獨立非執行董事。彼負責就我們的策略、表現、資源及行為準則提供獨立判斷。

鄒先生於會計及審計行業擁有逾11年經驗。彼自二零零六年六月至二零零七年六月於華德匡成會計師事務所有限公司擔任會計師III；其後於二零零七年六月至二零零七年十二月於國衛會計師事務所（現稱為國衛會計師事務所有限公司）擔任會計師I。於二零零八年二月，鄒先生加入德勤•關黃陳方會計師行擔任助理核數師，於二零零八年十月獲晉升為高級核數師直至於二零一一年四月離職。鄒先生於二零一一年五月至二零一三年五月在齊合天地集團有限公司（股份代號：976）（其已發行股份在聯交所上市）之全資附屬公司齊合天地（香港）有限公司擔任財務經理。彼其後於二零一三年五月至二零一四年九月在JC Group Holdings Limited（現稱為同景新能源集團控股有限公司）（股份代號：8326）（其已發行股份在聯交所上市）擔任財務總監。鄒先生於二零一四年九月至二零一七年二月在現恆建築控股有限公司（股份代號：1500）（其已發行股份在聯交所上市）擔任財務總監。彼於二零一七年九月至二零一九年一月為致浩達控股有限公司（股份代號：1707）的獨立非執行董事。鄒先生現任AV策劃推廣（控股）有限公司（股份代號：8419）的獨立非執行董事。

鄒先生於二零零六年十二月在香港理工大學取得會計文學學士學位，及自二零一三年七月為香港會計師公會的會員。

任超凡先生，64歲，自二零一六年十一月加入本集團擔任獨立非執行董事。彼負責就我們的策略、表現、資源及行為準則提供獨立判斷。

任先生曾在香港警務處服務逾32年。彼於一九七七年以見習督察加入皇家香港警察（現稱為香港警務處）。彼分別於一九八七年及一九九零年十一月晉升為高級督察及總督察。彼於二零零四年六月更進一步獲擢升至警司。任先生於二零零九年十二月自香港警務處退休並其後於二零一零年六月加入康業服務有限公司擔任保安部主管。任先生於二零一五年十一月加入Prime Intelligence Solutions Group Limited，擔任董事。Prime Intelligence Solutions Group Limited為一家於香港、澳門及中國提供生物識別系統的解決方案供應商。任先生曾任雲信投資控股有限公司（股份代號：8129）（其已發行股份於聯交所上市並自二零一九年三月起撤銷上市）的獨立非執行董事。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情



Senior Management

Mr. MAK Banna (麥賓雅), aged 55, is the chief technical officer of our Group principally responsible for the overall operation of our concrete demolition business including tendering and work processing, quality control and work safety supervision. Mr. Mak first joined our Group in July 1996 as a project manager and was subsequently promoted to the current position in December 2012. Mr. Mak is also a director of Kingland (Sino) Company Limited and Kingland Concrete Drilling Company Limited.

Mr. Mak has over 30 years of experience in the construction industry. Prior to joining our Group, he was employed, among others, by (i) Hsin Chong Construction Co., Ltd. from July 1985 to May 1988 with his last position as a contract coordinator; and (ii) Sun Fook Kong Construction Limited after he resigned from Hsin Chong Construction Co., Ltd. and up to February 1995 with his last position as a senior project manager.

Mr. Mak obtained a diploma in Building Studies from the Technical Education and Industrial Training Department Hong Kong in July 1982. He received a higher diploma in Building Technology and Management and an associateship in Building Technology and Management from the Hong Kong Polytechnic (currently known as The Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in November 1984 and November 1985 respectively. He completed a course on Construction Safety conducted by the Industrial Safety Training Centre of the Labour Department, Hong Kong in November 1985. He also obtained a diploma in Construction Management from the Construction Industry Training Authority in October 1991. He completed the Lead Assessor Examination organised by BSI Quality Assurance in October 1992 and a master degree in Construction Management from the City University of Hong Kong in November 2001. He was awarded the certificate of Metal Scaffold Erecting and Dismantling Supervision Training Course from the Construction Industry Training Authority (currently known as the Construction Industry Training Board) in May 2004, and the certificate of an Introductory Course on Conservation of Built Heritage from the Construction Industry Council Training Academy in June 2008.

Mr. Mak has been a member of the Chartered Institute of Building since May 1995 and a member of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers since June 1995. He was registered as a Registered Professional Engineer in September 1998.

Mr. CHEN Yeung Tak (陳仰德), aged 34, has joined our Group as a financial controller and company secretary since March 2015. He is mainly responsible for our financial reporting, financial planning, treasury, financial control and company secretarial matters.

Mr. Chen has over 12 years of experience in auditing, accounting and financial management. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Chen was employed, among others, by (i) Fung, Yu & Co. CPA Limited from July 2006 to December 2010 with his last position as an assistant manager; (ii) Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as a senior auditor from January 2011 to October 2012; and (iii) PYI Corporation Limited (stock code: 0498), the issued shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, from February 2013 to February 2015 with his last position as an accounting manager. Mr. Chen is currently an independent non-executive director of AV Promotions Holdings Limited (stock code: 8419) and Gain Plus Holdings Limited (stock code: 8522).

高級管理層

麥賓雅先生，55歲，為本集團首席技術總監，主要負責混凝土拆卸業務的整體營運，包括投標及工程施工、質量控制及工程安全監督。麥先生於一九九六年七月首次加入本集團出任項目經理，其後於二零一二年十二月晉升至目前職位。麥先生亦為景聯(大中華)有限公司及景聯混凝土鑽鑿有限公司的董事。

麥先生於建造業積逾30年經驗。於加入本集團之前，彼曾(其中包括)(i)自一九八五年七月至一九八八年五月於新昌營造廠有限公司任職，最後職位為合約統籌；(ii)辭任新昌營造廠有限公司的職務後，彼於新福港營造有限公司任職至一九九五年二月，其最後職位為高級項目經理。

麥先生於一九八二年七月取得香港工業教育及訓練署的建造專業文憑。彼分別於一九八四年十一月及一九八五年十一月取得香港理工學院(現稱為香港理工大學)建造技術與管理高級文憑及建造技術與管理院士。彼於一九八五年十一月完成香港勞工處工業安全培訓中心開設的建造安全課程。彼亦於一九九一年十月取得建造業訓練局的建造管理文憑。彼於一九九二年十月完成英國標準協會品質保證組織的Lead Assessor Examination，並於二零零一年十一月取得香港城市大學建造管理碩士學位。彼分別於二零零四年五月及二零零八年六月獲建造業訓練局(現稱為建造業訓練委員會)頒授的金屬棚架安裝及拆卸督導訓練課程證書及獲建造業議會訓練學院頒授文物建築保養及維修入門課程證書。

麥先生自一九九五年五月起為英國皇家特許建造學會會員及自一九九五年六月起為香港工程師學會會員。彼亦自一九九八年九月註冊為註冊專業工程師。

陳仰德先生，34歲，自二零一五年三月起加入本集團擔任財務總監兼公司秘書。彼主要負責監督財務申報、財務規劃、庫務、財務控制及公司秘書事宜。

陳先生於核數、會計及財務管理擁有逾12年經驗。於加入本集團之前，陳先生曾於(其中包括)以下公司任職(i)由二零零六年七月至二零一零年十二月於馮兆林余錫光會計師事務所有限公司任職，而最後職位為助理經理；(ii)二零一一年一月至二零一二年十月於德勤•關黃陳方會計師行出任高級核數師；及(iii)由二零一三年二月至二零一五年二月於保華集團有限公司(股份代號：0498)(其已發行股份於聯交所主板上市)任職，而最後職位為會計經理。陳先生現任AV策劃推廣(控股)有限公司(股份代號：8419)及德益控股有限公司(股份代號：8522)的獨立非執行董事。



Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Mr. Chen obtained a bachelor's degree in Accountancy (Honours) from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in December 2006. Mr. Chen has been a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since January 2011.

Mr. YIP Wai Man (葉偉文), aged 49, has joined our Group as a sales manager since January 1995. Mr. Yip is principally responsible for the overall operation of our marketing and customer relationship activities, and procurement of plant and machinery.

Mr. Yip has over 25 years of experience in the construction industry. Prior to joining our Group, he was employed, among others, by (i) Chen Hsong Foundry Co., Ltd. from August 1990 to September 1990 as a summer engineer trainee; (ii) Coleman Engineering Co (Hong Kong) Ltd from October 1991 to July 1993 as a sales engineer; and (iii) Mason S. & E. Co. Ltd. from October 1994 to December 1995 as a sales executive.

Mr. Yip obtained a higher diploma in Mechanical Engineering from the Hong Kong Polytechnic (now known as The Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in November 1991. He was awarded the certificate of completion of Metal Scaffold Erecting and Dismantling Supervision Training Course by the Construction Industry Training Authority in May 2004. He has also obtained the Construction Industry Safety Training Certificate from the Construction Industry Council in May 2013 and the Certificate of Certified Worker from the Hong Kong Human Resources Ltd. in January 2014.

Ms. TSU Fung Ling (徐鳳玲), aged 52, first joined our Group as an administrative manager in April 1994 and left in January 2005. She has rejoined our Group as consultant from September 2014 to November 2014 and became the administrative manager of our Group since December 2014. Ms. Tsu is principally responsible for the overall administration of our business operations.

Prior to joining us, Ms. Tsu was employed, among others, by (i) Argos Engineering & Heavy Industries Co., Ltd. from April 1988 to March 1993 as a senior accounts clerk; and (ii) the Dynasty Club Limited from April 1993 to April 1994 as a supervisor.

Ms. Tsu obtained the certificates of Higher Accounting and Third Level Cost Accounting from the London Chamber of Commerce and Industry Examinations Board in 1986 and 1990 respectively.

Mr. TAI Cheuk Fung (戴卓峯), aged 36, is a Deputy General Foreman of our Group who mainly responsible for overall site operation. He joined our Group as a foreman since February 2012.

Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Tai was employed, among others, by Chong Shing Construction & Engineering Co., Ltd. as site foreman from August 2008 to February 2012. Mr. Tai obtained a diploma in Civil Engineering and a higher diploma in Civil Engineering from the Vocational Training Council in July 2003 and July 2010 respectively. He also completed a Construction Safety Supervisor Course held by the Construction Industry Training Authority (currently known as the Construction Industry Training Board) in July 2006.

陳先生於二零零六年十二月在香港理工大學取得會計學士學位(榮譽)。陳先生自二零一一年一月起為香港會計師公會的會員。

葉偉文先生，49歲，自一九九五年一月起加入本集團為銷售經理，主要負責宣傳及客戶關係活動的整體運營以及採購設備及機器。

葉先生於建造業積逾25年經驗。於加入本集團之前，彼曾於(其中包括)以下公司任職(i)由一九九零年八月至一九九零年九月於震雄鑄造有限公司出任暑期見習工程師；(ii)由一九九一年十月至一九九三年七月於Coleman Engineering Co (Hong Kong) Ltd出任銷售工程師；及(iii)由一九九四年十月至一九九五年十二月於美迅洋行有限公司出任銷售主任。

葉先生於一九九一年十一月取得香港理工學院(現稱為香港理工大學)機械工程高級文憑。彼於二零零四年五月獲建造業訓練局頒授完成金屬棚架安裝及拆卸督導訓練課程的證書。彼亦於二零一三年五月取得建造業議會的建造業安全訓練證書，並於二零一四年一月取得香港人力資源有限公司頒發的合格工人證書。

徐鳳玲女士，52歲，一九九四年四月首次加入本集團擔任行政經理，並於二零零五年一月離任。於二零一四年九月至二零一四年十一月，彼再加入本集團擔任顧問，並自二零一四年十二月起擔任本集團之行政經理。徐女士主要負責業務營運的整體行政工作。

於加入本集團之前，徐女士曾於(其中包括)以下公司任職(i)由一九八八年四月至一九九三年三月於中華重工業有限公司出任高級會計文員；及(ii)由一九九三年四月至一九九四年四月於皇朝會所有限公司出任主管。

徐女士分別於一九八六年及一九九零年於倫敦工商會考試局(London Chamber of Commerce and Industry Examinations Board)取得高級會計及三級成本會計證書。

戴卓峯先生，36歲，為本集團副總管工，主要負責整體現場施工。彼自二零一二年二月起加入本集團擔任管工。

於加入本集團之前，戴先生曾於(其中包括)二零零八年八月至二零一二年二月於Chong Shing Construction & Engineering Co., Ltd.出任地盤管工。戴先生分別於二零零三年七月及二零一零年七月取得職業訓練局的土木工程文憑及土木工程高級文憑。彼亦於二零零六年七月完成建造業訓練局(現稱為建造業訓練委員會)舉辦的建造業安全督導員課程。



The Board is pleased to present hereby the corporate governance report of the Company for the Financial Year 2018.

The Directors and the management of the Group recognise the importance of sound corporate governance to the long term and continuing success of the Group. Therefore, the Board is committed to upholding good corporate standards and procedures for the best interest of the Shareholders.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The CG Codes set out the principles of good corporate governance, code provisions and recommended best practices. Issuers are expected to comply with the code provisions or devise their own code on corporate governance on the terms they consider appropriate provided that considered reasons are given. Throughout the Financial Year 2018, the Company had complied with the applicable code provisions of the CG Codes with the exception of the deviation from code provision A.2.1 and A.6.7 as explained below:

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Codes requires that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and not performed by the same individual. In view that Mr. Cheung Shek On has been operating and managing our Group since our establishment in 1985, our Board believes that it is in the best interest of our Group to have Mr. Cheung taking up both roles for effective management and business development. Accordingly, our Company has not segregated the roles of its chairman and chief executive officer as required by code provision A.2.1 of the CG Codes. Code provision A.6.7 of the CG Codes requires that independent non-executive directors and other nonexecutive directors should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Mr. Kuan Hong Kin Daniel (a non-executive Director) did not attend the general meetings held during the Financial Year 2018 because he had other commitment on the dates of the general meetings. Mr. Yam Chiu Fan Joseph (an independent non-executive Director) did not attend the annual general meeting held during the Financial Year 2018 because he had other commitment on the date of the annual general meeting. Except for code provision A.2.1 and A.6.7 of the CG Codes, our Company's corporate governance practices have complied with the CG Codes during the Financial Year 2018.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The key responsibilities of the Board include formulation of the Group's overall strategies, the setting of management targets and supervision of management performance. The management is delegated with the authority and responsibility by the Board for the management and administration of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the board committees of the Company (the "Board Committees"). Further details of the Board Committees are set out in this report.

董事會欣然呈報本公司於二零一八年財政年度的企業管治報告。

董事及本集團管理層深明良好的企業管治對本集團長遠持續成功的重要性。因此，董事會致力於維持健全的企業標準及程序，以符合股東的最佳權益。

符合企業管治守則

企業管治守則載列良好企業管治的原則、守則條文及建議最佳常規。發行人須遵守守則條文或在企業管治上按彼等認為合適的條款設立其自身的守則，惟須作出合理解析。於二零一八年財政年度內，本公司一直遵守企業管治守則的適用守則條文，惟不包括下文所述偏離守則條文第A.2.1及A.6.7條：

企業管治守則的守則條文第A.2.1條規定，主席及行政總裁的職責應予區分，且不應由同一人士擔任。鑑於張錫安先生自本集團於一九八五年成立起一直經營及管理本集團，董事會相信張先生擔任該兩個職位可以實現有效管理及業務發展，符合本集團的最佳利益。因此，本公司並無按照企業管治守則的守則條文第A.2.1條將主席及行政總裁角色區分。企業管治守則的守則條文第A.6.7條規定獨立非執行董事及其他非執行董事應出席股東大會及對股東之意見有公正之了解。關匡建先生（一名非執行董事）並未出席於二零一八年財政年度舉行的股東大會，因為其於股東大會當日有其他工作。任超凡先生（一名獨立非執行董事）並未出席於二零一八年財政年度舉行的股東週年大會，因為其於股東週年大會當日有其他工作。除企業管治守則的守則條文第A.2.1及A.6.7條外，於二零一八年財政年度內，本公司的企業管治常規已符合企業管治守則。

董事會

董事會的主要職責包括制訂本集團的整體策略、訂立管理目標，以及監察管理層的表現。管理層獲董事會轉授有關本集團管理及行政的授權及責任。此外，董事會亦已將各職責轉授予本公司董事委員會（「董事委員會」）。有關董事委員會的進一步詳情載於本報告。



Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Composition of the Board

Up to the date of this report, the Board comprises six Directors, including two executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three INEDs. In particular, the composition of the Board is set out as follow:

Executive Directors

Mr. Cheung Shek On (*Chief Executive Officer, Chairman of the Board and Compliance Officer*)
Mr. Chan Yuk Sing

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Kuan Hong Kin Daniel

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny
Mr. Chow Chun To
Mr. Yam Chiu Fan Joseph

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

In compliance with rules 5.05(1), 5.05(2) and 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules and rules 3.10(1), 3.10(2) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules, the Board consisted of three INEDs during the Financial Year 2018, with at least one INED possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. During the Financial Year 2018 and as of the date of this report, the number of INEDs represents more than one-third of the Board as required under the GEM Listing Rules and the Listing Rules. As such, there is a strong independent element in the Board to provide independent judgement.

FUNCTIONS OF THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

The Board supervises the management of the business and affairs of the Company and ensures that it is managed in the best interests of the Shareholders as a whole while taking into account the interest of other stakeholders. The Board is primarily responsible for formulating the business strategy, reviewing and monitoring the business performance of the Group, approving the financial statements and annual budgets as well as directing and supervising the management of the Company. Execution of operational matters and the powers thereof are delegated to the management by the Board with clear directions. The Board is regularly provided with management update report to give a balanced and understandable assessment of the performance, position, recent development and prospect of the Group in sufficient details.

The Board has reviewed and discussed the corporate governance policy of the Group and is satisfied with the effectiveness of the corporate governance policy.

With the various experience of both the executive Directors and the INEDs and in view of the nature of the Group's business, the Board considered that the Directors have a balance of skills and experience for the business of the Group.

董事會組成

截至本報告日期，董事會包括六名董事，包括兩名執行董事，一名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。董事會的組成詳情載列如下：

執行董事

張錫安先生 (*行政總裁、董事會主席及監察主任*)
陳玉成先生

非執行董事

關匡建先生

獨立非執行董事

陳毅生先生
鄒振濤先生
任超凡先生

獨立非執行董事

按照GEM上市規則第5.05(1)、5.02(2)及5.05A條及上市規則第3.10(1)、3.10(2)及3.10A條，於二零一八年財政年度內，董事會包括三名獨立非執行董事，至少一名獨立非執行董事擁有適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。如GEM上市規則及上市規則所規定，於二零一八年財政年度內及於本報告日期，獨立非執行董事人數佔董事會人數三分之一以上。因此，董事會具備強大的獨立元素，可提供獨立的判斷。

董事會及管理層職能

董事會監督本公司業務及事務之管理，並確保其以符合股東整體最佳利益，並顧及其他權益持有人利益之方式管理。董事會主要負責制定業務策略、檢討及監察本集團之業務表現、批准財務報表及年度預算，以及指導和監督本公司之管理。董事會向管理層授權，並設有清晰指引，以執行營運事宜及相關權力。董事會定期獲提供管理更新報告，以對本集團之表現、狀況、近期發展及前景作出公平及易於理解之充分評估。

董事會已審閱本集團的企業管治政策以及就此進行討論，彼等對企業管治政策的有效性感到滿意。

憑藉執行董事及獨立非執行董事涉獵甚廣之經驗且鑑於本集團之業務性質，董事會認為，董事具備平衡之技術與經驗，有助本集團業務發展。



TERMS OF APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The non-executive Director, namely Mr. Kuan Hong Kin Daniel, has entered into letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 22 November 2016, which may be terminated earlier by no less than one month written notice served by either party on the other.

The Company has signed a letter of appointment with each of the INEDs. The commencement date of each of the letter of appointment is 22 November 2016 for a term of three years, which may be terminated earlier by no less than one month written notice served by either party on the other.

Pursuant to article 108(a) of the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles"), one-third of the Directors shall retire from office by rotation at each annual general meeting and every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every 3 years. However, a retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

Specific enquiry has been made by the Company to each of the INEDs to confirm their independence pursuant to rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company has received positive confirmations from all three INEDs. Based on the confirmations received, the Company considers all the INEDs to be independent under the GEM Listing Rules and the Listing Rules.

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN THE BOARD

Mr. Cheung Shek On and Mr. Chan Yuk Sing are the executive Directors and the controlling shareholders with the meaning ascribed thereto under the GEM Listing Rules and the Listing Rules. The biographical details of each of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" of this report.

BOARD AND GENERAL MEETINGS

The Board meets regularly to discuss the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of our Group. Directors may participate either in person or through electronic means of communications.

董事的委任年期及重選

非執行董事關匡建先生已與本公司訂立一份自二零一六年十一月二十二日起為期三年的委任函，並可由任何一方向另一方發出不少於一個月的書面通知提早終止。

本公司已與各獨立非執行董事訂立委任函。各份委任函自二零一六年十一月二十二日起為期三年，並可由任何一方向另一方發出不少於一個月的書面通知提早終止。

根據本公司組織章程細則（「細則」）第108(a)條，三分之一董事將於本公司每屆股東週年大會上輪席退任，及每位董事須最少每3年輪席退任一次。惟退任董事將合資格膺選連任。

根據GEM上市規則第5.09條及上市規則第3.13條，本公司已向各獨立非執行董事作出具體查詢，以確認彼等的獨立性。本公司已接獲全部三名獨立非執行董事的正面確認。根據所獲確認，本公司認為，根據GEM上市規則及上市規則，全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

董事會成員之間的關係

張錫安先生及陳玉成先生為執行董事及控股股東（具有GEM上市規則及上市規則所賦予之涵義）。各董事之履歷詳情載於本報告「董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情」一節。

董事會及股東大會

董事會定期會面以討論本集團的整體策略以及營運及財務表現。董事可親身或透過電子通訊的方式參加會議。



Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

During the Financial Year 2018, the Board had held three meetings, one annual general meeting and one extraordinary general meeting. The attendance of the respective Directors at the Board meetings and general meetings are set out below:

於二零一八年財政年度內，董事會已舉行三次會議、一次股東週年大會及一次股東特別大會。各董事出席董事會會議及股東大會的情況載列如下：

| | | Attendance/ Numbers of Board meetings during the Financial Year 2018 於二零一八年 財政年度內 出席會議次數/ 董事會會議次數 | Attendance/ Numbers of general meeting during the Financial Year 2018 於二零一八年 財政年度內 出席會議次數/ 股東大會次數 |
|--|----------------|--|--|
| Executive Directors | 執行董事 | | |
| Mr. Cheung Shek On (<i>Chairman</i>) | 張錫安先生 (主席) | 3/3 | 2/2 |
| Mr. Chan Yuk Sing | 陳玉成先生 | 3/3 | 2/2 |
| Non-Executive Director | 非執行董事 | | |
| Mr. Kuan Hong Kin Daniel | 關匡建先生 | 3/3 | 0/2 |
| Independent Non-Executive Directors | 獨立非執行董事 | | |
| Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny | 陳毅生先生 | 3/3 | 2/2 |
| Mr. Chow Chun To | 鄒振濤先生 | 3/3 | 2/2 |
| Mr. Yam Chiu Fan Joseph | 任超凡先生 | 3/3 | 1/2 |

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules and the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors in respect of the shares of the Company (the "Code of Conduct"). After specific enquiries by the Company, all Directors have confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standard of dealings set out in the Code of Conduct during the Financial Year 2018.

董事進行證券交易的操守守則

本公司已採納GEM上市規則第5.48至5.67條所載的規定買賣準則及上市規則附錄十所載的標準守則作為董事就本公司股份進行證券交易的操守守則(「操守守則」)。經本公司作出特定查詢，全體董事已確認，彼等於二零一八年財政年度內一直全面遵守操守守則所載的規定買賣準則。

DIRECTORS' CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

The Group acknowledges the importance of adequate and ample continuing professional development for the Directors for a sound and effective internal control system and corporate governance. In this regard, the Group has always encouraged our Directors to attend relevant training courses to receive the latest news and knowledge regarding corporate governance.

董事的持續專業發展計劃

本集團肯定董事獲得足夠及充份持續專業發展對健全而行之有效的內部監控系統及企業管治的重要性。為此，本集團一直鼓勵董事出席有關培訓課程，以獲取有關企業管治的最新消息及知識。

During the Financial Year 2018, each Director had participated in continuous professional development by attending seminars/workshops or by reading materials to update and refresh his skill and knowledge necessary for the performance of his duty. All Directors have also provided the Company a record of the training they received. The Company will, if necessary, provide timely and regular trainings to the Directors to ensure that they keep abreast with the current requirements under the Listing Rules.

於二零一八年財政年度，各董事已透過出席講座／研討會或閱讀參與持續專業發展，以更新及補充履行其職責所需的技能及知識。全體董事亦向本公司提交有關所獲培訓的記錄。本公司將按需要為董事提供適時及正規培訓，以確保彼等緊跟上市規則的現行規定。



BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established a number of functional committees in compliance with the relevant GEM Listing Rules and the Listing Rules and to assist the Board to discharge its duties. Currently, three committees have been established, i.e. the Audit Committee, the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") and the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee"). The functions and responsibilities of these committees have been set out in the relevant terms of reference which are of no less stringent than that stated in the CG Codes. The relevant terms of reference of each of the three committees can be found on the Company's website (www.kinglandgroup.com.hk). All committees have been provided with sufficient resources and support from the Group to discharge their duties.

Audit Committee

We have established the Audit Committee pursuant to a resolution of our Directors passed on 22 November 2016 and with the written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Codes. The primary duties of our Audit Committee are, among other things, (i) to make recommendations to our Board on the appointment and removal of external auditors; (ii) to review the financial statements and material advice in respect of financial reporting process of our Group; (iii) to oversee the internal control systems of our Group; and (iv) to oversee the corporate governance procedures and practices. The Audit Committee currently consists of all three INEDs, namely Mr. Chow Chun To, Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny and Mr. Yam Chiu Fan Joseph. Mr. Chow Chun To who has the appropriate accounting and financial related management expertise, is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

During the Financial Year 2018, the Audit Committee had reviewed the Group's unaudited quarterly results for the three months ended 31 March 2018 and the unaudited interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2018 and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters. The Audit Committee had also reviewed this report, and confirmed that this report complies with the applicable standard, the GEM Listing Rules, the Listing Rules, and other applicable legal requirements and that adequate disclosures have been made. There is no disagreement between the Directors and the Audit Committee regarding the selection and appointment of the external auditors.

Save as disclosed in this report, the Board is of the view that the Audit Committee has properly discharged its duties and responsibilities during the Financial Year 2018 and up to the date of this report.

During the Financial Year 2018, the Audit Committee had held three meetings. The attendance records of the members of the Audit Committee during the Financial Year 2018 are summarised below:

| | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|
| Mr. Chow Chun To (<i>Chairman</i>) | 鄒振濤先生 (<i>主席</i>) | 3/3 |
| Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny | 陳毅生先生 | 3/3 |
| Mr. Yam Chiu Fan Joseph | 任超凡先生 | 3/3 |

董事委員會

董事會已根據相關GEM上市規則及上市規則設立若干職能委員會，以協助董事會履行職責。目前，已設立三個委員會，即審核委員會、提名委員會（「提名委員會」）及薪酬委員會（「薪酬委員會」）。該等委員會的職能及職責載於相關職權範圍內，其嚴格程度不遜於企業管治守則所列者。三個委員會各自的相關職權範圍可於本公司網站www.kinglandgroup.com.hk查閱。本集團已向所有委員會提供充足資源及支援，以履行委員會職責。

審核委員會

我們已根據於二零一六年十一月二十二日通過的董事決議案成立審核委員會，並參考企業管治守則訂明書面職權範圍。審核委員會的主要職責為（其中包括）(i)就外部核數師的任命及罷免向董事會提供推薦意見；(ii)審閱本集團財務報表及有關財務申報流程的重要意見；(iii)監督本集團的內部監控系統；及(iv)監督企業管治措施及實踐。審核委員會現包括全部三名獨立非執行董事，即鄒振濤先生、陳毅生先生及任超凡先生。鄒振濤先生為審核委員會主席，彼擁有適當的會計與財務相關管理專業知識。

於二零一八年財政年度內，審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零一八年三月三十一日止三個月的未經審核季度業績及截至二零一八年六月三十日止六個月的未經審核中期業績並討論內部控制及財務報告事宜。審核委員會亦已審閱本報告，並確認本報告遵守所有適用準則、GEM上市規則、上市規則及其他適用法律規定並已作出充分披露。董事與審核委員會對挑選及委任外聘核數師並無分歧。

除本報告所披露者外，董事會認為，於二零一八年財政年度內及截至本報告日期止，審核委員會已妥善履行其職務及職責。

於二零一八年財政年度內，審核委員會已舉行三次會議。審核委員會成員於二零一八年財政年度內之出席記錄概述如下：

Attendance/Numbers of meetings during the Financial Year 2018 於二零一八年財政年度內 出席會議次數／會議次數

| | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|
| Mr. Chow Chun To (<i>Chairman</i>) | 鄒振濤先生 (<i>主席</i>) | 3/3 |
| Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny | 陳毅生先生 | 3/3 |
| Mr. Yam Chiu Fan Joseph | 任超凡先生 | 3/3 |



Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Remuneration Committee

We have established the Remuneration Committee pursuant to a resolution of our Directors passed on 22 November 2016 and with the written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Codes. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are, among other things, (i) to review and make recommendations to our Board on the overall remuneration policy and structure relating to all Directors and senior management of our Group; (ii) to review and approve other remuneration-related matters, including benefits-in-kind and other compensation payable to our Directors and senior management; and (iii) to review and approve performance-based remuneration and to establish a formal and transparent procedure for developing policy in relation to remuneration. The Remuneration Committee currently consists of an executive Director, namely Mr. Cheung Shek On, and two INEDs, namely Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny and Mr. Chow Chun To. Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee. The Remuneration Committee has reviewed the remuneration packages and emoluments of Directors and senior management and considered that they are fair and reasonable during the Financial Year 2018.

Save as disclosed in this report, the Board is of the view that the Remuneration Committee has properly discharged its duties and responsibilities during the Financial Year 2018 and up to the date of this report.

During the Financial Year 2018, the Remuneration Committee had held two meetings. The attendance records of the members of the Remuneration Committee are summarised below:

| | |
|--|---------------------|
| Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny (<i>Chairman</i>) | 陳毅生先生 (<i>主席</i>) |
| Mr. Cheung Shek On | 張錫安先生 |
| Mr. Chow Chun To | 鄒振濤先生 |

Remuneration of directors and senior management

Our Directors and senior management receive compensation in the form of salaries, allowances, bonuses and other benefits-in-kind, including our contribution to the pension scheme. The Remuneration Committee determines the salaries of our Directors based on each Director's qualification, position and seniority.

薪酬委員會

我們已根據於二零一六年十一月二十二日通過的董事決議案成立薪酬委員會，並參考企業管治守則訂明書面職權範圍。薪酬委員會的主要職責為(其中包括)(i)審閱與本集團全體董事及高級管理層有關的整體薪酬政策及架構，並就此向董事會提供推薦意見；(ii)審閱並批准其他薪酬相關事宜，包括應付我們董事及高級管理層的實物福利及其他薪酬；及(iii)審閱並批准績效薪酬並就制定薪酬相關政策擬定正式透明的流程。薪酬委員會現由一名執行董事(即張錫安先生)及兩名獨立非執行董事(即陳毅生先生及鄒振濤先生)組成。陳毅生先生為薪酬委員會主席。於二零一八年財政年度內，薪酬委員會已審閱董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇及酬金，並認為該等薪酬待遇及酬金屬公平合理。

除本報告所披露者外，董事會認為，於二零一八年財政年度內及截至本報告日期止，薪酬委員會已妥善履行其職務及職責。

於二零一八年財政年度內，薪酬委員會已舉行兩次會議。薪酬委員會成員之出席記錄概述如下：

**Attendance/Numbers of meetings
during the Financial Year 2018
於二零一八年財政年度內
出席會議次數／會議次數**

| |
|-----|
| 2/2 |
| 2/2 |
| 2/2 |

董事及高級管理層酬金

董事及高級管理層以薪金、津貼、花紅及其他實物利益(包括我們向退休金計劃作出的供款)形式收取酬金。薪酬委員會根據各董事的資歷、職位及年資釐定彼等的薪金。



Nomination Committee

We have established the Nomination Committee pursuant to a resolution of our Directors passed on 22 November 2016 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Codes. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are, among other things, (i) to review the structure, size and composition of our Board on a regular basis; (ii) to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and to select or make recommendations to our Board on the selection of individuals for nomination of directorships of the Company; (iii) to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and (iv) to make recommendations to our Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors. The Nomination Committee currently consists of one executive Director, namely Mr. Cheung Shek On, and two INEDs, namely Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny and Mr. Chow Chun To. Mr. Cheung Shek On is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

During the Financial Year 2018, the Nomination Committee had held one meeting. The attendance records of the members of the Nomination Committee are summarised below:

提名委員會

我們根據於二零一六年十一月二十二日通過的董事決議案成立提名委員會，並參考企業管治守則訂明書面職權範圍。提名委員會的主要職責為(其中包括)(i)定期檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成；(ii)物色合資格成為董事會成員之人士，並挑選或推薦獲提名候任董事之人士加入本公司董事會；(iii)評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性；及(iv)就有關委任或重新委任董事之相關事宜向董事會提供建議。提名委員會目前由一名執行董事(即張錫安先生)及兩名獨立非執行董事(即陳毅生先生及鄒振濤先生)組成。張錫安先生為提名委員會主席。

於二零一八年財政年度內，提名委員會已舉行一次會議。提名委員會成員之出席記錄概述如下：

**Attendance/
Numbers of meetings during
the Financial Year 2018**
於二零一八年財政年度內
出席會議次數／會議次數

| | | |
|--|---------------------|-----|
| Mr. Cheung Shek On (<i>Chairman</i>) | 張錫安先生 (<i>主席</i>) | 1/1 |
| Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny | 陳毅生先生 | 1/1 |
| Mr. Chow Chun To | 鄒振濤先生 | 1/1 |

The Company has adopted a nomination policy (the "Nomination Policy") which sets out the nomination procedures for selecting candidates for election as Directors. Such policy is adopted by the Board and managed by the Nomination Committee.

本公司已採納提名政策(「提名政策」)，其中載列甄選候選人以選舉為董事的提名程序。有關政策由董事會採納並由提名委員會管理。

The Nomination Committee may put forward candidates who are not nominated by Board members. The factors which would be used as reference by the Nomination Committee in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate for Director include, inter alia, character and integrity, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy, willingness to devote adequate time to discharge duties as Board member and other directorships and significant commitments, diversity of the Board, and such other perspectives appropriate to the Company's business. The Nomination Committee shall make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval.

提名委員會可提名並非由董事會成員提名的候選人。提名委員會於評估建議董事候選人的適合性時，用作參考的因素包括(其中包括)品格與誠信、專業資格、技能、與本公司業務及公司策略相關的知識及經驗、願意投入充足時間履行作為董事會成員及其他董事的職責及重大承擔、董事會成員多元化以及對本公司業務而言屬適當的有關其他因素。提名委員會須作出推薦建議供董事會考慮及批准。



Corporate Governance Report

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BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy which sets out the approach to achieve a sustainable and balanced development of the Company and also to enhance the quality of performance of the Company. In designing the Board's composition, Board diversity has been considered from a number of perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, industry experience, technical and professional skills and/or qualifications, knowledge, length of services and time to be devoted as a director. The Company will also take into account factors relating to its own business model and specific needs from time to time. The ultimate decision is based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

All Directors acknowledge their responsibility to prepare the Group's consolidated financial statements for the Financial Year 2018 to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flows for that year. The Directors continue to adopt the going concern approach in preparing the consolidated financial statements and are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The responsibilities of the external auditors about their financial reporting are set out in the independent auditors' report attached to the Company's financial statements for the Financial Year 2018 set out in this report.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the Financial Year 2018, the Group engaged HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited ("HLB") as the Group's external auditors to conduct audit of the financial results of the Group for the Financial Year 2018 with the remuneration payable of HK\$720,000. Non-audit services in relation to the transfer of listing amounting to HK\$280,000 had been provided by HLB to the Group during the Financial Year 2018.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is responsible for the establishment, maintenance and review of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. The Board must ensure that the Company establishes and maintains effective risk management and internal control systems to meet the objectives and safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and the assets of the Company.

The Board oversees the Group's overall risk management and internal control systems on an ongoing basis. At the same time, the Group endeavors to identify risks, control impact of the identified risks and facilitate implementation of coordinated mitigating measures. The risk management and internal control systems are compatible with the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) – Integrated Framework 2013 principles. They are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failures in order to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

董事會多元化政策

董事會已採納董事會多元化的政策，其中載列實現本公司可持續平衡發展及加強本公司表現質量的方法、對董事會成員的甄選一直從多個方面考慮董事會的多樣性，包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化和教育背景、行業經驗、技術及專業技能及／或資格、知識及可服務於董事一職的年限。本公司亦將考慮有關自身商業模式及不時的特殊需求等因素。最終決定乃基於候選人將帶給董事會的裨益及貢獻。

董事及核數師就綜合財務報表須負的責任

全體董事確認其編製本集團於二零一八年財政年度之綜合財務報表的責任，以真實及公平反映該年度內本集團的事務狀況以及業績及現金流量。董事採納持續經營方式編製綜合財務報表，且並不知悉與可能對本公司是否有能力持續經營具有重大疑問的事件或狀況有關的任何重大不確定因素。外聘核數師有關財務申報的責任載於本報告內本公司於二零一八年財政年度的財務報表所附帶獨立核數師報告。

核數師薪酬

於二零一八年財政年度內，本集團委聘國衛會計師事務所有限公司（「國衛會計師事務所」）為本集團的外聘核數師，以審核本集團於二零一八年財政年度的財務業績，應付薪酬為720,000港元。於二零一八年財政年度內，國衛會計師事務所已向本集團提供有關轉板上市的非審核服務達280,000港元。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責建立、維護及審查本集團的風險管理及內部監控制度。董事會須確保本公司建立及維持有效風險管理及內部監控制度，以達致目標並保障股東利益及本公司資產。

董事會持續監察本集團的整體風險管理及內部監控系統。同時，本集團致力識別風險、控制所別識風險之影響及促進實施協調的紓緩措施。風險管理及內部監控系統符合 Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) – Integrated Framework 2013《綜合框架(2013年)》原則。有關原則有助管理(而非消除)未能達到業務目標的風險，為不會有重大的失實陳述或損失作出合理(而非絕對)的保證。



The Group has established a risk management policy which sets out the process of identification, evaluation and management of the principal risks affecting the business.

1. Each division is responsible for identifying and assessing principal risks within its divisions on a quarterly basis and establishing mitigation plans to manage the risks identified.
2. The management is responsible for overseeing the Group's risk management and internal control activities, attending quarterly meetings with each division to ensure principal risks are properly managed, and new or changing risks are identified and documented.
3. The Board is responsible for reviewing and approving the effectiveness and adequacy of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The risk management framework, coupled with our internal controls, ensures the risk associated with our different business units are effectively controlled in line with the Group's risk appetite.

The Group does not have an internal audit department. The Group, yet has conducted an annual review on whether there is a need for an internal audit department. Given the Group's relatively simple corporate and operation structure, as opposed to diverting resources to establish a separate internal audit department, the Board, as supported by the Audit Committee, is directly responsible for risk management and internal control systems of the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness.

The Group engaged an external consultant, CT Partners Consultants Limited, for internal control to conduct review on the internal control system of the Group during the Financial Year 2018. The review covers certain procedures on the provision of concrete demolition services in Hong Kong and Macau, and makes recommendations for improving and strengthening the internal control system. No significant area of concern that may affect the financial, operational, compliance, control and risk management of the Group has been identified.

The Group's risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board has the overall responsibility to maintain the adequacies of resources, staff qualifications and experience training programs and budget of accounting and financial reporting function and the Board concluded that the Group's risk management and internal control systems were in place and effective.

With respect to the monitoring and disclosure of inside information, the Group has adopted a policy on disclosure of inside information with the aim to ensure the insiders are abiding by the confidentiality requirement and are fulfilling the disclosure obligation of the inside information.

本集團已制訂風險管理政策，當中載有對影響業務的主要風險之識別、評估及管理過程。

1. 各部門負責於每個季度識別及評估其部門的主要風險，並設定舒緩方案以管理所識別之風險。
2. 管理層負責監察本集團的風險管理及內部監控措施、與各部門召開季度會議以確保適當管理主要風險並識別及記錄全新或變化風險。
3. 董事會負責審閱及認證本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性及其合適性。

風險管理框架連同內部監控確保不同業務附帶之風險根據本集團之風險承受能力得以有效控制。

本集團並無內部審計部門。本集團已就其是否需要內部審計部門進行年度審閱。鑑於本集團的公司及營運架構相對簡單，並反對轉移資源設立個別的內部審計部門，董事會在審核委員會的協助下直接負責本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統，並審閱其有效性。

本集團就內部監控委聘外聘顧問CT Partners Consultants Limited以就本集團於二零一八年財政年度內的內部監控系統進行審閱。有關審閱覆蓋有香港及澳門提供混凝土拆卸服務的若干程序，亦就改善及加強內部監控系統作出建議。概無識別任何對本集團財務、營運、合規性、監控及風險管理造成影響之重大問題。

本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統用作管理（而非消除）未能達到業務目標的風險，為不會有重大的失實陳述或損失作出合理（而非絕對）的保證。董事會全面負責對維持資源、員工資格及經驗訓練課程以及會計及財務報告預算的充足性，董事會認為本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統到位有效。

有關監察及披露內幕消息方面，本集團已採納披露內幕消息政策，以確保內部人員遵守保密規定，履行內幕消息的披露義務。



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DISCLOSURE OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Group complies with requirements of Securities & Futures Ordinance (“SFO”), the GEM Listing Rules and the Listing Rules. The Group discloses inside information to the public as soon as reasonably practicable unless the information falls within any of the Safe Harbours as provided in the SFO. Before the information is fully disclosed to the public, the Group ensures the information is kept strictly confidential. If the Group believes that the necessary degree of confidentiality cannot be maintained or that confidentiality may have been breached, the Group would immediately disclose the information to the public. The Group is committed to ensure that information contained in announcements are not false or misleading as to a material fact, or false or misleading through the omission of a material fact in view of presenting information in a clear and balanced way, which requires equal disclosure of both positive and negative facts.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chen Yeung Tak (“Mr. Chen”) was appointed by the Board as the company secretary of the Company (“Company Secretary”) since November 2016. The biographical details of Mr. Chen are set out under the section headed “Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management”. The primary duties of the Company Secretary include, but are not limited to, the following: (i) to ensure the Board procedures are followed and that the activities of the Board are carried out efficiently and effectively; (ii) to assist the chairman to prepare agendas and Board papers for meetings and disseminate such documents to the Directors and Board committees in a timely manner; (iii) to timely disseminate announcements and information relating to the Group; and (iv) to maintain formal minutes of the Board meetings and other Board Committees meetings. During the Financial Year 2018, the Company Secretary had confirmed that he had taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in accordance with Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules and Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

SHAREHOLDERS’ RIGHTS

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the Shareholders and the Board. An annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in each year and at the place as may be determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, shall be called an extraordinary general meeting (“EGM”).

Procedures and right for shareholders to convene EGM

The following procedures for Shareholders to convene an EGM are subject to the Articles (as amended from time to time), and the applicable legislation and regulation, in particular the GEM Listing Rules and the Listing Rules (as amended from time to time):

- (a) Pursuant to article 64 of the Articles, any one or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company (the “Eligible Shareholder(s)”) carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition;

披露內幕消息

本集團符合證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)、GEM上市規則及上市規則的規定。除非有關消息屬於證券及期貨條例下任何「安全港」的範圍內，本集團在合理切實可行情況下盡快向公眾披露內幕消息。於向公眾充分披露消息前，本集團確保信息嚴格保密。如本集團相信不能維持必要的保密程度或可能違反保密措施，本集團須即時向公眾披露消息。本集團致力確保公告所載資料對於重大事實並無虛假或誤導成分，或鑑以清晰平衡的方式呈現消息(須平等披露正反兩面的事實)，不因遺漏重大事實而具虛假或誤導成分。

公司秘書

陳仰德先生(「陳先生」)於二零一六年十一月起獲董事會委任為本公司之公司秘書(「公司秘書」)。陳先生之履歷詳情載於「董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情」一節。公司秘書的主要職責包括(但不限於)以下各項：(i) 確保遵守董事會程序以及高效及有效地開展董事會的活動；(ii) 協助主席編製議程及董事會會議文件並及時向董事及董事委員會派發有關文件；(iii) 及時發佈公告及有關本集團的資料；及(iv) 保存董事會會議及其他董事委員會會議的正式紀要。於二零一八年財政年度內，公司秘書確認，彼已遵照GEM上市規則第5.15條及上市規則第3.29條接受不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

股東權利

本公司股東大會為股東與董事會提供交流機會。本公司每年於董事會可能釐定之地點舉行股東週年大會。除股東週年大會外，各股東大會均稱為股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」)。

股東召開股東特別大會之程序及權利

下列供股東召開股東特別大會的程序須受限於細則(經不時修訂)以及適用法律及規例(特別是GEM上市規則及上市規則(經不時修訂))：

- (a) 根據細則第64條，任何一名或多名於遞呈要求之日期持有不少於附帶於本公司股東大會表決權之本公司繳足股本十分之一之股東(「合資格股東」)，於任何時候均有權透過向董事會或公司秘書發出書面要求，要求董事會召開股東特別大會，以處理有關要求中指明之任何事項；且該大會應於遞呈該要求後兩個月內舉行；



- (b) The written requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, signed by the Eligible Shareholder(s) and deposit it to the Board or the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business at Flat B, G/F, Fu Hop Factory Building, 209 and 211 Wai Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong, and such may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists;
- (c) The requisition must state clearly the name of the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned, his/her/their shareholding, the reason(s) to convene an EGM and the details of the business(es) proposed to be transacted in the EGM, and must be signed by the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned together with a deposit of a sum of money reasonable sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in serving the notice of the resolution and circulating the statement submitted by the shareholders concerned in accordance with the statutory requirements to all the registered shareholders;
- (d) The requisition will be verified with Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office of the Company and upon their confirmation that the requisition is proper and in order, the Board will convene an EGM by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the requirements under the Articles to all the registered Shareholders. On the contrary, if the requisition has been verified as not in order or the Shareholders concerned have failed to deposit sufficient money to meet the Company's expenses for the said purposes, the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, the Board will not call for an EGM; and
- (e) If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the Eligible Shareholder(s) himself/herself/themselves may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the Eligible Shareholder(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the Eligible Shareholder(s) by the Company.
- (b) 該書面要求必須列明會議目的，由合資格股東簽署後遞交至本公司主要營業地點（地址為香港九龍觀塘偉業街209號及211號富合工廠大廈地下B室），註明收件人為董事會或公司秘書。該書面要求可包括多份形式相類的文件，每份須由一名或多名要求人簽署；
- (c) 要求須清楚列明有關合資格股東姓名／名稱、彼／彼等的股權、召開股東特別大會的理由及建議於股東特別大會處理的事務詳情，且必須由有關合資格股東簽署並寄存合理足夠金額供本公司根據法定規定向全體登記股東發出決議案通告並傳閱有關股東提交的陳述之開支；
- (d) 要求將由本公司的香港股份過戶及登記分處核實。彼等確認要求屬恰當及符合程序後，董事會將根據細則規定向全體登記股東發出充分通知。反之，倘要求經核實後屬不符合程序或有關股東未能寄存足夠金錢供本公司作上述用途，有關合資格股東將獲通知該結果，而董事會將不會據此召開股東特別大會；及
- (e) 倘於自該提交起計21日內，董事會未有安排召開有關會議，則合資格股東可以相同形式自行召開大會，而有關合資格股東因董事會未能召開大會而產生的所有合理開支將由本公司還付合資格股東。

Right to put enquiries to the Board

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board, Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company. Shareholders may send their enquiries or requests in respect of their rights to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Flat B, G/F, Fu Hop Factory Building, 209 and 211 Wai Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

Procedures for shareholders to put forward proposals at shareholders' meetings

There are no provisions allowing Shareholders to move new resolutions at the general meetings under the Companies Law (Revised) of Cayman Islands. However, pursuant to the Articles, Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may by means of requisition convene an EGM following the procedures set out above.

向董事會作出查詢的權利

股東可將彼等向董事會提出的任何查詢以書面形式郵寄至本公司。股東可將有關其權利的查詢或要求郵寄至本公司於香港的主要營業地點，地址為香港九龍觀塘偉業街209號及211號富合工廠大廈地下B室。

股東於股東大會上提呈建議的程序

開曼群島公司法（經修訂）項下並無讓股東於股東大會提出新決議案的條文。然而，根據細則，有意提出決議案的股東可遵循上文所載程序透過要求召開股東特別大會方式提出。



Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company has established a range of communication channels between itself and its Shareholders, investors and other stakeholders. These include the annual general meeting, the annual report, interim report and quarterly reports (if any), notices, announcements and circulars that are available on Company's website at www.kinglandgroup.com.hk.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board endeavors to strike a balance between the interests of the Shareholder and prudent capital management with a sustainable dividend policy. In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall take into account, inter alia:

1. the actual and expected financial performance of the Group;
2. retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Company and each of the other members of the Group;
3. economic conditions and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Group;
4. business strategies of the Group, including future cash commitments and investment needs to sustain the long-term growth aspect of the business;
5. the current and future operations, liquidity position and capital requirements of the Group;
6. statutory and regulatory restrictions; and
7. other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

The Board will review the dividend policy as appropriate from time to time.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the Financial Year 2018, there had been no significant changes in the constitutional documents of the Company.

與股東的溝通及投資者關係

本公司已在其與股東、投資者及其他利益相關者之間設立多個溝通渠道，當中包括股東週年大會、年度報告、中期報告及季度報告（如有）、通告、公告及通函，上述文件可於本公司網站 www.kinglandgroup.com.hk 查閱。

股息政策

董事會通過可持續的股息政策，務求於股東利益與審慎資本管理之間取得平衡。董事會在建議任何股息支付時，須考慮到（其中包括）：

1. 本集團的實際及預期財務表現；
2. 本公司及本集團旗下各成員公司的保留盈利及可分派儲備；
3. 可能對本集團業務或財務表現和狀況有影響的經濟狀況及其他內外因素；
4. 本集團的業務策略，包括未來現金承擔及投資需求以維持業務長期增長；
5. 本集團現時及未來業務營運、流動資金狀況及資本需求；
6. 法定和監管限制；及
7. 董事會認為合適的其他因素。

董事會將不時於適當時檢討股息政策。

組織章程文件

於二零一八年財政年度內，本公司組織章程文件並無重大變動。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及治理報告



ABOUT KINGLAND GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

Kingland Group Holdings Limited (the “Company”), together with its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”), recognise our corporate social responsibility (“CSR”) to society. Accordingly, we integrate social and environmental aspects into our daily operations where practicable, whilst balancing the cost of such integration against tangible returns. The Group’s approach to CSR ensures that environmental, social and governance (“ESG”) risks and opportunities are identified, evaluated and controlled in line with industry best practice.

For the year ended 31 December 2018, the Group’s and its subsidiaries’ principal activity was the provision of concrete demolition services in Hong Kong and Macau mainly as a sub-contractor. With over 30 years of experience, matured skills, advanced machineries and safety management systems, we provide feasible solutions and safe and high-quality specialised services to our clients. We are committed to providing environmentally friendly and safe professional services, as we continuously help shaping a better society and environment and contribute to sustainable development. The varying scenarios requiring our services include addition and alteration works and redevelopment projects in buildings, roads, tunnels and underground facilities. In 2018, the Group engaged in 168 construction projects in Hong Kong and Macau.

REPORTING SCOPE AND STANDARDS

This ESG report (the “ESG Report”) is prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (“ESG Guide”) as set out in Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The ESG Report concerns environmental and social impact and the policies and initiatives of the Group that demonstrate our long-term commitment to ensuring that our activities, at all levels, are economically, socially and environmentally sustainable. The information in this ESG Report is derived from the Group’s official documents and statistical data, as well as from monitoring, management and operational information from subsidiaries of the Group that we have integrated and summarised. Additional details on the Group’s corporate governance and financial performance can be found in our annual report for the year ended 31 December 2018.

The reporting period of this ESG Report is from 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018 (“Reporting Period”). Unless otherwise specified, this ESG Report highlights significant environmental and social impacts of our business activities in the provision of concrete demolition services.

關於景聯集團控股有限公司

景聯集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)連同旗下附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)深知我們對社會的企業社會責任(「企業社會責任」)。因此，我們在切實可行的情況下將社會及環境層面融入日常營運中，同時在融合成本與有形回報之間取得平衡。本集團的企業社會責任方針確保遵照行業最佳慣例識別、評估及控制環境、社會及治理(「環境、社會及治理」)風險與機遇。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團及其附屬公司的主要業務乃主要作為分包商於香港及澳門提供混凝土拆卸服務。憑藉逾30年的經驗、純熟技能、先進機器及安全管理系統，我們為客戶提供可行解決方案以及安全、優質的專業服務。我們致力於提供環保、安全的專業服務，持續參與構建良好的社會和環境，為可持續發展作出貢獻。我們的服務應用於多種不同的情況，包括加建及改建工程，以及樓宇、道路、隧道及地下設施的重建項目。於二零一八年，本集團於香港及澳門從事168個建築項目。

報告範圍及標準

本環境、社會及治理報告(「環境、社會及治理報告」)乃依據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則附錄二十七所載環境、社會及管治報告指引(「環境、社會及管治指引」)編製。本環境、社會及治理報告與本集團的環境及社會影響、政策及舉措有關，彰顯我們在確保各層面活動符合經濟、社會及環境上可持續發展的長期承諾。本環境、社會及治理報告的資料來自本集團的正式文件及統計數據，以及來自本集團各附屬公司的監控、管理及運營資料，而我們已對該等資料進行匯總及概述。有關本集團企業管治及財務表現的其他詳情可於我們截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度的年報閱覽。

本環境、社會及治理報告的報告期自二零一八年一月一日起至二零一八年十二月三十一日(「報告期」)止。除非另有指明，否則本環境、社會及治理報告重點概述我們於提供混凝土拆卸服務的業務活動的重大環境及社會影響。



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及治理報告

ENGAGEMENT WITH STAKEHOLDERS

ESG-based sustainability is important for long-term value creation for our stakeholders. With the goal of strengthening its sustainability approach and performance, the Group has put effort into proactive engagement with different stakeholders. The key stakeholder groups that we have engaged with have included not only internal parties such as the board of directors and employees but investors and shareholders, suppliers and contractors as well as the community, and other external parties. The opinions of stakeholders are invaluable in formulating and implementing sustainable development strategies through which we can improve our ESG performance.

利益相關方參與

基於環境、社會及治理的可持續發展對於為利益相關方在創造長期價值方面乃至關重要。本集團以加強可持續發展方針及表現為目標，努力使不同利益相關方積極參與其中。共同參與的主要利益相關方組別不僅包括內部各方（如董事會及僱員），亦包括投資者及股東、供應商及承建商以及社區和其他外部各方。在制定和實施我們藉以提升環境、社會及治理表現的可持續發展策略時，利益相關方的意見甚為寶貴。

| Stakeholder Groups 利益相關方組別 | Specific Stakeholder 特定利益相關方 | Communication Channel 溝通渠道 |
|-------------------------------|--|---|
| Investors | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shareholders Potential investors | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Corporate website Annual and interim financial reports Annual general meetings Announcements and disclosure of listed information |
| 投資者 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 股東 潛在投資者 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 企業網站 年度及中期財務報告 股東週年大會 上市資料的公告及披露 |
| Employees | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Senior management Staff Direct workers Potential recruits | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Direct communication Independent focus groups and interviews Training and seminars Regular performance assessment CSR and volunteering activities |
| 僱員 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 高級管理層 員工 直接生產工人 潛在僱員 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 直接溝通 獨立專項小組及面試 培訓及講座 定期表現評估 企業社會責任及志願活動 |
| Customers | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main-contractors Ultimate users | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Periodical meetings with contractors and customers Customer assessment Designated customer hotline |
| 客戶 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 總承建商 最終用戶 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 與承建商及客戶定期會面 客戶評估 指定客戶熱線 |
| Suppliers/Contractors | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Materials suppliers Sub-contractors Service providers | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Suppliers assessment Quality and delivery review Daily work review Site inspection/meeting with sub-contractors |
| 供應商／承建商 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 材料供應商 分包商 服務供應商 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 供應商評估 質素及交付檢討 每日工作復查 地盤巡查／與分包商會面 |
| Community | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> National and local community organisations | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Industry events Charitable donations Volunteering activities |
| 社區 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 全國及當地社區組織 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 行業活動 慈善捐款 志願活動 |
| Government | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Government agencies Regulators | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Written correspondence Statutory reports and general disclosures |
| 政府 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 政府機構 監管機構 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 信函 法定報告及一般披露資料 |

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及治理報告



MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

To ensure the effectiveness of stakeholder engagement, the Group dedicates itself to establishing communication mechanisms for transparency, integrity, accuracy and response timeliness to stakeholders on an ongoing basis. Looking forward, the Group will consider the feasibility of strengthening its interaction with stakeholders, to create mutually beneficial relationships.

PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT

The Group is devoted to contributing in various areas of sustainable development, including environmental protection, one of the Group's main concerns. To honour its commitment to the environment, the Group has established clear policies, with a strong emphasis on improving environmental management practices by preventing pollution, reducing waste and enhancing waste recycling, to reduce environmental impact from our construction works.

EMISSIONS

Major emissions from our operations are air pollutants, noise, waste and effluents from construction projects. To minimise our environmental footprint in our operations, a range of initiatives have been carried out across our operations to reduce emissions, and waste generation and disposal.

Air Emission Control

Our construction activities can potentially cause environmental harm, in the form of dust emissions and exhaust gases from diesel-fuelled plant and equipment at construction sites, and contribute to air pollution.

To improve roadside air quality and better protect public health, the Environmental Protection Department ("EPD") has initiated an incentive-cum-regulatory approach of phasing out pre-Euro IV diesel commercial vehicles. In response to the initiative, we have replaced numerous Euro V vehicles to Euro VI vehicles during the Reporting Period.

To minimise air pollutants in emissions, we opted to use energy efficient fuel for our vehicles and machineries. In diesel engines, dirty engines may result in inefficient combustion. The unique DYNAFLEX technology contains powerful new and improved cleaning molecule that help to control dirt deposits in key fuel system components and also maintain injector cleanliness. During the Reporting Period, we ensured that we used Shell FuelSave Diesel with sulphur content not exceeding 0.005% by weight, where applicable, for our vehicles, diesel-operated plant and machineries (coring, sawing, bursting and crushing machines and robots). Regular checks and maintenance of construction plant and machineries are conducted to improve the efficiency and curb emissions of dark smoke. Screens will also be set up where appropriate, to reduce the impact of exhaust fumes or smoke emission from construction plants or activities on the public.

During the Reporting Period, we strictly followed the legal requirements under the Air Pollution Control Ordinance (Cap. 311) and the Air Pollution Control (Air Pollutant Emission) (Controlled Vehicles) Regulation (Cap. 311X) of Hong Kong.

重要性評估

為確保利益相關方參與的有效性，本集團致力按持續基準為利益相關方建立具透明度、完整性、準確性及回應及時的溝通機制。展望未來，本集團將考慮是否可加強與利益相關方的互動，從而建立互惠關係。

保護環境

本集團致力於可持續發展的各個領域作出貢獻，包括本集團主要關切領域之一——環境保護。為實踐對環境的承諾，本集團已制定清晰的政策，著重於透過防止污染、減少廢物和加強廢物回收來改善環境管理常規，以減少我們建築工程對環境的影響。

排放

我們的營運產生的主要排放為來自建築工程的大氣污染物、噪音、廢物及廢水。為盡量減少營運中的環境足跡，我們於營運過程中採取一系列措施減少排放、廢物產生與處理。

廢氣排放控制

我們的建築活動可能會造成環境危害（為建築地盤以柴油為燃料的廠房及設備的粉塵排放和廢氣）並導致空氣污染。

為改善公路旁空氣質量及更好地保障公眾衛生，環境保護署（「環保署」）已推出鼓勵與管制並行的方法，逐步淘汰歐盟四期以前柴油商業車輛。為響應這一舉措，我們已於報告期內將多個歐盟五期車輛置換為歐盟六期車輛。

為盡量減少排放的大氣污染物，我們為汽車及機器選擇使用節能燃料。在柴油引擎方面，如引擎有污漬，可導致燃料燃燒效率低下。獨特的DYNAFLEX技術包含強大的新型經改良的清潔分子，有助於控制主要燃料系統部件上的污漬沉積物，同時保持噴油器潔淨。於報告期內，我們已確保我們的汽車、使用柴油運作的廠房及機器（取芯、切割、爆裂及壓碎機器和機器人）使用以重量計（如適用）磷含量不超過0.005%的殼牌燃料柴油。我們定期檢查及維護建築廠房及機器，以提高效率及抑制黑煙的排放。我們亦在適當情況下設置隔板，減少建築廠房或活動產生的廢氣或煙霧排放對公眾的影響。

於報告期內，我們嚴格遵循香港《空氣污染管制條例》(第311章)及《空氣污染物管制(空氣污染物排放)(管制車輛)規例》(第311X章)的法律規定。



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及治理報告

Noise Control

The Group recognises that noise challenges are unique to each project and there is always scope for further reducing noise in communities surrounding our sites. In this regard, we strictly adhere to relevant laws and regulations when managing the impact of construction noise on the surrounding environment. When necessary, the Group applies for a construction noise permit for every site that passes a range of testing by the EPD. To bring noise levels within an acceptable range, the quantity and types of machines used are minimised. While observing permit specifications, we also install noise barriers to reduce construction noise impact on nearby communities when necessary. We regularly check noise levels at our construction sites against the requirements. During the Reporting Period, the results of all sites mentioned did not exceed the noise level limit.

Environmentally-Friendly Demolition Methods

Construction materials such as sands and cements stored outdoors as well as dust from exposed construction areas are easily scattered in dry and windy weather. To prevent the generation of dust during our works, methods such as hydraulic splitting, and diamond blade and wire saw cutting are adopted.

As site clearance is often an integral part of our customers' projects, we also provide a comprehensive controlled concrete demolition service, using remote-control, multi-purpose robots. Since the robots are powered from a 3-phase source and equipped with a hydraulic breaker or hydraulic crusher, zero exhaust gas and minimal vibration arise during works. Using remote controls, our workers keep themselves at a safe distance from the working area, minimising the risks from falling rubble and debris. In accordance with the Air Pollution Control (Non-road Mobile Machinery) (Emission) Regulation, all our machineries used on-site are approved or exempted by the EPD.

The largest source of the Group's GHG emissions is Scope 1 – GHG emissions from mobile combustion sources from fuel consumed during operations by our vehicles and diesel-operated plant and machineries. During the Reporting Period, a number of our construction projects were in remote area. Accordingly, there was a significant increase in kilometres travelled and units of fuel consumed from vehicles and machineries.

For the Reporting Period, air emissions generated by the Group were as follows:

噪音控制

本集團認識到各個項目的獨特性及面臨的噪音挑戰不同，且始終存在空間進一步減少我們地盤對周邊社區產生的噪音。在這方面，我們於管理建築噪音對周邊環境的影響時嚴格遵守相關法律及法規。倘有必要，本集團為每個通過環保署一系列測試的地盤申請建築噪音許可證。為將噪音控制在可接受範圍內，所使用機器的數量和類型均減至最少。在遵守許可規定的同時，我們亦在必要時安裝噪音屏障，減少建築噪音對臨近社區的影響。我們定期根據有關規定檢查建築地盤的噪音程度。於報告期內，所述所有地盤的檢查結果均未超過噪音水平限度。

環保拆卸方法

在乾燥多風的天氣下，室外存放的沙子和水泥等建築材料以及裸露的建築區域的粉塵容易被吹散。為防止施工中產生粉塵，我們採用液壓劈裂、金剛石鋸片及線鋸切割等方法。

由於地盤清理通常為我們客戶項目的組成部份，我們亦使用遙控、多用途機器人提供全面的操控混凝土拆卸服務。由於機器人由三相電源供電並配備液壓軋碎機或液壓破碎機，施工過程中不產生廢氣，震動甚微。使用遙控裝置時，我們的工人可與工作區域保持安全距離，最大限度降低碎石和碎片掉落的風險。根據《空氣污染管制(非道路移動機械)(排放)規例》，我們現場所用全部機器均獲環保署批准或豁免。

本集團溫室氣體排放的最大來源為範圍1—來自車輛運營過程中所消耗燃料的流動燃燒源以及使用柴油運作的廠房和機器的溫室氣體排放。於報告期內，我們的多個建築項目位於偏遠地區。因此，車輛及機器所行使的公里數以及所耗用燃料單位顯著增加。

於報告期內，本集團所產生的廢氣排放如下：

| | | Unit 單位 | 2018 二零一八年 | 2017 二零一七年 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|---------------|
| Emissions data from vehicles | 車輛排放數據 | | | |
| Nitrogen Oxide (NO _x) | 氮氧化物 | kg 千克 | 861.27 | 391.45 |
| Sulphur Oxide (SO _x) | 硫氧化物 | kg 千克 | 1.42 | 2.90 |
| Particulate Matter (PM) | 微粒 | kg 千克 | 75.75 | 38.10 |

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For the Reporting Period, GHG emissions generated by the Group were as follows:

於報告期內，本集團所產生的溫室氣體排放如下：

| | | Unit 單位 | 2018 二零一八年 | 2017 二零一七年 |
|--|--|------------|---------------|---------------|
| Direct emission or removals from sources (Scope 1) 直接排放或從源頭剔除 (範圍 1) | | | | |
| GHG emissions from mobile combustion sources 來自移動燃燒源的溫室氣體排放 | Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) 二氧化碳 (CO ₂) | tonne 噸 | 229.60 | 470.56 |
| | Methane (CH ₄) 甲烷 (CH ₄) | kg 千克 | 444.61 | 474.02 |
| | Nitrous oxide (N ₂ O) 一氧化二氮 (N ₂ O) | tonne 噸 | 9.07 | 18.27 |
| Energy indirect emissions (Scope 2) 能源間接排放 (範圍 2) | | | | |
| Electricity purchased from power companies 自發電公司購買的電力 | Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) 二氧化碳 (CO ₂) | tonne 噸 | 54.80 | 65.40 |
| Other indirect emissions (Scope 3) 其他間接排放 (範圍 3) | | | | |
| Paper waste disposed at landfills 在填埋場處置的廢紙 | Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) 二氧化碳 (CO ₂) | tonne 噸 | 2.02 | 0.68 |
| Electricity used for processing fresh water and sewage by government department 政府部門處理淡水及污水使用的電力 | Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) 二氧化碳 (CO ₂) | tonne 噸 | 0.46 | 5.30 |

Looking forward, the Group will continue to assess, record and disclose its GHG emissions annually. Data in the Reporting Period will be used as a baseline for comparison against data in the coming years, which will form the basis for establishing a more refined carbon reduction strategy.

展望未來，本集團將繼續每年評估、記錄及披露其溫室氣體排放。報告期的數據將用作與未來年度數據作比較的基數，其將構成建立更細緻碳減排策略的基礎。

WASTE MANAGEMENT

Waste still remains one of the greatest environmental challenges in the Hong Kong construction sector. Due to the nature of our business, significant quantities of excavated materials are generated from construction excavations. By implementing measures to reduce, reuse and recycle and systematically sort waste materials on- and off-site, we aim to reduce waste generation at source. General inert waste from work, such as soil and concrete, is reused as filling material in on-site backfilling works, where appropriate, or delivered to public filling areas to conserve landfill space. The remaining inert construction and demolition waste is disposed of by refuse collection trucks from the government authorised service provider, which can also prohibit illegal dumping. With the goal of reducing waste generation, we actively monitor and manage the use of resources from our construction activities and provide proper collection, storage, transportation, disposal and treatment of wastes.

Our project teams ensure efficient use of materials by well designed project plan and avoids over-ordering by accurate quantity forecasting. Where appropriate, materials excavated from our construction sites are sorted, segregated and reused as filling materials. By actively monitoring and managing the use of resources, we aim to reduce our operating costs as well as our carbon footprint.

In respect of office waste, we shall continue to encourage our employees to fully utilise all materials, to avoid unnecessary waste and to reduce paper usage through electronic means.

廢物管理

廢物仍是香港建築業最大的環境挑戰之一。由於業務性質使然，我們於建築挖掘時產生大量挖掘材料。透過實施措施以於現場及場外減少、再利用及回收廢料並系統地對其進行分類，我們旨在於源頭減少廢物產生。工程產生的一般惰性廢物（如土壤及混凝土）在適當情況下重新用作現場回填工程的填充材料，或運至公共填埋區以保護填埋場所。剩餘的惰性建築及拆卸廢物由政府授權的服務供應商以垃圾收集車處理，這亦可禁止非法傾倒。以減少廢物產生為目標，我們積極監控及管理建築活動的資源使用，並妥善收集、存放、運輸、處置及處理廢物。

我們的項目團隊透過精心設計的項目計劃確保有效使用材料，並透過準確的數量預測避免過度訂購。在適當情況下，我們將自建築地盤挖掘的材料進行分類、分離及重新用作填充材料。透過積極監控及管理資源的使用情況，我們旨在減少營運成本及碳足跡。

就辦公室廢物而言，我們將繼續鼓勵僱員充分利用所有材料，避免不必要的浪費，並採用電子方式減少使用紙張。



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For the Reporting Period, the amount of non-hazardous waste produced by the Group was as follows:

於報告期內，本集團所產生的無害廢物量如下：

| | Unit 單位 | 2018 二零一八年 | 2017 二零一七年 |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|
| Construction waste produced 所產生的建築廢物 | tonne 噸 | 2,315.83 | 1,378.70 |
| Construction waste intensity 建築廢物密度 | tonne per construction site 噸 (每個建築地盤) | 13.78 | 7.88 |

During the Reporting Period, no significant hazardous waste was generated from our operations.

於報告期內，我們的營運並無產生重大有害廢物。

USE OF RESOURCES

The main resources consumed by the Group are water and energy. The Group is committed to resource conservation and is determined to improve energy efficiency in its offices by promoting efficient use of power and adopting green technologies. For instance, the Group continues to upgrade equipment, for example, purchasing electrical appliances with efficient-energy labelling (i.e. Grade 1 – the most energy-efficient in the market) from the Mandatory Energy Efficiency Labelling Scheme. Air-conditioning systems are pre-set to a specific temperature (i.e. 25 degrees Celsius), which enables a comfortable environment and avoids power waste. The Group places great emphasis on resource conservation and strives to enhance energy efficiency by stepping up the maintenance of construction equipment, optimising operational standards and adopting energy-saving measures. The Group raises environmental awareness and staff standards by strengthening management and providing training.

資源使用

本集團耗用的主要資源為水和能源。本集團致力於資源保護，決心透過促進有效用電及採用綠色技術以提升其辦公室的能源效率。例如，本集團持續升級設備，譬如購買強制性能源效率標籤計劃授予貼有高效能標籤（即1級－市場上最節能等級）的電器。我們將空調系統預先設定至特定溫度（即25攝氏度），為僱員提供一個舒適的環境同時避免電力浪費。本集團高度重視資源保護，透過加強建築設備維護、優化營運標準及採取節能措施，力爭提升能源效率。本集團藉加強管理及提供培訓以提高環境意識和員工標準。

Water Management

Apart from office operations, the major source of the Group's water consumption is its construction segment. Construction wastewater with a high level of suspended solids is generated during our operations. Accordingly, the collected wastewater is properly treated by the on-site wastewater treatment facilities and meets the licenced discharge standards before reuse or discharge. Regular self-monitoring of the water quality of effluent is carried out to ensure the related regulatory standards are met. At our construction sites, wastewater is collected and properly treated by on-site wastewater treatment facilities, and we regularly spray roads and exposed or loose-soil surfaces with water to suppress dust. Vehicles have to undergo wheel-washing before leaving the sites, to remove any dusty materials. Sub-contractors are also encouraged to work closely with our staff, to implement appropriate measures to prevent the waste of freshwater on-site.

水務管理

除辦公室運作外，本集團主要的耗水來源為其建築分部。我們於營運期間會產生含有大量懸浮固體的建築廢水。因此，收集的廢水由現場廢水處理設施妥善處理，於再利用或排放前達致許可的排放標準。我們定期對廢水的水質進行自我監測，以確保符合相關監管標準。在建築地盤，廢水由現場廢水處理設施收集並妥善處理。我們定期用水噴灑道路及裸露或鬆散的土壤表面以抑制粉塵。車輛在離開地盤前必須進行輪胎沖洗，去除任何塵埃物料。我們亦鼓勵分包商與我們的員工緊密合作，採取適當措施以防止現場的淡水遭浪費。

The Group encounters no issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose.

本集團求取適用水源並無面臨任何問題。

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For the Reporting Period, the resources consumed by the Group were as follows:

於報告期內，本集團耗用的資源如下：

| | Unit 單位 | 2018 二零一八年 | 2017 二零一七年 |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Electricity Consumption 耗電量 | kWh 千瓦時 | 86,977.20 | 103,804.00 |
| | kWh/employee 千瓦時／僱員 | 797.96 | 926.82 |
| Water Consumption 用水量 | m ³ 立方米 | 652.26 | 3,778.00 |
| | m ³ /employee 立方米／僱員 | 5.98 | 33.73 |

During the Reporting Period, the Group's operations did not involve any use of packaging materials.

於報告期內，本集團的營運並無涉及使用任何包裝材料。

ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Our operating activities comply with all applicable environmental regulations and have no significant impact on the environment and natural resources. Being aware of our responsibility to the environment and the general public, we are dedicated to adopting preventive measures as necessary to reduce risks and work closely with the communities affected by our business operations.

In managing emissions, the Group abides by related environmental laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Air Pollution Control Ordinance (Cap. 311), Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354), Water Pollution Control Ordinance (Cap. 358), Noise Control Ordinance (Cap. 400), Dumping at Sea Ordinance (Cap. 466), Environment Impact Assessment Ordinance (Cap. 499) and other regulations promulgated by government authorities and currently applicable to the Group. To step up our control on emissions and resource use, for our projects we also adhere to main contractors' environmental management requirements, which ensures mitigation measures are effectively implemented, with proper monitoring and remedial measures that satisfy relevant requirements.

For the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any cases of non-compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group in relation to air and GHG emissions, noise control, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

環境及自然資源

我們的經營活動符合所有適用環境法規，對環境及自然資源並無重大影響。我們知悉我們對環境及公眾的責任，致力採取必要的防範措施以降低風險，並與受我們業務營運影響的社區緊密合作。

在管理排放時，本集團遵守相關環境法律及法規，包括但不限於《空氣污染管制條例》(第311章)、《廢物處置條例》(第354章)、《水污染管制條例》(第358章)、《噪音管制條例》(第400章)、《海上傾倒物料條例》(第466章)、《環境影響評估條例》(第499章)以及政府機關頒佈且現時適用於本集團的其他規例。為加強對排放及資源使用的控制，就我們的項目而言，我們亦遵守總承建商的環境管理規定，確保有效實施緩解措施，同時採取適當監督及補救措施達致相關規定。

於報告期內，本集團概不知悉任何違反與大氣及溫室氣體排放、噪音控制、向水及土地排污以及有害及無害廢物產生有關且對本集團有重大影響的法律及法規事件。



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環境、社會及治理報告

EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR PRACTICES

The Group treasures employee's talent and sees it as the key in driving success and maintaining sustainable development. We are committed to providing an inclusive and harmonious workplace which provides equal opportunities to all employees regardless of their gender, age, nationality, religion, sexual orientation, disability, or other aspects of diversity, for promoting their careers, professional skills and advancement. The Group is responsible for reviewing and updating the relevant company employment policies on a regular basis, to comply with anti-discrimination ordinances and guidance under the Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57), Laws of Hong Kong, and Macau's Labour Relations Law and Law on Employment of Non-Resident Workers, as well as adjusting industry features and practices to ensure full compliance with the latest laws and regulations.

It is part of our mission to help attract, motivate and keep our people through attractive remuneration packages. Benefits such as salary increments, bonuses, and medical allowances are offered. In talent recruitment, the Group resolutely rejects discrimination, adheres to the principles of fairness, justice and ability and performance, and offers promotions and annually reviews salaries according to the employees' conduct.

A Staff Handbook is available and is updated when necessary so that employees are aware of the goals, policies and procedures of the Group as well as their responsibilities. The handbook stipulates the guidelines on recruitment and promotion, compensation and dismissal, as well as the working hours, rest periods, appraisal, training and other benefits, etc.

僱傭及勞工常規

本集團重視員工的才能，並將其視為推動本集團成功及維持可持續發展的關鍵。我們致力提供一個包容、和諧的工作場所，為所有僱員提供平等機會，而不論其性別、年齡、國籍、宗教、性取向、殘疾或其他多元化方面，以促進彼等發展職業生涯、專業技能並獲得提升。本集團負責定期審閱及更新相關公司僱傭政策，以遵守香港法例第57章《僱傭條例》及澳門《勞動關係法》和《非居民勞工僱用法》下的反歧視條例及指引，以及調整行業特徵及常規以確保完全符合最新的法律及法規。

我們的使命是要透過具吸引力的薪酬待遇，協助吸引、激勵及挽留員工。所提供的待遇包括加薪、花紅及醫療津貼。在人才招聘方面，本集團堅決反對歧視，秉持公平、公正、能力和表現原則，並根據僱員的表現予以晉升及每年審閱其薪資。

我們訂有員工手冊，並在必要時予以更新，以便員工了解本集團的目標、政策及程序以及彼等的職責。手冊訂明招聘及晉升、賠償及解聘，以及工時、休假、評估、培訓及其他福利等方面的指引。



Staff Composition

The Group is mainly engaged in construction and demolition works, which demand physical strength. Hence, male employees are traditionally a majority in the workforce. However, the Group has committed itself to striking a balance between male and female employees in its working environment, and to providing equal opportunities to employees of different genders.

As at 31 December 2018, we employed a total of 109 staff, including back office and site staff. 108 of our staff members are located in Hong Kong while only 1 employee is located in Macau.

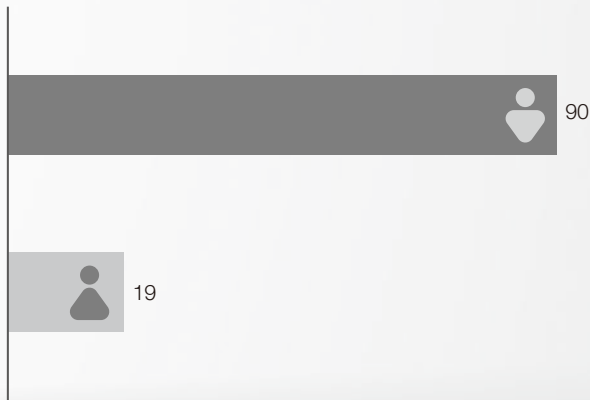
員工組成

本集團主要從事建築及拆卸工程，這需要付出體力。因此，男性僱員傳統上佔員工隊伍的大多數。然而，本集團致力在其工作環境方面達致男女僱員之間的平衡，為不同性別的僱員提供平等機會。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，我們僱用合共109名員工，包括後勤辦公室及地盤員工。我們員工中有108名位於香港，僅有1名僱員位於澳門。

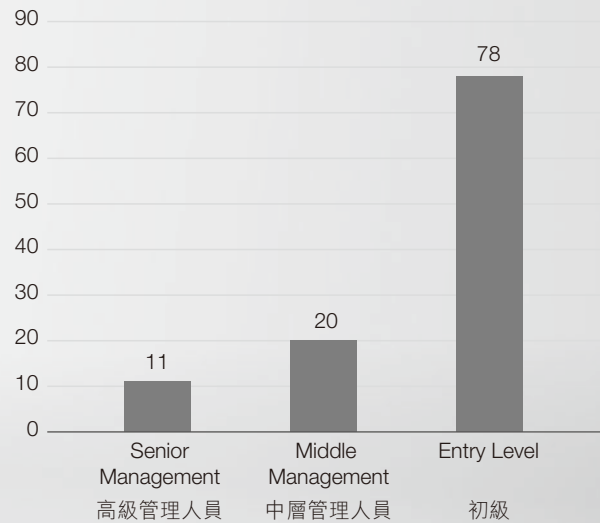
Employees by Gender

按性別劃分的僱員



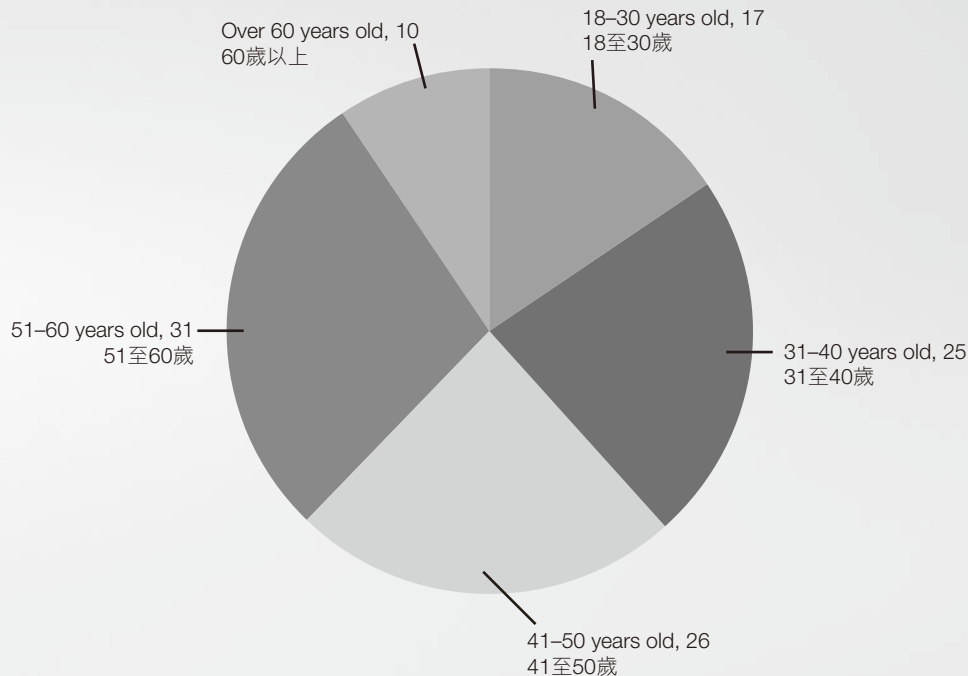
Employees by Employment Category

按僱傭類別劃分的僱員



Employees by Age Group

按年齡組劃分的僱員





Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及治理報告

Staff Turnover

There is high labour mobility in the construction industry, and most employees in it are temporary, employed on a day-to-day basis or for a fixed period of less than 60 days. Hence, those daily workers were not counted in our annual turnover rate calculation.

During the Reporting Period, the Group had a turnover rate of approximately 31%. The employee turnover rate by gender was quite balanced this year with 34% of our male staff and 22% of our female staff leaving the Group. Geographically, 31% of staff based in Hong Kong left the Group, staffing in Macau was unchanged.

During the Reporting Period, employee turnover categorised by age was as follows: 86% of those in the 18 to 30 bracket left the Group, as did 25% of those from the 31 to 40 bracket, 20% of those in the 41 to 50 bracket, 22% of those in the 51 to 60 bracket, and 0% of those over 60 years old.

For the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any cases of non-compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group in relation to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunities, diversity, anti-discrimination, measures and other benefits and welfare.

HEALTH AND SAFETY

With construction as our principal business activity, occupational health and safety ("OHS") is one of the top priorities of the Group. It adheres to relevant health and safety laws including the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance (Cap. 509), Employees' Compensation Ordinance (Cap. 282), Factories and Industrial Undertakings Ordinance (Cap. 59), Laws of Hong Kong, and has provided adequate training and instructions for all levels of employee.

We consider health and safety at work to be matters of interest and the responsibility of both the Group and employees. Employees are required to take reasonable care regarding their own health and safety and that of others with a view to maintaining an injury-free workplace. As there are machineries and other equipment in the construction sites, employees will be more prone to industrial accidents. Hence, we have implemented a health and safety management system which is certified with the international OHSAS 18001:2007 standard by Fugro Certification Services Limited for the identification, management and control of the safety-related risks in our daily operations. We require employees to comply strictly with the safety policy and guidelines in the OHS Management System for on-site project teams and employees working in head office, both of which clearly specify work flows and all kinds of safety measures and guidance, as well as employees' responsibilities for their health and safety at our workplace.

僱員流動

建築行業的勞動力流動性較高，且業內僱員大多為臨時僱員，彼等的聘用按日數計或為少於60日的固定期。因此，計算每年流動率時並無計入日薪工人。

於報告期內，本集團的流動率約為31%。本年度按性別劃分的僱員流動率相當平衡，本集團有34%的男性員工及22%女性員工離職。地域上，31%的香港員工離職，而澳門的員工保持不變。

於報告期內，按年齡劃分的僱員流動情況如下：本集團18至30歲範圍離職的僱員為86%，31至40歲範圍為25%，41至50歲範圍為20%，51至60歲範圍為22%，及60歲以上為0%。

於報告期內，本集團概不知悉任何違反與賠償及解聘、招聘及晉升、工時、休假、平等機會、多元化、反歧視、措施以及其他利益及福利有關且對本集團有重大影響的法律及法規事件。

健康及安全

由於建築乃我們的主要業務活動，職業健康與安全（「職業健康與安全」）是本集團的首要任務之一。本集團遵守相關健康及安全法例，包括香港法例《職業安全及健康條例》（第509章）、《僱員補償條例》（第282章）、《工廠及工業經營條例》（第59章），並已為各級僱員提供充足的培訓和指導。

我們將工作中的健康與安全視為所關注的事項，亦是本集團及僱員的責任。僱員須對其自身以及他人的健康與安全持合理謹慎態度，以維持無受傷的工作場所。由於建築地盤有機器及其他設備，僱員更容易發生工傷事故。因此，我們已實施健康與安全管理系統，並獲輝固認證服務有限公司的國際OHSAS 18001:2007標準認證，用於識別、管理及控制日常營運中的安全相關風險。我們要求僱員嚴格遵守職業健康與安全管理系統中涉及現場項目團隊及於總辦事處工作的僱員的安全政策及指引，其中清晰列明工作流程及各種安全措施和指引，以及僱員於工作場所對自身健康與安全負有的責任。



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To ensure that all employees have adequate knowledge in protecting themselves from occupational hazards, the Group has in place a training programme to ensure that employees at all levels receive appropriate safety training and are competent to carry out their duties. Relevant OHS training is provided to our staff and workers such as safety induction training, safety toolbox talks, specific training for high-risk activities and periodic emergency and contingency drills. Depending on work nature, workers are required to wear appropriate personal protective equipment such as safety helmets, safety shoes and high visibility clothing. No workers are allowed to operate machineries or perform high-risk tasks like working in confined spaces or working with electrical appliances without the approval and oversight of supervisors.

Since the Labour Department strictly requires that only persons who have been trained in basic safety and hold valid certificates may be employed in the Group's construction operations, project managers are responsible for making sure that all workers hold valid licenses. The Group believes this is a fundamental step in minimising risks and preventing accidents at the workplace.

In case of any incidents, every case of injury has to be reported and assessed individually. Follow-up investigations are carried out to find out the root causes, to ensure proper safety precautions and prevent recurrence.

For the Reporting Period, the work injury statistics for the Group were as follows:

Work Injury Statistics 工傷統計數據

Number of work-related fatalities
工作相關死亡人數
Rate of work-related fatalities
工作相關死亡率
Lost days due to work injury
工傷導致的損失工作日數

為確保所有僱員具備保護自身免受職業性危害的足夠知識，本集團設立培訓計劃以確保各級僱員接受適當的安全培訓並有能力履行其職責。我們為員工及工人提供相關的職業健康安全培訓，例如入職安全培訓、安全使用工具箱講座、高風險活動的專項培訓以及定期的緊急與應變演習。視乎工作性質，工人須佩戴適當的個人保護設備，例如安全帽、安全鞋及反光衣。未經監督員批准及監督，工人不得操作機器或進行高風險作業，如於密閉空間工作或操作電器。

由於勞工處嚴格規定，只有接受過基本安全培訓並持有有效證件的人士方能受僱為本集團進行建築作業，因此，項目經理負責確保所有工人持有有效牌照，本集團相信此舉為盡量降低風險及防止工作場所意外的基本步驟。

倘發生任何意外，每宗工傷案例須予報告並個別評估。我們進行跟蹤調查找出根本原因，以確保具備適當的安全預防措施並防止再次發生意外。

於報告期內，本集團的工傷統計數據如下：

| Unit 單位 | 2018 二零一八年 | 2017 二零一七年 |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Case 宗 | 0 | 0 |
| Percentage 百分比 | 0% | 0% |
| Day 天 | 476 | 600 |

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any cases of non-compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group in terms of providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.

於報告期內，本集團並不知悉任何不遵守有關提供安全工作環境及保護僱員免受職業性危害而對本集團有重大影響的相關法律及法規的情況。

DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

Given that each position has unique professional and technical needs, the Group ensures that all new hires receive proper orientation and mentoring to help them adapt to the new working environment quickly and effectively. In line with the Group's commitment to providing adequate training opportunities to enhance employees' knowledge and skills, a continuous training commitment is given by the Group covering different areas. Internal training programs and vocational training for specific skills development are provided to relevant employees, so as to ensure that they possess the appropriate qualities and skill-sets.

發展及培訓

鑑於各職位有獨特的專業及技術要求，本集團確保所有新入職員工接受適當的入職培訓與指導以幫助彼等快速有效地適應新工作環境。由於本集團承諾提供足夠培訓機會以提升僱員知識及技能，本集團作出涵蓋不同範疇的持續培訓承諾。本集團為有關僱員就專業技能發展提供內部培訓計劃及職業培訓，從而確保其具備適當質素及技能。



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The Group offers a safety orientation training package to all new employees, to familiarise them with the Group's health and safety policies quickly. The syllabus provided to new hires is comprehensive, covering general duties, personal safety, personal protective equipment, incident and accident report and basic drilling training, etc.

Our employees receive performance-based appraisals annually. Feedback from supervisors and managers helps our staff set work goals and expectations, as well as evolve in ways that are good for their personal growth and future career development.

During the Reporting Period, our male employees and female employees participated in training, with the average duration at approximately 24.73 hours and 15.76 hours respectively. The average duration of training for senior and middle management and entry level employees was approximately 0.36 hours, 12.50 hours and 29.12 hours respectively.

During the Reporting Period, the Group has provided 2,525.50 hours of training sessions to its employees, which included trainings provided to existing employees and employees who left the Group.

LABOUR STANDARDS

The Group is committed to eliminating all forms of forced labour, and supporting the effective abolition of child labour. We strictly prohibit the use of child and forced labour in our workplace by adhering to the Employment of Children and Employment of Young Persons (Industry) Regulations under the Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57), Laws of Hong Kong.

Comprehensive recruitment procedures are in place to check and verify the age of applicants before commencement of work. To prevent child labour, we require candidates to present their valid proof of identity to ensure that they have reached the legal working age. Important details such as job duties, locations and working hours of the staff are also set out clearly in the employment contract to protect their rights and interests, and forced labour is strictly prohibited. If violations are identified, we take full responsibility for investigation. At the same time, employees can report to the management at any time cases in which their rights have been violated.

For the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any cases of non-compliance with laws and regulations that had a significant impact on the Group in relation to preventing child and forced labour.

本集團為全體新僱員提供整套的入職安全培訓，讓彼等快速地熟悉本集團的健康及安全政策。向新入職僱員提供的培訓範圍全面，涵蓋一般職責、個人安全、個人保護設備、事故及意外報告以及基本演習培訓等。

我們的僱員每年會接受績效評估。主管及經理的回饋幫助員工制定工作目標與預期，以及以適合個人發展及未來職業發展的方式成長。

於報告期內，男性僱員及女性僱員參與培訓，平均時間分別約為24.73小時及15.76小時。高級管理層、中級管理層及初級僱員的培訓平均時間分別約為0.36小時、12.50小時及29.12小時。

於報告期內，本集團已向其僱員提供2,525.50小時的培訓課程，包括向本集團現有僱員及離職僱員提供的培訓。

勞工準則

本集團致力於消除一切形式的強制勞工，並支持有效廢除童工。我們遵守香港法例第57章《僱傭條例》下的《僱用兒童規例》與《僱用青年（工業）規例》，嚴格禁止於工作場所使用童工及強制勞工。

我們已制定全面的招聘程序，以於入職前檢查及核實申請人的年齡。為防止童工，我們要求人選呈交其有效的身份證明以確保其已達到法定工作年齡。僱傭合約中亦清楚載列員工的工作職責、地點及工作時間等重要資料以保障其權利及權益，並嚴格禁止強制勞工。倘發現違反規定情況，我們全面負責調查。同時，僱員可隨時向管理層報告其權利已被侵犯的情況。

於報告期內，本集團並不知悉任何不遵守有關防止童工及強制勞工而對本集團有重大影響的相關法律及法規的情況。



SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

As a corporation with basic principles rooted in sustainable development while fulfilling social responsibilities, it is critical for the Group to maintain and manage a reliable supply chain that takes environmental and societal impact into consideration. This requires an efficient and strict monitoring regime for supply chain practices.

Our supply chain management policies and procedures include assessment, selection, approval, procurement and performance evaluation. Supplier assessment will be conducted by the Group based on specification, quality, price, delivery lead time, service and applicable environmental considerations if deemed necessary. A list of approved suppliers is in place, and we only select suppliers and appoint sub-contractors from this approved list, unless certain suppliers are individually reviewed and approved by management or specifically requested by the client.

The Group liaises closely with its suppliers to ensure that all suppliers and sub-contractors comply with applicable laws and regulations. As we are committed to eliminating any child or forced labour, sub-contractors are required to submit relevant certificates to our project teams for registration, and only registered workers are allowed to enter the projects sites.

The Group strives to reduce its environmental impacts and lower associated risks during sourcing activities when cooperating with suppliers and sub-contractors. In 2018, we cooperated only with local suppliers and sub-contractors, thereby effectively reducing carbon emissions from transportation of materials.

During the Reporting Period, the number of suppliers by geographical region of the Group was as follows:

供應鏈管理

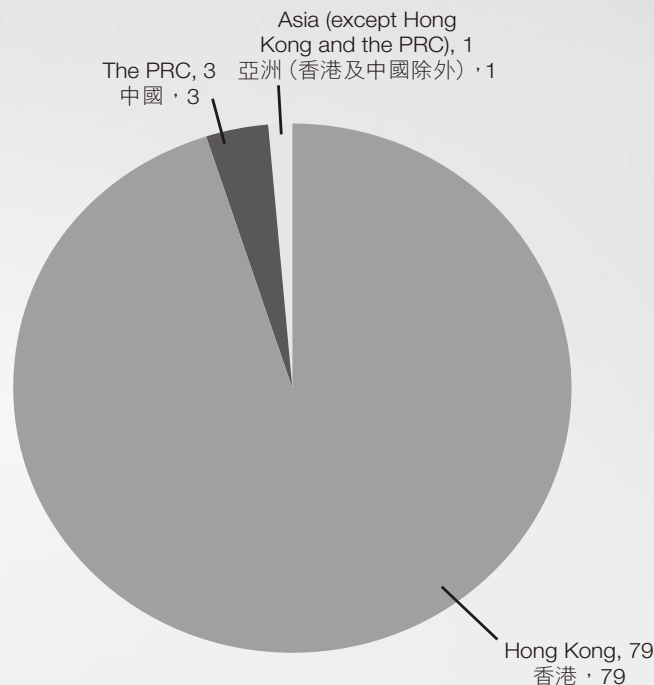
作為建基可持續發展基本原則並履行社會責任的企業，以環境及社會影響為考量的同時，維持並管理可靠的供應鏈，對本集團至關重要。此舉需要就供應鏈慣例實行高效而嚴格的監控機制。

我們的供應鏈管理政策及程序包括評審、挑選、批准、採購及表現評估。本集團將根據規格、質量、價格、交貨期、服務及適用環境因素(倘視為必要)進行供應商評估。我們制定經認可供應商名單，且我們僅從該經認可名單挑選供應商及委任分包商，除非若干供應商乃個別由管理層審查並批准或客戶特別要求。

本集團與其供應商保持緊密聯絡以確保所有供應商及分包商遵守適用法律及法規。由於我們致力於消除任何童工或強制勞工，分包商須向我們的項目團隊提交有關證明以進行登記，而僅登記的工人獲准進入項目工地。

本集團與供應商及分包商合作時，致力減輕其對環境的影響，並降低採購活動中的相關風險。於二零一八年，我們僅與當地供應商及分包商合作，藉以有效減少因材料運輸而產生的碳排放。

於報告期內，本集團按地區劃分的供應商數目如下：





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PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY

Improving the quality of life in society and building a better environment have always been our goal. In order to achieve them, we strive to deliver high-quality, safe construction services to our clients.

To ensure that we deliver high quality services in a consistent manner, we have established and implemented an ISO 9001:2015 certified quality management system ("QMS") by Fugro Certification Services Limited in our operations. This system helps us to comply with the relevant regulatory requirements that are applicable to our products and services, fulfil contractual requirements with quality management as our top priority and satisfy client expectations through continuous improvement. The Group also provides adequate training to all levels of employees, to raise their awareness of QMS in their tasks periodically. We communicate with stakeholders regarding this commitment and pass on information related to quality management.

During the Reporting Period, we received no complaints or claims from our clients arising from quality issues in work performed by us or our sub-contractors. This, in the view of Directors, was attributable to effective quality control measures.

The Group acknowledges the importance of protecting the privacy of clients' personal data. Property of our clients such as personal data, material, tools and equipment, are stored with due care. In compliance with the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Cap. 486), Laws of Hong Kong, and the Personal Data Protection Act of Macau, we ensure that all the business data collected from our clients is treated as strictly confidential and is properly dealt with by our staff. Different access levels are set for employees at different levels to prevent unauthorised personnel from getting hold of the information.

We respect intellectual rights and prohibit the use of unauthorised products and services. We only purchase from authorised suppliers or copyright-holders. The Group complies with intellectual property ("IP") rights regulations to protect the interest of the Group and clients and requires suppliers to comply with IP rights to ensure confidentiality and integrity.

For the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any cases of non-compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group in relation to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.

產品責任

提高全社會的生活質量，創造優良的環境，乃我們始終不渝的目標。為實現該目標，我們力求向客戶交付高質素、安全的建築服務。

為確保我們始終如一交付高質素的服務，我們於經營中已建立及實施輝固認證服務有限公司頒發的ISO 9001:2015認證質量管理體系（「質量管理體系」）。該體系幫助我們遵守適用於我們產品及服務的有關監管規定，視質量管理為重中之重，達致合約規定，並透過持續改進滿足客戶的預期。本集團亦定期向各級僱員提供足夠的培訓，以提升其於工作任務中對質量管理體系的意識。我們與持份者就該責任進行溝通並傳遞有關質量管理的資料。

於報告期內，我們並無收到客戶因我們或分包商進行的工程的質量問題而產生的投訴或索償。董事認為，上述情況歸因於有效的質量控制措施。

本集團明白保護客戶個人資料私隱的重要性。客戶的財產，如個人資料、材料、工具及設備均獲妥善保存。按照香港法例第486章《個人資料（私隱）條例》及澳門的《個人資料保護法》，我們確保自客戶搜集的所有業務資料均嚴格保密並獲我們的員工妥善處置。我們為不同級別的僱員設定不同級別的讀取權限，以防止未經授權人士獲取資料。

我們尊重知識產權並禁止使用未經授權的產品及服務。我們僅向經授權的供應商或版權持有者採購。本集團遵守知識產權（「知識產權」）法規以保障本集團及客戶的權益並要求供應商遵守知識產權以確保機密及誠信。

於報告期內，本集團並不知悉任何不遵守有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法而對本集團有重大影響的相關法律及法規的情況。



ANTI-CORRUPTION

The Group upholds values of integrity and opposes corruption, bribery, money-laundering and other fraudulent activities in connection with any of its business operations. The Group strictly adheres to relevant regulations and laws, such as the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap. 201), the Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing Ordinance (Cap. 615), Laws of Hong Kong.

To facilitate identification of suspected cases of corruption, money-laundering and other misconduct, the Group's Whistle-Blowing Policy, encourages employees to report directly to senior management any misconduct and dishonest behaviour. We will protect the identity of any informer and retaliation shall not be permissible. All reported cases will be investigated in a fair and proper manner, and the Group will take all necessary action to protect the rights and interests of the Group and its stakeholders.

The tendering process is vital to our business, and all tendering documents are kept confidential and restricted to concerned parties only. Fairness is needed to protect the interests of the Group and our clients. Employees responsible for tendering must comply with the Competition Ordinance (Cap. 619), Laws of Hong Kong, and refrain from exchanging or communicating any sensitive information with or to competitors, from participating in price-fixing, imposition of restrictions on clients or abuse of a dominant market position.

For the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any cases of non-compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group in relation to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

GIVING BACK TO THE COMMUNITY

As a socially responsible corporation, the Group has consistently engaged in community activities while expanding its footprint, with the goal of paying society back by leveraging our resources to support community programmes and charitable services. Together with fulfilling CSR obligations in daily operations, the Group also proactively participates in social welfare activities, makes donations and encourages employees to participate in community enhancement events such as volunteering and fundraising events, to better serve our community. Meanwhile, the Group has strengthened its ties and ensured continuous communication with members of the communities where it operates, to show a caring and serving spirit.

In June 2018, the Group donated to the Sik Sik Yuen charitable organisation in support of its medical, educational and elderly-oriented services. During the Reporting Period, the Group also donated to the Tung Wah Group of Hospitals in support of the "Friends of Tung Wah" Monthly Donation Scheme, for provision of free services and improvement and expansion of its medical, education and community services.

During the Reporting Period, our community engagement services mainly focused on contributing to medical and community services.

反貪污

本集團恪守公正價值，堅決反對其任何業務營運涉及貪污、賄賂、洗黑錢及其他欺詐活動。本集團嚴格遵守有關法規及法律，如香港法例第201章《防止賄賂條例》、第615章《打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集條例》等。

為有助識別懷疑貪污、洗黑錢及其他不當行為案件，本集團舉報政策鼓勵僱員向高級管理層直接舉報任何不當行為及不誠實行為。我們將保護任何舉報人的身份，且不允許任何打擊報復行為。所有舉報案件將以公平公正方式進行調查且本集團將採取一切必要行動保護本集團及其持份者的權利及權益。

投標對我們的業務極為重要，而所有投標文件必須保密並僅限於相關方使用。必須一視同仁，以保障本集團及客戶的利益。負責投標的員工必須遵守香港法例第619章《競爭條例》，不得與競爭對手交換或交流任何敏感信息、參與定價、對客戶施加限制或濫用市場主導地位。

於報告期內，本集團並不知悉任何不遵守有關賄賂、勒索及洗黑錢而對本集團有重大影響的相關法律及法規的情況。

回饋社區

作為一間肩負社會責任的企業，本集團在發展業務同時，亦持續參與社區活動，利用自身的資源支持社區計劃及慈善服務，以期回饋社會。本集團不僅於日常營運中履行企業社會責任，亦積極參與社會福利活動，作出捐款並鼓勵僱員參與社區發展活動，例如義工及籌款活動等，從而更好地為社區服務。同時，本集團增強與其營運所在的社區成員的聯繫並確保與其持續溝通，展現關愛助人的精神。

於二零一八年六月，本集團向薈色園慈善團隊捐款，以支持其醫療、教育及安老服務。於報告期內，本集團亦向東華三院捐款，以支持「東華之友」月捐計劃，提供免費服務並改善及擴大其醫療、教育及社區服務。

於報告期內，我們的社區參與服務主要專注於為醫療及社區服務作出貢獻。



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PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY – ENVIRONMENTAL

表現數據摘要 – 環境

| Air Emissions 大氣排放 | Unit 單位 | 2018 二零一八年 | 2017 二零一七年 | |
|--|--|----------------------|----------------------|--------|
| Nitrogen Oxide (NO _x) 氮氧化物 (NO _x) | kg 千克 | 861.27 | 391.45 | |
| Sulphur Oxide (SO _x) 硫氧化物 (SO _x) | kg 千克 | 1.42 | 2.90 | |
| Particulate Matter (PM) 顆粒物 (PM) | kg 千克 | 75.75 | 38.10 | |
| GHG Emissions 溫室氣體排放 | Unit 單位 | 2018 二零一八年 | 2017 二零一七年 | |
| Direct emission or removals from sources (Scope 1) 直接排放或從源頭剔除 (範圍 1) | | | | |
| GHG emissions from mobile combustion sources 來自移動燃燒源的溫室氣體排放 | Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) 二氧化碳 (CO ₂) | tonne 噸 | 229.60 | 470.56 |
| | Methane (CH ₄) 甲烷 (CH ₄) | kg 千克 | 444.61 | 474.02 |
| | Nitrous oxide (N ₂ O) 一氧化二氮 (N ₂ O) | tonne 噸 | 9.07 | 18.27 |
| Energy indirect emissions (Scope 2) 能源間接排放 (範圍 2) | | | | |
| Electricity purchased from power companies 自發電公司購買的電力 | Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) 二氧化碳 (CO ₂) | tonne 噸 | 54.80 | 65.40 |
| Other indirect emissions (Scope 3) 其他間接排放 (範圍 3) | | | | |
| Paper waste disposed at landfills 在填埋場處置的廢紙 | Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) 二氧化碳 (CO ₂) | tonne 噸 | 2.02 | 0.68 |
| Electricity used for processing fresh water and sewage by government department 政府部門處理淡水及污水使用的電力 | Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) 二氧化碳 (CO ₂) | tonne 噸 | 0.46 | 5.30 |
| Resources Consumption 資源消耗 | Unit 單位 | 2018 二零一八年 | 2017 二零一七年 | |
| Electricity Consumption 耗電 | kWh 千瓦時 | 86,977.20 | 103,804 | |
| | kWh/employee 千瓦時/僱員 | 797.96 | 926.82 | |
| Water Consumption 耗水 | m ³ 立方米 | 652.26 | 3,778 | |
| | m ³ /employee 立方米/僱員 | 5.98 | 33.73 | |
| | Unit 單位 | 2018 二零一八年 | 2017 二零一七年 | |
| Construction waste produced 產生的建築廢物 | tonne 噸 | 2,315.83 | 1,378.70 | |
| Construction waste intensity 建築廢物密度 | tonne 噸 | 13.78 | 7.88 | |



PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY – SOCIAL (EXTRACT)

表現數據摘要 – 社會 (摘錄)

| | | Total Workforce No. of People in 2018 二零一八年 員工總數 | Total Workforce No. of People in 2017 二零一七年 員工總數 |
|---|--------------|--|--|
| By Gender | 按性別劃分 | | |
| Male | 男性 | 90 | 93 |
| Female | 女性 | 19 | 19 |
| By Age Group | 按年齡組劃分 | | |
| 18 – 30 years old | 18至30歲 | 17 | 27 |
| 31 – 40 years old | 31至40歲 | 25 | 25 |
| 41 – 50 years old | 41至50歲 | 26 | 24 |
| 51 – 60 years old | 51至60歲 | 31 | 30 |
| Over 60 years old | 60歲以上 | 10 | 6 |
| By Employee Category | 按僱員類別劃分 | | |
| Senior Management | 高級管理層 | 11 | 10 |
| Middle Management | 中級管理層 | 20 | 22 |
| Entry Level | 初級 | 78 | 80 |
| | | Employment Turnover in 2018 二零一八年僱員流失 | |
| | | No. of People 人數 | Turnover Rate 流失率 |
| | | Employment Turnover in 2017 二零一七年僱員流失 | |
| | | No. of People 人數 | Turnover Rate 流失率 |
| By Gender | 按性別劃分 | | |
| Male | 男性 | 22 | 34% |
| Female | 女性 | 4 | 22% |
| By Age Group | 按年齡組劃分 | | |
| 18 – 30 years old | 18至30歲 | 12 | 86% |
| 31 – 40 years old | 31至40歲 | 5 | 25% |
| 41 – 50 years old | 41至50歲 | 4 | 20% |
| 51 – 60 years old | 51至60歲 | 5 | 22% |
| Over 60 years old | 60歲以上 | 0 | 0% |
| Work Injury Statistics | | Unit | 2018 |
| 工傷統計數據 | | 單位 | 二零一八年 |
| Number of work-related fatalities | | Case | 0 |
| 工作相關死亡人數 | | 宗 | |
| Rate of work-related fatalities | | Percentage | 0% |
| 工作相關死亡率 | | 百分比 | |
| Lost days due to work injury | | Day | 476 |
| 工傷導致的損失工作日數 | | 天 | 600 |
| Number of Suppliers by Geographical Region | | 2018 | 2017 |
| 按地區劃分的供應商數目 | | 二零一八年 | 二零一七年 |
| Hong Kong | 香港 | 79 | 76 |
| The PRC | 中國 | 3 | 3 |
| Asia (except Hong Kong and the PRC) | 亞洲 (香港及中國除外) | 1 | 1 |



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及治理報告

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE CONTENT INDEX

環境、社會及管治內容索引

This ESG Report is prepared in accordance with the ESG Guide. The following table provides an overview of the general disclosures and key performance indicators (“KPIs”) of various aspects under each subject area, which are either cross-referenced to the relevant chapters of the ESG Report or supplementing the ESG Report with additional information.

本環境、社會及治理報告乃依據環境、社會及管治報告指引編寫。下表概述各主要範疇項下不同層面的一般披露及關鍵績效指標（「關鍵績效指標」），並載列環境、社會及治理報告相關互相參照之章節或提供額外說明。

| Description 描述 | | Reference 參考 | Remark 備註 |
|-----------------------------|---|---|---|
| ENVIRONMENTAL | | | |
| 環境 | | | |
| Aspect A1: EMISSIONS | | | |
| 層面 A1：排放物 | | | |
| General Disclosure | Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. | Protecting the Environment Emissions Waste Management | |
| 一般披露 | 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的：(a) 政策；及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 | 保護環境 排放 廢棄物管理 | |
| KPI A1.1 | The types of emissions and respective emissions data. | Emissions | |
| 關鍵績效指標 A1.1 | 排放物種類及相關排放數據。 | 排放 | |
| KPI A1.2 | Greenhouse gas emissions in total (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). | Emissions | |
| 關鍵績效指標 A1.2 | 溫室氣體總排放量（以噸計算）及（如適用）密度（如以每產量單位、每項設施計算）。 | 排放 | |
| KPI A1.3 | Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). | N/A | We do not generate hazardous waste in our operations. |
| 關鍵績效指標 A1.3 | 所產生有害廢棄物總量（以噸計算）及（如適用）密度（如以每產量單位、每項設施計算）。 | 不適用 | 我們在經營中並未產生有害廢物。 |
| KPI A1.4 | Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). | Waste Management | |
| 關鍵績效指標 A1.4 | 所產生無害廢棄物總量（以噸計算）及（如適用）密度（如以每產量單位、每項設施計算）。 | 廢棄物管理 | |
| KPI A1.5 | Description of measures to mitigate emissions and results achieved. | Waste Management Emissions | |
| 關鍵績效指標 A1.5 | 描述減低排放量的措施及所得成果。 | 廢棄物管理 排放 | |
| KPI A1.6 | Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, reduction initiatives and results achieved. | Waste Management | |
| 關鍵績效指標 A1.6 | 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、減低產生量的措施及所得成果。 | 廢棄物管理 | |



| Description 描述 | Reference 參考 | Remark 備註 | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Aspect A2: USE OF RESOURCES | | | |
| 層面 A2：資源使用 | | | |
| General Disclosure 一般披露 | Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials. 有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。 | Use of Resources 資源使用 | |
| KPI A2.1 | Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). | Use of Resources | |
| 關鍵績效指標 A2.1 | 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。 | 資源使用 | |
| KPI A2.2 | Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). | Use of Resources | |
| 關鍵績效指標 A2.2 | 總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。 | 資源使用 | |
| KPI A2.3 | Description of energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved. | Use of Resources | |
| 關鍵績效指標 A2.3 | 描述能源使用效益計劃及所得成果。 | 資源使用 | |
| KPI A2.4 | Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved. | Use of Resources – Water Management | |
| 關鍵績效指標 A2.4 | 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題, 以及提升用水效益計劃及所得成果。 | 資源使用—用水管理 | |
| KPI A2.5 | Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced. | N/A | We do not generate significant packaging material waste in our operations. 我們在經營中並未產生重大包裝材料廢物。 |
| 關鍵績效指標 A2.5 | 製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。 | 不適用 | |
| Aspect A3: THE ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES | | | |
| 層面 A3：環境及自然資源 | | | |
| General Disclosure 一般披露 | Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources. 減低發行人對環境及自然資源造成重大影響的政策。 | Environment and Natural Resources 環境及自然資源 | |
| KPI A3.1 | Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them. | Environment and Natural Resources | |
| 關鍵績效指標 A3.1 | 描述業務活動對環境及自然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。 | 環境及自然資源 | |
| EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR PRACTICES | | | |
| 僱傭及勞工常規 | | | |
| Aspect B1: EMPLOYMENT | | | |
| 層面 B1：僱傭 | | | |
| General Disclosure 一般披露 | Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hour, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, other benefits and welfare. 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的：(a) 政策；及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 | Employment and Labour Practices 僱傭及勞工常規 | |
| KPI B1.1 | Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region. | Employment and Labour Practices – Staff Composition | |
| 關鍵績效指標 B1.1 | 按性別、僱傭類型、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。 | 僱傭及勞工常規—員工組成 | |
| KPI B1.2 | Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region. | Employment and Labour Practices – Staff Turnover | |
| 關鍵績效指標 B1.2 | 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。 | 僱傭及勞工常規—員工流失 | |



Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及治理報告

| Description 描述 | | Reference 參考 | Remark 備註 |
|--|--|--|--|
| Aspect B2: HEALTH AND SAFETY | | | |
| 層面 B2：健康與安全 | | | |
| General Disclosure 一般披露 | Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employee from occupational hazards. 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的：(a) 政策；及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 | Health and Safety 健康及安全 | |
| KPI B2.1 關鍵績效指標 B2.1 | Number and rate of work-related fatalities. 因工作關係而死亡的人數及比率。 | Health and Safety 健康及安全 | |
| KPI B2.2 關鍵績效指標 B2.2 | Lost days due to work injury. 因工傷損失工作日數。 | Health and Safety 健康及安全 | |
| KPI B2.3 關鍵績效指標 B2.3 | Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施，以及相關執行及監察方法。 | Health and Safety 健康及安全 | |
| Aspect B3: DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING | | | |
| 層面 B3：發展及培訓 | | | |
| General Disclosure 一般披露 | Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。 | Development and Training 發展及培訓 | |
| KPI B3.1 關鍵績效指標 B3.1 | The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比。 | Development and Training 發展及培訓 | |
| KPI B3.2 關鍵績效指標 B3.2 | The average training hours completed per employee gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分，每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。 | Development and Training 發展及培訓 | |
| Aspect B4: LABOUR STANDARDS | | | |
| 層面 B4：勞工準則 | | | |
| General Disclosure 一般披露 | Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour. 有關防止童工及強制勞工的：(a) 政策；及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 | Employment and Labour Practices 僱傭及勞工常規 | |
| KPI B4.1 關鍵績效指標 B4.1 | Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour. 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。 | Labour Standards 勞工準則 | The child and forced labour issues are not material to our operations. 我們的經營並無涉及聘用童工及強制勞工的重大風險。 |
| KPI B4.2 關鍵績效指標 B4.2 | Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered. 描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。 | Labour Standards 勞工準則 | The child and forced labour issues are not material to our operations. 我們的經營並無涉及聘用童工及強制勞工的重大風險。 |



| Description 描述 | | Reference 參考 | Remark 備註 |
|--|--|----------------------------------|--|
| Aspect B5: SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT. | | | |
| 層面 B5：供應鍊管理 | | | |
| General Disclosure 一般披露 | Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain. 管理供應鍊的環境及社會風險政策。 | Supply Chain Management 供應鍊管理 | |
| KPI B5.1 | Number of suppliers by geographical region. 按地區劃分的供應商數目。 | Supply Chain Management 供應鍊管理 | |
| 關鍵績效指標 B5.1 KPI B5.2 | Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例，向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目、以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法。 | Supply Chain Management 供應鍊管理 | |
| 關鍵績效指標 B5.2 | 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例，向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目、以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法。 | 供應鍊管理 | |
| Aspect B6: PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY | | | |
| 層面 B6：產品責任 | | | |
| General Disclosure 一般披露 | Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress. 有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的：(a) 政策；及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 | Product Responsibility 產品責任 | |
| KPI B6.1 | Percentage to total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons. 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。 | N/A | There were no recalls concerning the provision. 並無有關供給品的召回。 |
| 關鍵績效指標 B6.1 | 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。 | 不適用 | |
| KPI B6.2 | Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with. 接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。 | N/A | There were no validated complaints received during the Reporting Period. 於報告期內，並無收到得到驗證的投訴。 |
| 關鍵績效指標 B6.2 | 接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。 | 不適用 | |
| KPI B6.3 | Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights. 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。 | Product Responsibility 產品責任 | |
| 關鍵績效指標 B6.3 KPI B6.4 | Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures. 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。 | N/A | Recall procedures are not relevant to our operations. 回收程序與我們的經營無關。 |
| 關鍵績效指標 B6.4 | 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。 | 不適用 | |
| KPI B6.5 | Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策，以及相關執行及監察方法。 | Product Responsibility 產品責任 | |
| 關鍵績效指標 B6.5 | 描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策，以及相關執行及監察方法。 | 產品責任 | |



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環境、社會及治理報告

| Description 描述 | | Reference 參考 | Remark 備註 |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| Aspect B7: ANTI-CORRUPTION | | | |
| 層面 B7：反貪污 | | | |
| General Disclosure 一般披露 | Information on (a) the policies: and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的：(a) 政策；及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 | Anti-Corruption 反貪污 | |
| KPI B7.1 | Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcome of the cases. 於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。 | N/A | |
| 關鍵績效指標 B7.1 | Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述防範措施及舉報程序，以及相關執行及監察方法。 | Anti-Corruption 反貪污 | |
| KPI B7.2 | | | |
| 關鍵績效指標 B7.2 | | | |
| Aspect B8: COMMUNITY INVESTMENT | | | |
| 層面 B8：社區投資 | | | |
| General Disclosure 一般披露 | Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests. 有關以社區參與來了解發行人營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。 Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport). 專注貢獻範疇（如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育）。 | Giving Back to the Community 回饋社區 | |
| 關鍵績效指標 B8.1 | Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源（如金錢或時間）。 | Giving Back to the Community 回饋社區 | |
| KPI B8.2 | | | |
| 關鍵績效指標 B8.2 | | | |



The Directors hereby present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the Financial Year 2018.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group's principal activity is the provision of concrete demolition service in Hong Kong and Macau mainly as a subcontractor. The principal activity of the Company is investment holding of its subsidiaries. The names and principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the Financial Year 2018.

Further discussion and analysis of these activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a review of the Group's business, a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, environmental policies of the Group, compliance with laws and regulations by the Group, and indication of likely future development in the Group's business, can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 5 to 12 of this report. This discussion forms part of this directors' report.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results and assets and liabilities of the Group, as extracted from the prospectus of the company dated 29 November 2016 (the "Prospectus") and the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the last five year is set out on page 124 of this report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The Group's results for the Financial Year 2018 and the financial positions of the Company and the Group at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 64 to 123.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of final dividend in respect of the Financial Year 2018.

DONATIONS

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the Financial Year 2018 amounted to HK\$20,000.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements during the Financial Year 2018 in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

As at 31 December 2018, the Company's issued share capital was HK\$6,720,000 and the number of its issued ordinary shares was 672,000,000 of HK\$0.01 each.

Details of movements in the share capital during the Financial Year 2018 are set out in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

董事謹此提呈於二零一八年財政年度的報告及經審核綜合財務報表。

主要業務及業務回顧

本集團主要業務乃主要作為分包商於香港及澳門提供混凝土拆卸服務。本公司的主要業務為其附屬公司之投資控股。其附屬公司的名稱及主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註12。本集團的主要業務性質於二零一八年財政年度並無重大變動。

按照香港公司條例附表5規定對該等業務的進一步討論及分析，包括本集團業務回顧、本集團面臨的主要風險及不確定性描述、本集團的環保政策、本集團有關法律及法規的合規情況及本集團業務未來的可能發展方向，可於本報告第5至12頁所載的管理層討論及分析中查閱。該討論為本董事會報告的一部份。

財務概要

摘錄自本公司日期為二零一六年十一月二十九日的招股章程（「招股章程」）及本公司於過去五個年度的綜合財務報表的本集團的已刊發業績、資產及負債概要載於本報告第124頁。本概要不構成經審核綜合財務報表的一部分。

業績及股息

本集團於二零一八年財政年度之業績，以及本公司及本集團於該日的財務狀況，載於第64至123頁之綜合財務報表內。

董事不建議就二零一八年財政年度派付末期股息。

捐款

本集團於二零一八年財政年度作出之慈善及其他捐款為20,000港元。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備於二零一八年財政年度的變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註13。

股本

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本公司已發行股本為6,720,000港元，其已發行普通股數目為672,000,000股，每股面值0.01港元。

於二零一八年財政年度內之股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註19。



Report of Directors

董事會報告

RESERVES

Details of the movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the Financial Year 2018 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 66 of this report and note 29 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2018, the Company had no distributable reserves available for distribution to its shareholders.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has adopted the Share Option Scheme on 22 November 2016 (the "Share Option Scheme"). The principal terms of the Share Option Scheme are summarised in Appendix IV to the Prospectus. The Share Option Scheme will remain valid and effective following the Transfer of Listing and will be implemented in full with the requirements under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

Particulars of the Share Option Scheme are set out in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

No share option has been granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Share Option Scheme since the adoption of the Share Option Scheme and there was no share option outstanding as at 31 December 2018.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the Share Option Scheme as disclosed above, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the Financial Year 2018 or subsisted at the end of the Financial Year 2018.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Financial Year 2018.

儲備

有關本集團及本公司於二零一八年財政年度內的儲備變動詳情分別載於本報告第66頁的綜合權益變動表及綜合財務報表附註29。

可分派儲備

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本公司並無可分派予其股東的可分派儲備。

購股權計劃

本公司於二零一六年十一月二十二日已採納購股權計劃（「購股權計劃」）。購股權計劃的主要條款概述於招股章程附錄四。購股權計劃於轉板上市後維持有效及生效，且將完全遵照上市規則第17章項下的規定實行。

購股權計劃的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註21。

自採納購股權計劃以來，概無根據購股權計劃授出、行使、註銷或終止任何購股權，而於二零一八年十二月三十一日亦無任何購股權尚未行使。

股權掛鈎協議

除上文所披露的購股權計劃外，本公司於二零一八年財政年度內並無訂立且於二零一八年財政年度末並無存續任何將會或可能導致本公司發行股份或規定本公司訂立任何將會或可能導致本公司發行股份的協議的股權掛鈎協議。

優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則或開曼群島法例並無有關優先購買權之條文而導致本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

於二零一八年財政年度內，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司上市證券。



DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Financial Year 2018 and up to the date of this report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Cheung Shek On (*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*)
Mr. Chan Yuk Sing

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Kuan Hong Kin Daniel

Independent non-executive Director

Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny
Mr. Chow Chun To
Mr. Yam Chiu Fan Joseph

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out on pages 15 to 16 of this report.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

No transaction, arrangement or contract that is significant in relation to the Group's business, to which the Company, its holding company or subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the Financial Year 2018.

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTEREST

No contract of significance, to which the Company, its holding company or subsidiaries was a party and in which a controlling shareholder of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the Financial Year 2018.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing on 16 December 2016 and will continue thereafter until terminated in accordance with the terms of the agreement. Non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors are appointed for a term of three years commencing on 22 November 2016 and can be renewed in accordance with our articles of association and the applicable Listing Rules.

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM") has entered into any service contracts with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment compensation other than the statutory compensation.

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each of its independent non-executive Directors in respect of their independence in accordance with the requirements of Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and all independent non-executive Directors are considered to be independent.

董事

於二零一八年財政年度內及直至本報告日期的董事如下：

執行董事

張錫安先生 (*主席兼行政總裁*)
陳玉成先生

非執行董事

關匡建先生

獨立非執行董事

陳毅生先生
鄒振濤先生
任超凡先生

董事及高級管理層的履歷詳情載於本報告第15至16頁。

董事於合約之權益

於二零一八年財政年度末或年內任何時間，本公司、其控股公司或附屬公司概無訂立董事於其中直接或間接擁有重大權益之有關本集團業務之重大交易、安排或合約。

控股股東權益

於二零一八年財政年度末或年內任何時間，本公司、其控股公司或附屬公司概無訂立本公司控股股東於其中直接或間接擁有重大權益之重大合約。

董事服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務協議，自二零一六年十二月十六日起初步為期三年，其後將繼續直至根據協議條款予以終止為止。非執行董事及獨立非執行董事的任期自二零一六年十一月二十二日起計為期三年，其後可根據組織章程細則及適用上市規則予以續期。

概無於本公司應屆股東週年大會（「股東週年大會」）獲建議重選之本公司董事與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立任何本集團不可於一年內終止而毋須給予賠償（法定賠償除外）之服務合約。

獨立非執行董事之獨立性

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據GEM上市規則第5.09條及上市規則第3.13條之規定發出有關其獨立性之年度確認書，本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。



Report of Directors

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' RETIREMENT AND RE-ELECTION

Pursuant to article 108(a) of the articles of association of the Company, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation at each annual general meeting of the Company, provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election and shall continue to act as a Director throughout the meeting at which he retires. The Directors to retire by rotation every year shall include (so far as necessary to ascertain the number of Directors to retire by rotation) any Director who wishes to retire and not to offer himself for re-election. Any further Directors so retire shall be those of the other Directors subject to retirement by rotation who have been longest in office since their last re-election or appointment and so that as between persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot.

In accordance with article 108(a) of the articles of association of the Company, Mr. Cheung Shek On, Mr. Chan Yuk Sing and Mr. Kuan Hong Kin Daniel will retire at the forthcoming AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS LIABILITY INSURANCE

The Company has taken out directors and officers liability insurance to cover liabilities arising from legal action against the Directors up to the date of this report.

COMPETING INTERESTS

The Directors are not aware of any business or interest of the Directors nor the controlling shareholder of the Company nor any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) that compete or may compete with the business of the Group and any other conflicts of interest which any such person has or may have with the Group during the Financial Year 2018.

EMOLUMENTS OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The remuneration committee will review and determine the remuneration and compensation packages of the Directors with reference to their responsibilities, workload, time devoted to the Group and the performance of the Group. The Directors and other employees who have made valuable contribution to the Group may also receive options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme.

董事退任及膺選連任

根據本公司組織章程細則第108(a)條，在本公司每屆股東週年大會上，當時三分之一的董事（或倘董事人數並非三或三的倍數，則為最接近但不低於三分之一的人數）應輪席告退，惟每名董事均須至少每三年輪席告退一次。退任董事合資格膺選連任，並於其退任的大會舉行期間繼續擔任董事。在確定輪值告退董事數目方面，每年輪值告退的董事包括任何自願退任且不再參選連任的董事，其他退任董事乃須輪值告退且自上次連任或委任起計任期最長者，而倘有數位董事於同日獲選或連任，則退任的董事須抽籤決定（除非彼等另有協議）。

根據本公司組織章程細則第108(a)條，張錫安先生、陳玉成先生及關匡建先生將於應屆股東週年大會上退任，並合資格且願意於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。

董事及高級人員責任保險

直至本報告日期，本公司已投購董事及高級職員責任保險，以保障針對董事提出的法律行動所產生的責任。

競爭利益

於二零一八年財政年度，董事概不知悉董事或本公司控股股東或彼等各自的任何聯繫人（定義見上市規則）擁有與本集團業務構成或可能構成競爭的任何業務或權益，或任何該等人士與本集團存在或可能存在任何其他利益衝突。

董事及五名最高薪人士的薪酬

本集團董事及五名最高薪人士的薪酬詳情載於綜合財務報表附註9。

薪酬政策

薪酬委員會將參考董事的職責、工作量及貢獻予本集團的時間以及本集團表現，檢討及釐定董事的薪酬及報酬組合。已對本集團作出重大貢獻的董事及其他僱員亦或會獲得根據購股權計劃將予授出之購股權。



DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTEREST AND SHORT POSITION IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2018, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of Securities and Futures Ordinance (“SFO”)) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the “Model Code”), to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

(i) Long positions in ordinary shares of the Company

| Name of director 董事姓名 | Nature of interest 權益性質 | Number of shares held/interested in 持有／擁有權益的股份數目 | Percentage of shareholding 持股百分比 |
|-----------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| Mr. Cheung Shek On 張錫安先生 | Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 1) 於受控法團的權益 (附註1) | 189,000,000 | 28.125% |
| | | 189,000,000 | 28.125% |
| Mr. Chan Yuk Sing 陳玉成先生 | Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2) 於受控法團的權益 (附註2) | 189,000,000 | 28.125% |
| | | 189,000,000 | 28.125% |

Notes:

- Mr. Cheung Shek On (“Mr. Cheung”) beneficially owns 100% of the issued share capital of Sino Continent Holdings Limited (“Sino Continent”) which in turn owns 189,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Cheung is deemed to be interested in the same number of the Shares held by Sino Continent.
- Mr. Chan Yuk Sing (“Mr. Chan”) beneficially owns 100% of the issued share capital of Supreme Voyage Limited (“Supreme Voyage”) which in turn owns 189,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Chan is deemed to be interested in the same number of the Shares held by Supreme Voyage.

(ii) Short positions in ordinary shares of the Company

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2018, there is no interests or short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of SFO).

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及淡倉

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本公司董事及主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團（定義見證券及期貨條例（「證券及期貨條例」）第XV部）之股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉（包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文彼等被當作或視為擁有之權益或淡倉），或記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條須存置之登記冊之權益及淡倉，或根據上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則（「標準守則」）須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下：

(i) 於本公司普通股之好倉

附註：

- 張錫安先生（「張先生」）實益擁有 Sino Continent Holdings Limited（「Sino Continent」）全部已發行股本，而 Sino Continent 則擁有 189,000,000 股本公司普通股。根據證券及期貨條例，張先生被視為於 Sino Continent 持有的相同數目股份中擁有權益。
- 陳玉成先生（「陳先生」）實益擁有 Supreme Voyage Limited（「Supreme Voyage」）全部已發行股本，而 Supreme Voyage 則擁有 189,000,000 股本公司普通股。根據證券及期貨條例，陳先生被視為於 Supreme Voyage 持有的相同數目股份中擁有權益。

(ii) 於本公司普通股之淡倉

除上文所披露者外，於二零一八年十二月三十一日，概無董事及本公司主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團（定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部）之股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有權益或淡倉。

Report of Directors

董事會報告

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

So far as the Directors are aware, as at 31 December 2018, other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company, the following persons/entities have an interest or a short position in the shares or the underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

(i) Long positions in ordinary shares of the Company:

| Name of shareholder | Nature of interest | Number of shares held/ interested in | Long/short position | Percentage of total issued share capital of the Company |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 股東名稱 | 權益性質 | 持有／擁有權益的股份數目 | 好倉／淡倉 | 佔本公司已發行股本總額的百分比 |
| Sino Continent | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 189,000,000 | Long 好倉 | 28.125% |
| Supreme Voyage | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 189,000,000 | Long 好倉 | 28.125% |
| Applewood Developments Limited | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 126,000,000 | Long 好倉 | 18.75% |
| Ms. Luk Pui Kei Peggy (Note 1) 陸珮淇女士 (附註 1) | Interest of spouse 配偶權益 | 189,000,000 | Long 好倉 | 28.125% |
| Ms. Cho Bik Nung (Note 2) 曹碧濃女士 (附註 2) | Interest of spouse 配偶權益 | 189,000,000 | Long 好倉 | 28.125% |
| Mr. Kwok Shun Tim 郭純恬先生 | Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 3) 於受控法團的權益 (附註 3) | 126,000,000 | Long 好倉 | 18.75% |
| Ms. Yip Nga Wan (Note 4) 葉雅雲女士 (附註 4) | Interest of spouse 配偶權益 | 126,000,000 | Long 好倉 | 18.75% |

Notes:

- Ms. Luk Pui Kei Peggy, the spouse of Mr. Cheung, is deemed under the SFO to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. Cheung is deemed to be interested.
- Ms. Cho Bik Nung, the spouse of Mr. Chan, is deemed under the SFO to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. Chan is deemed to be interested.
- Mr. Kwok beneficially owns 100% of the issued share capital of Applewood Developments Limited ("Applewood Developments"). By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Kwok is deemed to be interested in the same number of the Shares held by Applewood Developments.
- Ms. Yip Nga Wan, the spouse of Mr. Kwok, is deemed under the SFO to be interested in all the Shares in which Mr. Kwok is deemed to be interested.

(ii) Short positions in shares of the Company:

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2018, the Directors are not aware of any other persons/entities who had, or were deemed or taken to have any interests or short position in any shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO.

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份的權益及淡倉

就董事所知悉，於二零一八年十二月三十一日，除本公司董事及主要行政人員外，下列人士／實體於已於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之本公司登記冊之權益或淡倉：

(i) 於本公司普通股之好倉：

| Name of shareholder | Nature of interest | Number of shares held/ interested in | Long/short position | Percentage of total issued share capital of the Company |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 股東名稱 | 權益性質 | 持有／擁有權益的股份數目 | 好倉／淡倉 | 佔本公司已發行股本總額的百分比 |
| Sino Continent | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 189,000,000 | Long 好倉 | 28.125% |
| Supreme Voyage | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 189,000,000 | Long 好倉 | 28.125% |
| Applewood Developments Limited | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 126,000,000 | Long 好倉 | 18.75% |
| Ms. Luk Pui Kei Peggy (Note 1) 陸珮淇女士 (附註 1) | Interest of spouse 配偶權益 | 189,000,000 | Long 好倉 | 28.125% |
| Ms. Cho Bik Nung (Note 2) 曹碧濃女士 (附註 2) | Interest of spouse 配偶權益 | 189,000,000 | Long 好倉 | 28.125% |
| Mr. Kwok Shun Tim 郭純恬先生 | Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 3) 於受控法團的權益 (附註 3) | 126,000,000 | Long 好倉 | 18.75% |
| Ms. Yip Nga Wan (Note 4) 葉雅雲女士 (附註 4) | Interest of spouse 配偶權益 | 126,000,000 | Long 好倉 | 18.75% |

附註：

- 根據證券及期貨條例，張先生之配偶陸珮淇女士被視為為張先生被視為持有權益之全部股份中擁有權益。
- 根據證券及期貨條例，陳先生之配偶曹碧濃女士被視為為陳先生被視為持有權益之全部股份中擁有權益。
- 郭先生實益擁有 Applewood Developments Limited ("Applewood Developments") 全部已發行股本。根據證券及期貨條例，郭先生被視為為於 Applewood Developments 持有的相同數目股份中擁有權益。
- 根據證券及期貨條例，郭先生之配偶葉雅雲女士被視為為郭先生被視為持有權益之全部股份中擁有權益。

(ii) 於本公司股份之淡倉：

除上述所披露者外，於二零一八年十二月三十一日，董事並不知悉任何其他人士／實體於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有或被視作或被當作擁有記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉。



MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the Financial Year 2018, the percentage of revenue attributable to the Group's major customers is set out below:

主要客戶及供應商

於二零一八年財政年度，本集團主要客戶應佔的收入百分比載列如下：

| | | Percentage of revenue 佔收入百分比 |
|---|--------|------------------------------------|
| The largest customer | 最大客戶 | 19.27% |
| The total of the five largest customers | 五大客戶合計 | 43.47% |

For the Financial Year 2018, the percentage of cost of services attributable to the Group's major suppliers and subcontractors is set out below:

於二零一八年財政年度，本集團主要供應商及分包商應佔的服務成本百分比載列如下：

| | | Cost of services Percentage of total cost 服務成本佔 總成本百分比 |
|--|-------------|--|
| The largest supplier and subcontractor | 最大供應商及分包商 | 14.62% |
| The total of the five largest suppliers and subcontractors | 五大供應商及分包商合計 | 29.92% |

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major customers, major suppliers and major subcontractors noted above.

概無董事、彼等的聯繫人或任何股東（就董事所知擁有本公司股本超過5%）於上述的主要客戶、主要供應商及主要分包商中擁有權益。

CONNECTED TRANSACTION AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTION

During the Financial Year 2018, the Group had not entered into any connected transactions or continuing connected transactions that are not exempted under Rule 20.71 of the GEM Listing Rules or Rule 14A.73 of the Listing Rules.

關連交易及持續關連交易

於二零一八年財政年度內，本集團並無訂立根據GEM上市規則第20.71條或上市規則第14A.73條不可獲豁免的任何關連交易或持續關連交易。

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and to the best knowledge of the Directors, the Directors confirm that the Company maintained the public float as required under the GEM Listing Rules and the Listing Rules during the Financial Year 2018 and has continued to maintain such float as at the date of this report.

充足公眾持股量

根據本公司可獲得之公開資料以及就董事所知，董事確認本公司於二零一八年財政年度保持GEM上市規則及上市規則所規定之公眾持股量，並於本報告日期仍然維持該持股量。

INTERESTS OF THE COMPLIANCE ADVISER

As at 31 December 2018, as notified by the compliance adviser of the Company, Ample Capital Limited ("Ample"), save as the compliance agreement dated 23 November 2016 entered between the Company and Ample, neither Ample, its directors, employees and associates had any interest in relation to the Group which is required to be notified to the Company pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules and the Listing Rules.

合規顧問的權益

誠如本公司合規顧問豐盛融資有限公司（「豐盛」）所告知，於二零一八年十二月三十一日，除本公司與豐盛於二零一六年十一月二十三日訂立之合規顧問協議外，豐盛、其董事、僱員及聯繫人概無擁有根據GEM上市規則及上市規則須知會本公司有關本集團的任何權益。



Report of Directors

董事會報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Details of the corporate governance of the Company are set out in the section headed “Corporate Governance Report” on pages 17 to 28 of this report.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES

The Group and its activities are subject to requirements under various laws. The laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group include, among others, Air Pollution Control Ordinance (Chapter 311 of the Laws of Hong Kong), Air Pollution Control (Non-road Mobile Machinery) (Emission) Regulation (Chapter 311Z of the Laws of Hong Kong), Noise Control Ordinance (Chapter 400 of the Laws of Hong Kong), Water Pollution Control Ordinance (Chapter 358 of the Laws of Hong Kong), Waste Disposal Ordinance (Chapter 354 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and Public Health and Municipal Services Ordinance (Chapter 132 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Group recognises the importance of environmental protection and has implemented various environmental protection measures in order to minimise the operation impact on the environment and natural resources.

COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATION

To the best of the Directors’ knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Company and its subsidiaries during the Financial Year 2018.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the memorandum and article of association of the Company, the Directors and other officers, for the time being acting in relation to the affairs of the Company, shall be indemnified out of the assets the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him/her as a Director, or other officer of the Company in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal in which judgement is given in his favour, or in which he is acquitted. Such permitted indemnity provision is currently in force and was in force throughout the Financial Year 2018.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or in existence during the Financial Year 2018.

企業管治

本公司企業管治的詳情載於本報告第17至28頁「企業管治報告」一節。

環保政策

本集團及其業務須遵守不同法律之規定，當中包括對本集團有重大影響的法律及法規（其中包括）：《空氣污染管制條例》（香港法例第311章）、《空氣污染管制（非道路移動機械）（排放）規例》（香港法例第311Z章）、《噪音管制條例》（香港法例第400章）、《水污染管制條例》（香港法例第358章）、《廢物處置條例》（香港法例第354章）及《公眾衛生及市政條例》（香港法例第132章）。本集團明瞭環境保護的重要性，並已推行多項環保措施，以減少營運對環保及天然資源造成的影響。

遵守相關法律及規例

就董事經作出一切合理查詢後所知、所悉及所信，本集團於二零一八年財政年度在各重大方面已遵守對本公司及其附屬公司業務及營運有重大影響的相關法律及規例。

獲准許彌償條文

根據本公司的組織章程大綱及細則，在本公司董事及其他高級職員就本公司事務行事而涉及但獲判勝訴或獲判無罪的民事或刑事法律程序中，均可自本公司資產中就彼作為董事或本公司其他高級職員因抗辯任何法律程序而產生或存在的所有損失或負債撥付彌償。有關獲准許彌償條文現時已生效及於整個二零一八年財政年度有效。

管理合約

於二零一八年財政年度，概無訂立或存在任何與本集團業務中全部或任何重大部分有關之管理及行政合約。



AUDITORS

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited (“HLB”) was appointed by the Directors as the auditors of the Company. HLB will retire, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM. A resolution for their re-appointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM. The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 have been audited by HLB.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There is no significant event after the reporting period of the Group.

By Order of the Board
Cheung Shek On
Chairman

Hong Kong, 29 March 2019

核數師

國衛會計師事務所有限公司(「國衛會計師事務所」)已獲董事委任為本公司核數師。國衛會計師事務所將於應屆股東週年大會上退任，惟合資格並願意重選連任。本公司將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈續聘國衛會計師事務所為本公司核數師之決議案。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表已由國衛會計師事務所審核。

報告期後事項

本集團於報告期後並無發生重大事項。

承董事會命
張錫安
主席

香港，二零一九年三月二十九日



Independent Auditors' Report

獨立核數師報告



國衛會計師事務所有限公司
Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF KINGLAND GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Kingland Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 64 to 123, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKASs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

致景聯集團控股有限公司列位股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

吾等已審核載列於第64至123頁景聯集團控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表，該等綜合財務報表包括於二零一八年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表，以及綜合財務報表附註，包括主要會計政策概要。

吾等認為，綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而公平地反映 貴集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況以及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量，並已遵照香港公司條例的披露要求妥為編製。

意見的基礎

吾等根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核。在該等準則下，吾等的責任在吾等的報告內「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任」一節進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會的「專業會計師道德守則」(「守則」)，吾等獨立於 貴集團，並已遵循守則履行其他道德責任。吾等相信，吾等所獲得的審核憑證能充足及適當地為吾等的審核意見提供基礎。

關鍵審核事項

根據吾等的專業判斷，關鍵審核事項為吾等審核於本期間的綜合財務報表中最重要的事項。吾等在審核綜合財務報表及就此達致意見時處理此等事項，而不會就此等事項單獨發表意見。



Key audit matters **How our audit addressed the key audit matters**

關鍵審核事項 **吾等於審核時如何處理關鍵審核事項**

Recognition of revenue and costs from construction contracts and contract assets

確認建築合約收益及成本以及合約資產

Refer to Note 2.20, Note 5, Note 7 and Note 15 to the consolidated financial statements

參閱綜合財務報表附註2.20、附註5、附註7及附註15

We identified recognition of revenue and costs from construction contracts and contract assets as a key audit matter as significant management's estimations and judgements are involved in the determination of the outcome of construction contracts and the progress towards completion of construction works.

Our audit procedures in relation to recognition of revenue and costs from construction contracts and contract assets mainly included:

- Reviewing the contract sum and budgeted costs to respective signed contracts and budgets prepared by management;
- Understanding from management about how the budgets were prepared and the respective progress towards completion of construction works were determined;
- Evaluating the reasonableness of progress towards completion of construction works by obtaining the certificates issued by customers or payment applications;
- Testing the actual costs incurred on construction works;
- Assessing the reasonableness of the budgets by comparing the actual outcome against management's estimation of similar contracts; and
- Assessing the appropriateness and adequate of the disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements.

由於在釐定建築合約結果及完成建築工程的進度時涉及管理層的重大估計及判斷，因此吾等將確認建築合約收益及成本以及合約資產識別為關鍵審核事項。

吾等有關確認建築合約收益及成本以及合約資產的審核程序主要包括：

- 審閱合約總額和預算成本至各已簽訂合約及管理層籌備的預算；
- 了解管理層如何籌備預算及釐定完成建築工程的各自進度；
- 藉取得客戶發出的證明或付款申請評估完成建築工程的進度的合理性；
- 測試就建築工程所產生的實際成本；
- 比較管理層對同類合約的估計與實際結果以評估預算的合理性；及
- 評估於綜合財務報表作出的披露是否適當及充足。

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料承擔責任。其他資料包括載於年報的資料，惟不包括綜合財務報表及吾等就此發出的核數師報告。

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

吾等對綜合財務報表作出的意見並無涵蓋其他資料，而吾等不會對其他資料發表任何形式的核證結論。

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

就吾等審核綜合財務報表而言，吾等的責任為閱讀其他資料，從而考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或吾等在審核過程中獲悉的資料存在重大不符，或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。倘若根據所進行的工作，吾等認為其他資料出現重大錯誤陳述，吾等須報告有關事實。就此，吾等毋須作出報告。



Independent Auditors' Report

獨立核數師報告

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露要求，編製真實而公平地反映情況的綜合財務報表，及董事釐定對編製綜合財務報表屬必要的有關內部監控，以使該等綜合財務報表的編製不會存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時，董事須負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力，並披露與持續經營有關的事項（如適用）。除非董事擬將 貴集團清盤或停止營運，或除此之外並無其他實際可行的辦法，否則須採用以持續經營為基礎的會計法。

貴公司董事在審核委員會協助下履行彼等監督 貴集團的財務報告流程的責任。

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

吾等的目標為合理確定此等綜合財務報表整體而言不會存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述，並發出載有吾等意見的核數師報告。吾等僅向全體股東報告吾等之意見，不作其他用途。吾等概不就本報告的內容對任何其他人士負責或承擔任何責任。合理確定屬高層次的核證，惟根據香港審計準則進行的審核工作不能保證總能察覺所存在的重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可因欺詐或錯誤產生，倘個別或整體在合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定時，則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中，吾等運用專業判斷，保持專業懷疑態度。吾等亦：

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險，設計及執行審計程序以應對該等風險，以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證，作為吾等意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述或凌駕內部監控的情況，因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部監控，以設計適當的審計程序，惟並非旨在對 貴集團內部監控的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

Independent Auditors' Report

獨立核數師報告



- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Mr. Kwok Kin Leung.

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited
Certified Public Accountants

Kwok Kin Leung
Practising Certificate Number: P05769

Hong Kong, 29 March 2019

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論，並根據所獲取的審計憑證，確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性，從而可能導致對貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。倘吾等認為存在重大不確定性，則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。倘有關披露不足，則修訂吾等意見。吾等結論乃基於截至核數師報告日期止所取得的審計憑證。然而，未來事項或情況可能導致貴集團無法持續經營。
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體呈報方式、結構及內容，包括披露資料，以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料獲取充足及適當的審計憑證，以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。吾等負責集團審計的方向、監督和執行。吾等為審核意見承擔全部責任。

吾等與審核委員會就(其中包括)審計的計劃範圍、時間安排及重大審計發現溝通，該等發現包括吾等在審計過程中識別的內部監控的任何重大缺失。

吾等亦向審核委員會作出聲明，指出吾等已符合有關獨立性的相關道德要求，並與彼等溝通可能被合理認為會影響吾等獨立性的所有關係及其他事宜，以及相關防範措施(如適用)。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中，吾等釐定對本期綜合財務報表的審計至關重要的事項，因而構成關鍵審核事項。吾等在核數師報告中描述該等事項，除非法律或法規不允許公開披露該等事項，或在極端罕見的情況下，倘合理預期在吾等報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超出產生的公眾利益，則吾等決定不應在報告中傳達該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目董事為郭健樑。

國衛會計師事務所有限公司
執業會計師

郭健樑
執業證書編號：P05769

香港，二零一九年三月二十九日



Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

| | | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|----------------------------|----|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Revenue | 收益 | 5 | 147,413 | 186,168 |
| Cost of sales | 銷售成本 | | (95,727) | (130,665) |
| Gross profit | 毛利 | | 51,686 | 55,503 |
| Other income and gains | 其他收入及收益 | 5 | 632 | 67 |
| Net impairment losses on financial assets and contract assets | 金融資產及合約資產減值虧損淨額 | | (207) | - |
| Administrative and other operating expenses | 行政及其他經營開支 | | (28,370) | (25,027) |
| Operating profit | 經營溢利 | | 23,741 | 30,543 |
| Finance costs | 融資成本 | 6 | - | (104) |
| Profit before income tax | 除所得稅前溢利 | 7 | 23,741 | 30,439 |
| Income tax expense | 所得稅開支 | 10 | (3,558) | (5,416) |
| Profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company | 本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利及全面收入總額 | | 20,183 | 25,023 |
| Basic and diluted earnings per share (HK cents) | 每股基本及攤薄盈利(港仙) | 11 | 3.00 | 3.72 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附附註構成該等綜合財務報表的組成部分。

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2018 於二零一八年十二月三十一日

| | | Notes 附註 | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|-------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| ASSETS | 資產 | | | |
| Non-current assets | 非流動資產 | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 物業、廠房及設備 | 13 | 15,414 | 15,020 |
| Current assets | 流動資產 | | | |
| Contract assets | 合約資產 | 15 | 29,395 | – |
| Amounts due from customers for contract work | 應收客戶合約工程款項 | 16 | – | 7,651 |
| Trade and other receivables | 貿易及其他應收款項 | 17 | 65,697 | 65,101 |
| Tax recoverable | 可收回稅項 | | 612 | – |
| Pledged bank deposit | 已抵押銀行存款 | 18 | 10,106 | 10,014 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 現金及現金等價物 | 18 | 26,464 | 36,404 |
| | | | 132,274 | 119,170 |
| Total assets | 資產總值 | | 147,688 | 134,190 |
| EQUITY | 權益 | | | |
| Equity attributable to owners of the Company | 本公司擁有人應佔權益 | | | |
| Capital and reserves | 資本及儲備 | | | |
| Share capital | 股本 | 19 | 6,720 | 6,720 |
| Reserves | 儲備 | | 121,044 | 104,561 |
| Total equity | 權益總額 | | 127,764 | 111,281 |
| LIABILITIES | 負債 | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | 非流動負債 | | | |
| Other non-current liabilities | 其他非流動負債 | | 756 | 721 |
| Deferred taxation | 遞延稅項 | 22 | 1,298 | 1,620 |
| | | | 2,054 | 2,341 |
| Current liabilities | 流動負債 | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 貿易及其他應付款項 | 23 | 17,353 | 19,014 |
| Amounts due to directors | 應付董事款項 | 24 | 22 | 22 |
| Tax payable | 應付稅項 | | 495 | 1,532 |
| | | | 17,870 | 20,568 |
| Total liabilities | 負債總額 | | 19,924 | 22,909 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 權益及負債總額 | | 147,688 | 134,190 |
| Net current assets | 流動資產淨值 | | 114,404 | 98,602 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | 資產總值減流動負債 | | 129,818 | 113,622 |

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 March 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

綜合財務報表於二零一九年三月二十九日獲董事會批准及授權刊發，並由下列董事代表簽署：

Cheung Shek On
張錫安
Director
董事

Chan Yuk Sing
陳玉成
Director
董事

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附附註構成該等綜合財務報表的組成部分。



Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

| | | Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 19) (附註19) | Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 20) (附註20) | Merger reserve 合併儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 20) (附註20) | Retained earnings 保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total equity 總權益 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|---------------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|
| Balance at 1 January 2017 | 於二零一七年一月一日的結餘 | 6,720 | 44,658 | 16,313 | 18,567 | 86,258 |
| Profit and total comprehensive income for the year | 年內溢利及全面收入總額 | - | - | - | 25,023 | 25,023 |
| Balance at 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日的結餘 | 6,720 | 44,658 | 16,313 | 43,590 | 111,281 |
| Effect on initial application of HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 15 | 首次應用香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則第15號的影響 | - | - | - | (3,700) | (3,700) |
| Balance at 1 January 2018 | 於二零一八年一月一日的結餘 | 6,720 | 44,658 | 16,313 | 39,890 | 107,581 |
| Profit and total comprehensive income for the year | 年內溢利及全面收入總額 | - | - | - | 20,183 | 20,183 |
| Balance at 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日的結餘 | 6,720 | 44,658 | 16,313 | 60,073 | 127,764 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附附註構成該等綜合財務報表的組成部分。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

| | | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|---------------------|----|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | 經營活動所得現金流量 | | | |
| Net cash generated from operations | 經營產生的現金淨額 | 25 | 1,213 | 6,741 |
| Income tax paid | 已付所得稅 | | (4,802) | (8,231) |
| Net cash used in operating activities | 經營活動所用現金淨額 | | (3,589) | (1,490) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | 投資活動所得現金流量 | | | |
| Interest received | 已收利息 | | 136 | 14 |
| Purchases of property, plant and equipment | 購買物業、廠房及設備 | | (6,790) | (8,820) |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | 出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項 | | 395 | - |
| Net cash used in investing activities | 投資活動所用現金淨額 | | (6,259) | (8,806) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | 融資活動所得現金流量 | | | |
| Increase in pledged bank deposit | 已抵押銀行存款增加 | | (92) | (10,014) |
| Repayment of finance leases | 償還融資租賃 | | - | (4,010) |
| Interest paid on finance leases | 融資租賃的已付利息 | | - | (104) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | 融資活動所用現金淨額 | | (92) | (14,128) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | 現金及現金等價物減少淨額 | | (9,940) | (24,424) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year | 年初現金及現金等價物 | | 36,404 | 60,828 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year | 年末現金及現金等價物 | | 26,464 | 36,404 |
| Analysis of cash and cash equivalents | 現金及現金等價物分析 | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 現金及現金等價物 | 18 | 26,464 | 36,404 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附附註構成該等綜合財務報表的組成部分。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

Kingland Group Holdings Limited (the “Company”) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 5 January 2015 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and its shares have been listed on the GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”) with effect from 16 December 2016.

The Company’s shares are currently listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Dealings in the shares on the Main Board commenced on 12 June 2018 pursuant to the approval granted by the Stock Exchange for the transfer of listing of the shares from the GEM to the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Pursuant to the special resolution passed by the shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 22 August 2018, the name of the Company has been changed from “Sing On Holdings Limited” to “Kingland Group Holdings Limited” and the change of the dual foreign name in Chinese of the Company from “成安控股有限公司” to “景聯集團控股有限公司”. The certificate of incorporation on change of name of the Company was issued by the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands on 28 August 2018 and the certificate of registration of alteration of name of registered non-Hong Kong company was issued by the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong on 14 September 2018.

The address of the Company’s registered office is Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman, KY1-1108, Cayman Islands and the Company’s principal place of business is Flat B, G/F., Fu Hop Factory Building, 209 and 211 Wai Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “Group”) is principally engaged in the provision of concrete demolition services in Hong Kong and Macau mainly as a subcontractor.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (“HK\$”), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except otherwise indicated.

These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the board of directors on 29 March 2019.

1. 一般資料及編製基準

景聯集團控股有限公司(「本公司»)於二零一五年一月五日根據開曼群島公司法在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司，其股份於二零一六年十二月十六日起在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所»)GEM上市。

本公司股份現時於聯交所主板上市。根據聯交所就股份由聯交所GEM轉至主板上市授出的批准，股份已於二零一八年六月十二日開始於主板買賣。

根據股東在本公司於二零一八年八月二十二日舉行的股東特別大會上通過的特別決議案，本公司的名稱已由「Sing On Holdings Limited」更改為「Kingland Group Holdings Limited」及本公司雙重外文的中文名稱由「成安控股有限公司」更改為「景聯集團控股有限公司」。開曼群島公司註冊處處長已於二零一八年八月二十八日發出更改公司名稱註冊證明書，且香港公司註冊處處長已於二零一八年九月十四日發出註冊非香港公司變更名稱註冊證明書。

本公司註冊辦事處的地址為Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman, KY1-1108, Cayman Islands，本公司主要營業地點的地址為香港九龍觀塘偉業街209號及211號富合工廠大廈地下B室。

本公司為投資控股公司。本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團»)主要以分包商身份在香港及澳門從事提供混凝土拆卸服務。

除非另有指明，綜合財務報表以港元(「港元»)呈列，與本公司的功能貨幣相同，而所有數值均約整至最接近的千位數。

該等綜合財務報表已於二零一九年三月二十九日獲董事會批准刊發。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except as otherwise stated in the accounting policies.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the accounting policies of the Group.

2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

(i) *New and amended standards adopted by the Group*

The Group has applied the following new and amended standards, improvements and interpretation for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2018:

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| HKFRS 9 | Financial Instruments |
| HKFRS 15 | Revenue from Contracts with Customers and the related Amendments |
| HK(IFRIC) – Int 22 | Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration |
| Amendments to HKFRS 2 | Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transaction |
| Amendments to HKFRS 4 | Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments with HKFRS 4 Insurance Contracts |
| Amendments to HKAS 28 | As part of the Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014 – 2016 Cycle |
| Amendments to HKAS 40 | Transfers of Investment Property |

Except as described below, the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs and an interpretation in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

2. 主要會計政策概要

編製該等綜合財務報表所採納之主要會計政策載列如下。除非另有訂明，該等政策已貫徹應用於所有呈報年度。

2.1 編製基準

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會（「香港會計師公會」）頒佈之香港財務報告準則（「香港財務報告準則」）編製。此外，綜合財務報表包括聯交所證券上市規則及香港公司條例規定之適用披露資料。除會計政策另有所指外，綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本慣例編製。

根據香港財務報告準則編製綜合財務報表須運用若干關鍵會計估計，亦要求管理層於應用本集團會計政策之過程中行使判斷。

2.2 會計政策變動及披露資料

(i) 本集團採納的新訂及經修訂準則

本集團已於二零一八年一月一日開始的年度報告期間首次採用下列新訂及經修訂準則、改進及詮釋：

| | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 香港財務報告準則第9號 | 金融工具 |
| 香港財務報告準則第15號 | 來自客戶合約的收益及相關修訂 |
| 香港（國際財務報告詮釋委員會）— 詮釋第22號 | 外幣交易及預付代價 |
| 香港財務報告準則第2號（修訂本） | 分類及計量以股份為基礎的付款交易 |
| 香港財務報告準則第4號（修訂本） | 應用香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具與香港財務報告準則第4號保險合約 |
| 香港會計準則第28號（修訂本） | 作為香港財務報告準則二零一四年至二零一六年週期的年度改進的一部分 |
| 香港會計準則第40號（修訂本） | 投資物業轉讓 |

除下文所述者外，於本年度應用新訂香港財務報告準則及其修訂本及詮釋並無對本集團於本年度及過往年度之財務表現及狀況及／或該等綜合財務報表所載披露資料產生重大影響。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

(ii) *HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers – Impact of adoption*

The Group has applied HKFRS 15 for the first time in the current year. HKFRS 15 superseded HKAS 18 “Revenue”, HKAS 11 “Construction Contracts” and the related interpretations.

HKFRS 15, establishes a new five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under HKFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in HKFRS 15 provide a more structured approach for measuring and recognising revenue. The standard also introduces extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements, including disaggregation of total revenue, information about performance obligations, changes in contract asset and liability account balances between periods and key judgements and estimates.

The Group has applied HKFRS 15 retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this standard recognised at the date of initial application, 1 January 2018. Any difference at the date of initial application is recognised in the opening retained earnings and comparative information has not been restated. Furthermore, in accordance with the transition provisions in HKFRS 15, the Group has elected to apply the standard retrospectively only to contracts that are not completed at 1 January 2018. Accordingly, certain comparative information may not be comparable as comparative information was prepared under HKAS 18 “Revenue” and HKAS 11 “Construction Contracts” and the related interpretations.

The Group recognises revenue from the following major sources which arise from contracts with customers:

- Revenue from provision of concrete demolition services which arise from contracts with customers

Information about the Group’s performance obligations resulting from application of HKFRS 15 is disclosed in note 5.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 會計政策變動及披露資料(續)

(ii) *香港財務報告準則第15號來自客戶合約的收益—採納的影響*

本集團已於本年度首次應用香港財務報告準則第15號。香港財務報告準則第15號取代香港會計準則第18號「收益」、香港會計準則第11號「建築合約」以及相關詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第15號確立一個新的五步模式，以將客戶合約所產生的收益入賬。根據香港財務報告準則第15號，收益乃按能反映實體預期就向客戶轉讓貨物或服務而有權在交換中獲取的代價金額確認。香港財務報告準則第15號的原則為計量及確認收益提供更加結構化的方法。該準則亦引入大量定性及定量披露規定，包括分拆收益總額，關於履約義務、不同期間之間的合約資產及負債賬目結餘的變動以及主要判斷及估計的資料。

本集團已追溯應用香港財務報告準則第15號，而首次應用該準則的累積影響已於首次應用日期(二零一八年一月一日)確認。於首次應用日期的任何差額於期初保留盈利確認，且並無重列比較資料。再者，根據香港財務報告準則第15號的過渡條文，本集團已選擇僅對於二零一八年一月一日尚未完成的合約追溯應用該準則。因此，由於比較資料乃根據香港會計準則第18號「收益」及香港會計準則第11號「建築合約」以及相關詮釋編製，故若干比較資料可能無法比較。

本集團確認來自以下主要來源(來自客戶合約)的收益：

- 因客戶合約而產生來自提供混凝土拆卸服務的收益

有關本集團應用香港財務報告準則第15號產生的履約義務的資料於附註5披露。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

- (ii) *HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers – Impact of adoption (continued)*
The following adjustments were made to the amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at 1 January 2018. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included.

2. 主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.2 會計政策變動及披露資料 (續)

- (ii) 香港財務報告準則第15號來自客戶合約的收益—採納的影響(續)
以下調整乃就二零一八年一月一日的綜合財務狀況表內確認的金額作出。不受變動影響的項目並不包括在內。

| | | Carrying amounts previously reported at 31 December 2017 | Impact of HKFRS 15 | Carrying amounts under HKFRS 15 at 1 January 2018* |
|--|--------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| | | 先前於二零一七年十二月三十一日呈報的賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元 | 香港財務報告準則第15號的影響 HK\$'000 千港元 | 根據香港財務報告準則二零一八年一月一日的賬面值* HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Current assets | 流動資產 | | | |
| Contract assets | 合約資產 | – | 22,220 | 22,220 |
| Amounts due from customers for contract work | 應收客戶合約工程款項 | 7,651 | (7,651) | – |
| Trade and other receivables | 貿易及其他應收款項 | 65,101 | (18,264) | 46,837 |
| Current liabilities | 流動負債 | | | |
| Tax payable | 應付稅項 | 1,532 | (609) | 923 |
| Capital and reserves | 資本及儲備 | | | |
| Retained earnings | 保留盈利 | 43,590 | (3,086) | 40,504 |

* The amounts in this column are before the adjustments from the application of HKFRS 9.

HKFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognised. Under HKFRS 15, revenue is recognised when a customer obtain control of goods or series. Determining the timing of the transfer of control over time requires judgement. Management assessed that revenue from provision of concrete demolition services is recognised over-time.

* 此欄所列金額為於自應用香港財務報告準則第9號起作出調整前。

香港財務報告準則第15號就釐定是否確認收益、確認金額及時間建立全面框架。根據香港財務報告準則第15號，收益於客戶取得貨品或服務的控制權時確認，釐定隨著時間轉讓控制權的時間需要判斷。管理層評估提供混凝土拆卸服務的收益隨著時間確認。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

- (ii) *HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers – Impact of adoption (continued)*
- In relation to construction contracts previously accounted under HKAS 11, the Group continues to apply output method in estimating the performance obligations satisfied up to date of initial application of HKFRS 15. Under HKAS 11, contract costs are recognised as expenses by reference to the stage of completion, which is measured by reference to work performed to date as a percentage of total contract value. Under HKFRS 15, costs that related to satisfied performance obligations are expensed as incurred. In addition, at the date of initial application of HKFRS 15, retention receivables previously included in trade and other receivables are now included under contract assets. Accordingly, upon adoption of HKFRS 15, contract assets were increased by approximately HK\$22,220,000, amounts due from customers for contract work, trade and other receivables and tax payable were decreased by approximately HK\$7,651,000, HK\$18,264,000 and HK\$609,000 as at 1 January 2018, respectively, which resulted in a decrease in opening retained earnings at 1 January 2018 by approximately HK\$3,086,000, after net of tax effect of approximately HK\$609,000.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 會計政策變動及披露資料(續)

- (ii) *香港財務報告準則第15號來自客戶合約的收益—採納的影響(續)*
- 就先前根據香港會計準則第11號入賬處理的建築合約而言，本集團繼續應用產量法以估計截至初步應用香港財務報告準則第15號日期已完成的履約責任。根據香港會計準則第11號，合約成本參照完成階段確認為開支，其乃參考迄今為止已履約的工程佔總合約價值的比例計量。根據香港財務報告準則第15號，與履行履約責任相關的成本於產生時列為開支。此外，於初步應用香港財務報告準則第15號日期，先前計入貿易及其他應收款項的應收保固金現時計入合約資產。因此，於二零一八年一月一日，於採納香港財務報告準則第15號後，合約資產增加約22,220,000港元，應收客戶合約工程款項、貿易及其他應收款項以及應付稅項分別減少約7,651,000港元、18,264,000港元及609,000港元，這導致於二零一八年一月一日之期初保留盈利減少約3,086,000港元，扣除稅務影響淨額約609,000港元。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

(ii) *HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers – Impact of adoption (continued)*
Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 15

The following tables summarise the impacts of applying HKFRS 15 on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018 and its consolidated statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income for the current year. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included.

Impact on the consolidated statement of financial position:

| | | |
|--|------------|--|
| Contract assets | 合約資產 | |
| Amounts due from customers for contract work | 應收客戶合約工程款項 | |
| Trade and other receivables | 貿易及其他應收款項 | |
| Tax recoverable | 可收回稅項 | |
| Amounts due to customers for contract work | 應付客戶合約工程款項 | |
| Tax payable | 應付稅項 | |
| Retained earnings | 保留盈利 | |

Impact on the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income:

| | |
|---------------------|-------|
| Gross profit | 毛利 |
| Income tax expenses | 所得稅開支 |
| Profit for the year | 年內溢利 |

The explanations of the above changes affected in the current year by the application of HKFRS 15 as compared to HKAS 11, HKAS 18 and the related interpretations are similar to the explanations set out above for describing the adjustments made to the consolidated statement of financial position at 1 January 2018 upon adoption of HKFRS 15.

2. 主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.2 會計政策變動及披露資料 (續)

(ii) *香港財務報告準則第15號來自客戶合約的收益 – 採納的影響 (續)*

首次應用香港財務報告準則第15號所產生的影響概要

下表概述應用香港財務報告準則第15號對本集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表及其於本年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表的影響。不受變動影響的項目並不包括在內。

對綜合財務狀況表的影響：

| As reported | Adjustments | Amounts without application of HKFRS 15 |
|-------------|-------------|---|
| 如呈報 | 調整 | 無應用香港財務報告準則第15號的金額 |
| HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| 29,395 | (29,395) | – |
| – | 4,441 | 4,441 |
| 65,697 | 25,081 | 90,778 |
| 612 | 96 | 708 |
| – | 1,311 | 1,311 |
| 495 | (73) | 422 |
| 60,073 | (1,015) | 59,058 |

對綜合損益及其他全面收益表的影響：

| As reported | Adjustments | Amounts without application of HKFRS 15 |
|-------------|-------------|---|
| 如呈報 | 調整 | 無應用香港財務報告準則第15號的金額 |
| HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| 51,686 | (4,879) | 46,807 |
| 3,558 | (778) | 2,780 |
| 20,183 | (4,101) | 16,082 |

於本年度因應用香港財務報告準則第15號(較香港會計準則第11號而言)、香港會計準則第18號及相關詮釋而受影響的以上變動的闡釋類似於上文所載有關載述於二零一八年一月一日於採納香港財務報告準則第15號時對綜合財務狀況表作出的調整的闡釋。



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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

(iii) *HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Impact of adoption*

In the current year, the Group has applied HKFRS 9 and the related consequential amendments to other HKFRSs. HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for (1) the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, (2) expected credit losses (“ECL”) for financial assets and lease receivables and (3) general hedge accounting. The Group has applied HKFRS 9 in accordance with the transition provision set out in HKFRS 9, i.e. applied the classification and measurement requirements (including impairment under ECL model) retrospectively to instruments that have not been derecognised as at 1 January 2018 (date of initial application) and has not applied the requirements to instruments that have already been derecognised as at 1 January 2018. The difference between carrying amounts as at 31 December 2017 and the carrying amounts as at 1 January 2018 are recognised in the opening retained earnings, without restating comparative information. Accordingly, certain comparative information may not be comparable as comparative information was prepared under HKAS 39 “Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement” (“HKAS 39”).

Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities

HKFRS 9 categorises financial assets into three principal classification categories: measured at amortised cost, at fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVOCI”) and at fair value through profit or loss. These supersede HKAS 39’s categories of held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss. The classification of financial assets under HKFRS 9 is based on the business model under which the financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. Under HKFRS 9, the classification for all of the Group’s financial assets, including trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposit and cash and cash equivalents, and financial liabilities, including trade and other payables and amount due to directors, measured at amortised cost remain the same. The carrying amounts for all financial assets and financial liabilities at 1 January 2018 have not been impacted by the initial application of HKFRS 9.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 會計政策變動及披露資料(續)

(iii) *香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具－採納的影響*

於本年度，本集團已應用香港財務報告準則第9號及其他香港財務報告準則相應的有關修訂。香港財務報告準則第9號引入(1)金融資產及金融負債的分類及計量；(2)金融資產及應收租賃款項的預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)及(3)一般對沖會計處理的新規定。本集團已按香港財務報告準則第9號所載的過渡條文應用香港財務報告準則第9號，即對於二零一八年一月一日(首次應用日期)並無終止確認的工具追溯應用分類及計量規定(包括預期信貸虧損模式下的減值)，而並無對已於二零一八年一月一日終止確認的工具應用有關規定。二零一七年十二月三十一日的賬面值與二零一八年一月一日的賬面值之間的差額於期初保留盈利確認，而不會重列比較資料。因此，由於比較資料乃根據香港會計準則第39號「金融工具：確認及計量」(「香港會計準則第39號」)編製，故若干比較資料可能無法比較。

金融資產及金融負債的分類

香港財務報告準則第9號將金融資產分為三大類別：按攤銷成本、按公平值計入其他全面收入(「按公平值計入其他全面收入」)及按公平值計入損益計量。該等分類取代香港會計準則第39號的類別，分別為持有至到期投資、貸款及應收款項、可供出售金融資產及按公平值計入損益計量的金融資產。香港財務報告準則第9號項下的金融資產分類乃基於管理金融資產的業務模式及其合約現金流量特徵。根據香港財務報告準則第9號，本集團所有按攤銷成本計量的金融資產，包括貿易及其他應收款項，已抵押銀行存款以及現金及現金等價物及金融負債，包括貿易及其他應付款項以及應付董事款項的分類維持相同。於二零一八年一月一日所有金融資產及金融負債的賬面值並無受初始應用香港財務報告準則第9號所影響。

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For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

(iii) HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Impact of adoption (continued)

Impairment under ECL model

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measure ECL which uses a lifetime ECL for all contract assets and trade receivables. The ECL on these assets are assessed individually and/or collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate grouping based on same risk characteristics.

Except for those which had been determined as credit impaired, ECL for other financial assets at amortised cost, including other receivables and bank balances, are assessed on 12-month ECL (“12m ECL”) basis as there have been no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

As at 1 January 2018, additional credit loss allowance of approximately HK\$732,000 has been recognised against retained earnings. The additional loss allowance is charged against the respective asset.

All loss allowance as at 31 December 2017 reconciled to the opening loss allowances as at 1 January 2018 are as follows:

| | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| At 31 December 2017 – HKAS 39 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 — 香港會計準則第39號 |
| Amount remeasured through opening retained earnings | 透過期初保留盈利重新計量之金額 |
| At 1 January 2018 – HKFRS 9 | 於二零一八年一月一日 — 香港財務報告準則第9號 |

Summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 9

The following table summarises the impacts of transition to HKFRS 9 on retained earnings at 1 January 2018.

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Retained earnings | |
| Recognition of impairment loss | |
| Tax effect | |
| Impact at 1 January 2018 | |

2. 主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.2 會計政策變動及披露資料 (續)

(iii) 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具—採納的影響 (續)

預期信貸虧損模式項下的減值

本集團採用香港財務報告準則第9號簡化方法計量預期信貸虧損，為所有合約資產及貿易應收款項使用全期預期信貸虧損。該等資產的預期信貸虧損乃根據共同風險特點使用具有適當分組的撥備矩陣個別及／或共同作出評估。

除已釐定為信貸減值的金融資產外，由於自初步確認以來信貸風險並無顯著增加，因此其他按攤銷成本計量的金融資產（包括其他應收款項及銀行結餘）的預期信貸虧損按12個月預期信貸虧損（「12個月預期信貸虧損」）基準評估。

於二零一八年一月一日，已就保留盈利確認額外信貸虧損撥備約732,000港元。額外虧損撥備乃就相關資產予以扣除。

於二零一七年十二月三十一日的全部虧損撥備與二零一八年一月一日的年初虧損撥備的對賬如下：

| | Contract assets | Trade and other receivables |
|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | 合約資產 | 貿易及其他應收款項 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| At 31 December 2017 – HKAS 39 | – | – |
| Amount remeasured through opening retained earnings | 149 | 583 |
| At 1 January 2018 – HKFRS 9 | 149 | 583 |

首次應用香港財務報告準則第9號所產生的影響概要

下表概述向香港財務報告準則第9號過渡於二零一八年一月一日的保留盈利產生的影響。

| | |
|---------------|----------|
| | HK\$'000 |
| | 千港元 |
| 保留盈利 | |
| 確認減值虧損 | (732) |
| 稅務影響 | 118 |
| 於二零一八年一月一日的影響 | (614) |



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

(iv) *Impacts on opening consolidated statement of financial position arising from the application of all new standards*

As a result of the changes in the Group's accounting policies above, the opening consolidated statement of financial position had to be restated. The following table shows the adjustments recognised for each of the line items affected. Line items that were not affected by the changes have not been included.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 會計政策變動及披露資料(續)

(iv) 應用所有新準則對期初綜合財務狀況表的影響

由於上述本集團會計政策變動，期初綜合財務狀況表須予重列。下表列示就所受影響的每個項目確認的調整。不受變動影響的項目並不包括在內。

| | | 31 December 2017 As originally presented 二零一七年 十二月 三十一日 原先呈列 HK\$'000 千港元 | HKFRS 15 香港財務 報告準則 第15號 HK\$'000 千港元 | HKFRS 9 香港財務 報告準則 第9號 HK\$'000 千港元 | 1 January 2018 Restated 二零一八年 一月一日 經重列 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|--------------|--|---|---|--|
| Current assets | 流動資產 | | | | |
| Contract assets | 合約資產 | - | 22,220 | (149) | 22,071 |
| Amounts due from customers for contract work | 應收客戶合約工程款項 | 7,651 | (7,651) | - | - |
| Trade and other receivables | 貿易及其他應收款項 | 65,101 | (18,264) | (583) | 46,254 |
| Tax recoverable | 可收回稅項 | - | - | 8 | 8 |
| Non-current liabilities | 非流動負債 | | | | |
| Deferred taxation | 遞延稅項 | 1,620 | - | (110) | 1,510 |
| Current liabilities | 流動負債 | | | | |
| Tax payable | 應付稅項 | 1,532 | (609) | - | 923 |
| Reserves | 儲備 | | | | |
| Retained earnings | 保留盈利 | 43,590 | (3,086) | (614) | 39,890 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

(v) *New and amended standards and interpretations in issue but not yet effective and not been early adopted*

A number of new and amended standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the year ended 31 December 2018 and have not been early adopted by the Group.

| | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| HKFRS 16 | Leases ¹ |
| HKFRS 17 | Insurance Contracts ³ |
| Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 | Definition of Material ⁵ |
| Amendments to HKAS 19 | Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement ¹ |
| Amendments to HKAS 28 | Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Venture ¹ |
| Amendments to HKFRS 3 | Definition of a Business ⁴ |
| Amendments to HKFRS 9 | Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation ¹ |
| Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 | Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ² |
| Amendments to HKFRSs | Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2015 – 2017 Cycle ¹ |
| HK(IFRIC) – Int 23 | Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments ¹ |

¹ *Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.*

² *Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.*

³ *Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021.*

⁴ *Effective for the business combinations and assets acquisitions for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2020.*

⁵ *Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020.*

2. 主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.2 會計政策變動及披露資料 (續)

(v) *已頒佈但尚未生效及並無提早採納的新訂及經修訂準則及詮釋*

多項新訂及經修訂準則及詮釋已獲頒佈，但於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度並無強制應用且本集團並無提早採納該等準則及詮釋。

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| 香港財務報告準則第16號 | 租賃 ¹ |
| 香港財務報告準則第17號 | 保險合約 ³ |
| 香港會計準則第1號及香港會計準則第8號(修訂本) | 重大的定義 ⁵ |
| 香港會計準則第19號(修訂本) | 計劃修訂、縮減或結清 ¹ |
| 香港會計準則第28號(修訂本) | 於聯營公司及合營企業的長期權益 ¹ |
| 香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本) | 業務的定義 ⁴ |
| 香港財務報告準則第9號(修訂本) | 提早還款特性及負補償 ¹ |
| 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(修訂本) | 投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或出資 ² |
| 香港財務報告準則(修訂本) | 香港財務報告準則二零一五年至二零一七年週期的年度改進 ¹ |
| 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) – 詮釋第23號 | 所得稅處理的不確定性 ¹ |

¹ 於二零一九年一月一日或以後開始的年度期間生效。

² 於待定期日或以後開始的年度期間生效。

³ 於二零二一年一月一日或以後開始的年度期間生效。

⁴ 對於收購日期為於二零二零年一月一日或以後開始的首個年度期間開始時或之後的業務合併及資產收購生效。

⁵ 於二零二零年一月一日或以後開始的年度期間生效。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

(v) *New and amended standards and interpretations in issue but not yet effective and not been early adopted (continued)*

HKFRS 16 Leases

HKFRS 16 introduces a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and accounting treatments for both lessors and lessees. It distinguishes leases and service contracts on the basis of whether an identified asset is controlled by a customer. Subject to limited exceptions for short-term leases and low value assets, distinctions of operating and finance leases are removed for lessee accounting, and is replaced by a model where a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability have to be recognised for all leases by lessees. However, the standard does not significantly change the accounting of lessors.

Application of HKFRS 16 will result in the Group's recognition of right-of-use assets and corresponding liabilities in respect of the Group's lease arrangements. These assets and liabilities are currently not required to be recognised but certain relevant information is disclosed as commitments to these consolidated financial statements.

As set out in note 26(b), the total operating lease commitment of the Group as at 31 December 2018 amounted to approximately HK\$3,380,000. Upon application of HKFRS 16, the Group will recognise a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability in respect of all these leases unless they qualify for low value or short-term leases.

The application of new requirements may result in changes in measurement, presentation and disclosure as indicated above. The Group intends to elect the practical expedient to apply HKFRS 16 to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying HKAS 17 "Lease" and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4 "Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease" and not apply this standard to contracts that were not previously identified as containing a lease applying HKAS 17 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 4. Therefore, the Group will not reassess whether the contracts are, or contain a lease which already existed prior to the date of initial application. Furthermore, the Group intends to elect the modified retrospective approach for the application of HKFRS 16 as lessee and will recognise the cumulative effect of initial application to opening retained earnings without restating comparative information.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the other new standards and amendments will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 會計政策變動及披露資料(續)

(v) *已頒佈但尚未生效及並無提早採納的新訂及經修訂準則及詮釋(續)*

香港財務報告準則第16號租賃

香港財務報告準則第16號引進全面模式，以就出租人及承租人識別租賃安排及會計處理方法，當中按照所識別資產是否由客戶控制的基準，分辨租賃與服務合約。在短期租賃及低價值資產的有限例外情況規限下，已就租賃會計處理剔除經營與金融租賃的分辨，並以一項模式取代，該模式規定須就承租人的所有租賃確認使用權資產及相應責任。然而，該準則並無對出租人的會計處理作出重大改變。

應用香港財務報告準則第16號將導致本集團須就本集團租賃安排確認使用權資產及相應責任。此等資產及負債現時毋須確認，惟須披露若干相關資料，作為此等綜合財務資料的承擔。

誠如附註26(b)所載，本集團於二零一八年十二月三十一日的經營租賃承擔總額約為3,380,000港元。於應用香港財務報告準則第16號後，本集團將就所有該等租賃確認使用權資產及相應責任，除非彼等符合低價值或短期租賃則另當別論。

應用新規定可能導致上文所述之計量、呈列及披露變動。本集團已按權宜之計，擬將香港財務報告準則第16號應用於以往應用香港會計準則第17號「租賃」及香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)詮釋第4號「釐定安排是否包含租賃」時獲識別為租賃之合約，且並無將該準則應用於以往應用香港會計準則第17號及香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)詮釋第4號並無獲識別為包括租賃之合約。因此，本集團將不會重新評估合約是否屬於或包含在初次應用日期前已存在租賃。此外，本集團擬選擇經修改追溯法應用香港財務報告準則第16號(作為承租人)，並將於期初保留盈利確認初始應用之累計影響，而不會重列比較資料。

本公司董事預期應用其他等新訂準則及修訂將不會對本集團綜合財務報表造成重大影響。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 Principles of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

2.4 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2.5 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors that makes strategic decisions.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.3 綜合原則

(i) 附屬公司

附屬公司為本集團對其擁有控制權之所有實體(包括結構實體)。當本集團通過參與實體之業務而承擔或有權享有可變回報;及有能力通過對實體運用權力而影響該等回報,本集團即可控制實體。附屬公司自控制權轉移至本集團當日全面綜合入賬,並自終止控制當日不再綜合入賬。

本集團採用收購會計法將業務合併入賬。

本集團內公司間交易、交易結餘及未變現收益予以對銷。未變現虧損亦予以對銷,惟該交易有證據顯示已轉讓資產出現減值則除外。附屬公司的會計政策已按需要作出改變,以確保與本集團採納的政策保持一致。

2.4 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司之投資乃按成本扣除減值入賬。成本包括投資的直接應佔成本。本公司按已收股息及應收款項的基準將附屬公司的業績入賬。

倘股息超過附屬公司在宣派股息期間的全面收益總額,或獨立財務報表中的投資賬面值超過被投資公司淨資產(包括商譽)的綜合財務報表賬面值,則於收到於附屬公司之投資的股息時,須就該等投資進行減值測試。

2.5 分部報告

營運分部的呈報方式與向主要經營決策者提供的內部報告一致。制定策略性決定的執行董事為主要經營決策者,負責分配資源及評估營運分部表現。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.6 Foreign currency translation

(i) *Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

(ii) *Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on a net basis.

(iii) *Group companies*

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the end of that reporting period;
- income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting currency translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.6 匯兌換算

(i) *功能及呈列貨幣*

本集團各實體財務報表內所包括項目，均利用該實體經營的主要經濟環境的貨幣（「功能貨幣」）計量。綜合財務報表以港元呈列，港元為本公司的功能貨幣以及本集團的呈列貨幣。

(ii) *交易及結餘*

外幣交易均按交易日期匯率換算為功能貨幣。因有關交易結算及以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債按年末匯率換算而產生的外匯損益一般於損益確認。

匯兌盈利及虧損按淨額基準呈列於綜合損益及其他全面收益表內。

(iii) *集團公司*

功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同的所有集團實體（有關貨幣的經濟概無出現惡性通脹）的業績及財務狀況，均按以下方法換算為呈列貨幣：

- 呈列於每份財務狀況表的資產及負債，均以報告期末的收市匯率換算；
- 每份損益及其他全面收益表的收入及支出，均按平均匯率換算（惟該平均值並非有關交易日通行匯率累積影響的合理近似值則作別論；在此情況收入及支出均按交易日匯率換算）；及
- 所有最終匯兌差額於其他全面收益內確認。

因收購海外實體而產生之商譽及公平值調整，均作為有關海外實體之資產與負債，並按收市匯率換算。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.7 Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives or lease term, where applicable, as follows:

| | |
|--------------------------|-----|
| – Plant and machinery | 25% |
| – Furniture and fixtures | 20% |
| – Office equipment | 20% |
| – Motor vehicles | 20% |

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that are subjected to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.7 物業、廠房及設備

所有物業、廠房及設備乃按歷史成本減折舊及減值虧損後列賬。歷史成本包括收購該等項目直接產生的開支。

僅當與項目相關的未來經濟利益將會流入本集團，且項目的成本能夠可靠計量時，其後成本方會計入資產賬面值或確認為一項獨立資產(倘適用)。重置部分的賬面值不予以確認。所有其他維修及保養成本於其產生的財政期間自損益扣除。

折舊乃按其估計可使用年期或租賃期(倘適用)以直線法分配其成本(扣除其剩餘價值)，計算如下：

| | |
|---------|-----|
| – 廠房及機器 | 25% |
| – 傢俱及裝置 | 20% |
| – 辦公室設備 | 20% |
| – 汽車 | 20% |

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期在各報告期末進行檢討，並在適當時予以調整。

倘資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回金額，其賬面值即時撇減至其可收回金額。

出售時的盈虧通過比較所得款項與賬面值而釐定，並在綜合損益及其他全面收益表中確認。

2.8 非金融資產的減值

對進行攤銷的資產，當任何事件發生或環境變化預示其賬面值可能無法收回時，會對該等資產進行減值檢討。若某項資產的賬面值超過其可收回金額，則會就其差額確認減值虧損。資產的可收回金額為公平值減出售成本與其可使用價值中較高者。就評估減值而言，資產按獨立可識別現金流入的最低水平歸類，有關現金流入基本獨立於其他資產或資產組別的現金流入(現金產生單位)。出現減值的非金融資產(商譽除外)於各報告日期審閱是否能撥回減值。



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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Financial assets

(i) Classification

From 1 January 2018, the Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income (“OCI”), or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity’s business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (“FVPL”), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.9 金融資產

(i) 分類

自二零一八年一月一日起，本集團按以下計量類別對金融資產進行分類：

- 其後按公平值(計入其他全面收入(「其他全面收入」)，或計入損益)計量的金融資產；及
- 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產。

該分類取決於實體管理金融資產的業務模式以及現金流量的合約條款。

對於以公平值計量的資產，其盈虧將計入損益或其他全面收入。對於並非持作買賣的權益工具投資而言，其將取決於本集團在初始確認時是否作出不可撤銷的選擇而將權益工具按公平值計入其他全面收入入賬。

當及僅當管理該等資產的業務模式發生變化時，本集團方會對債務投資進行重新分類。

(ii) 確認及終止確認

金融資產的正常購入及出售在交易日確認。交易日指本集團承諾購買或出售有關資產當日。當從金融資產收取現金流量的權利已到期或已轉讓且本集團已實質上將所有權的所有風險和報酬轉讓時，金融資產即終止確認。

(iii) 計量

於初始確認時，本集團按公平值加上(倘金融資產並非按公平值計入損益(「按公平值計入損益」))可直接歸屬於收購該項金融資產的交易成本計量金融資產。按公平值計入損益列賬的金融資產的交易成本於損益支銷。

確定具有嵌入衍生工具的金融資產的現金流量是否僅為支付本金及利息時，需從金融資產的整體進行考慮。



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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Financial assets (continued)

(iii) *Measurement (continued)*

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

- **Amortised cost:** Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.
- **Fair value through other comprehensive income:** Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/(losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains/(losses) and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.9 金融資產(續)

(iii) *計量(續)*

債務工具

債務工具的後續計量取決於本集團管理該資產的業務模式以及該資產的現金流量特徵。本集團將其債務工具分類為三種計量類別：

- **攤銷成本：**為收取合約現金流量而持有，且現金流量僅為支付本金及利息的資產按攤銷成本計量。該等金融資產的利息收入按實際利率法計入財務收入。終止確認產生的任何收益或虧損直接於損益確認，並連同匯兌盈利及虧損於其他收益／(虧損)中列示。減值虧損於綜合損益及其他全面收益表中作為獨立項目列示。
- **按公平值計入其他全面收入：**持作收回合約現金流量及出售金融資產的資產，倘該等資產現金流量僅指支付本金及利息，則按公平值計入其他全面收入計量。賬面值變動計入其他全面收入，惟於損益中確認的減值收益或虧損、利息收入及匯兌盈利及虧損的確認除外。金融資產終止確認時，先前於其他全面收入確認的累計收益或虧損由權益重新分類至損益並於其他收益／(虧損)中確認。該等金融資產的利息收入按實際利率法計入財務收入。匯兌盈利及虧損於其他收益／(虧損)呈列，而減值開支則於綜合損益及其他全面收益表中作為獨立項目呈列。



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For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Financial assets (continued)

(iii) Measurement (continued)

Debt instruments (continued)

- Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises.

Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other gains/(losses) in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

(iv) Impairment

From 1 January 2018, the Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables and contract assets, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables and contract assets.

Impairment on other receivables is measured as either 12-month expected credit losses or lifetime expected credit loss, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If a significant increase in credit risk of a receivable has occurred since initial recognition, then impairment is measured as lifetime expected credit losses.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.9 金融資產(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

債務工具(續)

- 按公平值計入損益：不符合攤銷成本或公平值計入其他全面收入標準的資產乃按公平值計入損益計量。隨後按公平值計入損益計量的債務投資的收益或虧損於損益中確認，並於產生期間於其他收益／(虧損)中呈列。

權益工具

本集團所有股本投資隨後按公平值計量。倘本集團管理層已選擇將股本投資的公平值收益及虧損於其他全面收入呈列，則終止確認投資後，概無後續重新分類公平值收益及虧損至損益。本集團收取付款的權利確立時，有關投資的股息繼續於損益中確認為其他收入。

按公平值計入損益的金融資產公平值變動於綜合損益表其他收益／(虧損)(按適用情況)確認。按公平值計入其他全面收入計量的股本投資的減值虧損(及減值虧損撥回)不會因公平值其他變動而分開列報。

(iv) 減值

自二零一八年一月一日起，本集團就與其按攤銷成本及按公平值計入其他全面收入列賬的債務工具有關的預期信貸虧損作出前瞻性評估。所採用減值方法取決於其信貸風險是否顯著增加。

對於貿易應收款項及合約資產，本集團採用香港財務報告準則第9號允許的簡化方法，須自初始確認應收款項及合約資產起確認預期全期虧損。

其他應收款項的減值，將視乎初始確認以來信貸風險是否已顯著增加，以12個月預期信貸虧損或全期預期信貸虧損計量。如果應收款項的信貸風險自初始確認以來已顯著增加，則減值以全期預期信貸虧損計量。



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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Financial assets (continued)

(iv) Impairment (continued)

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of, a financial asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the debtor's ability to meet its obligations.
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the debtors.
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the debtors, including changes in the payment status of debtors in the Group and historical credit loss experience.

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more events of default that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.9 金融資產(續)

(iv) 減值(續)

本集團於初始確認金融資產時考慮違約概率及於各報告期間信貸風險有否持續顯著增加。為評估信貸風險有否顯著增加，本集團比較資產於報告日期發生違約的風險與於初始確認日期違約的風險。本集團會考慮可獲取的合理及有據前瞻資料，尤其納入下列指標：

- 預期導致債務人履行其責任的能力出現重大變動的業務、財務或經濟狀況的實際或預期重大不利變動。
- 債務人經營業績的實際或預期重大變動。
- 債務人的預期表現及行為的重大變動，包括債務人於本集團付款狀況的變動及過往信貸虧損經驗。

就內部信貸風險管理而言，本集團認為，違約事件在內部制訂或得自外界來源的資料顯示債務人不大可能悉數向債權人(包括本集團)還款(未計及本集團所持任何抵押品)時發生。

當發生一項或多項違約事件對金融資產的估計未來現金流量產生不利影響，即表示有關金融資產出現信貸減值。



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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Financial assets (continued)

(v) *Accounting policies applied until 31 December 2017*

The Group has applied HKFRS 9 retrospectively, but has elected not to restate comparative information. As a result, the comparative information provided continues to be accounted for in accordance with the Group's previous accounting policy.

Until 31 December 2017, the Group classifies its financial assets as financial assets at FVPL, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement at initial recognition did not change the adoption of HKFRS 9, see description above. Subsequent to the initial recognition, loans and receivables were subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Impairment

The Group assessed at the end of each reporting period whether there was objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets was impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets was impaired and loss allowance were incurred only if there was objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a "loss event") and that loss event (or events) had an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that could be reliably estimated.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.9 金融資產(續)

(v) *截至二零一七年十二月三十一日前應用的會計政策*

本集團已追溯應用香港財務報告準則第9號，但已選擇不重述比較資料。因此，本集團將繼續按照先前的會計政策對提供的比較資料進行會計處理。

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日前，本集團將其金融資產分類為按公平值計入損益的金融資產、貸款及應收款項、持至到期投資及可供出售金融資產。分類取決於購入金融資產的目的。管理層於進行初始確認時決定金融資產的分類。

其後計量

於初始確認時計量並無改變採納香港財務報告準則第9號(見上文所述)。於初始確認後，貸款及應收款項其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本列賬。

減值

本集團於各報告期末評估有否客觀證據證明一項金融資產或一組金融資產已經減值。僅在有客觀證據顯示於初步確認資產後曾發生一宗或多宗導致減值的事件(「虧損事件」)，而該宗或該等虧損事件對該項金融資產或該組金融資產的估計未來現金流量構成能可靠地估計的影響時，該項金融資產或該組金融資產方會出現減值及產生虧損撥備。

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綜合財務報表附註

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Financial assets (continued)

(v) *Accounting policies applied until 31 December 2017 (continued)*

Assets at amortised cost

For loans and receivables category, the amount of the loss was measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that had not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset was reduced and the amount of the loss was recognised in profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the loss allowance decreased and the decrease could be related objectively to an event occurring after the loss allowance was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised loss allowance was recognised in profit or loss.

2.10 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.11 Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method less provision for impairment.

When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for trade receivables. Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against credit impairment loss in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

2. 主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.9 金融資產 (續)

(v) *截至二零一七年十二月三十一日前應用的會計政策 (續)*

按攤銷成本列賬的資產

就貸款及應收款項類別而言，虧損金額乃根據資產賬面值與按金融資產原實際利率貼現的估計未來現金流量（不包括仍未產生的未來信貸虧損）的現值兩者的差額計量。資產賬面值予以削減，而虧損金額則在損益確認。

倘其後期間，虧損撥備的款項減少，而此減少可客觀地與虧損撥備確認後發生的任何事件（例如債務人的信貸評級有所改善）相關，則先前已確認的虧損撥備的撥回在損益確認。

2.10 抵銷金融工具

當現時有可依法強制執行的權利用作抵銷已確認金額，且有意圖按其淨額作結算或同時變現資產和結算負債時，有關金融資產及金融負債可互相抵銷，並在綜合資產負債表呈報其淨值。

2.11 貿易應收款項

貿易應收款項為就於日常業務過程中提供服務而應收客戶的款項。倘預期貿易應收款項可於一年或以內（或倘時間較長，則於正常營運週期內）收回，則分類為流動資產，否則呈列為非流動資產。

貿易應收款項初步按無條件的代價款項確認，除非包含重大融資成份，則按公平值確認。本集團持有貿易應收款項，目的是收取合約現金流量，故其後則採用實際利率法按攤銷成本減減值撥備計量。

當一項貿易應收款項無法收回時，其會與貿易應收款項內的撥備賬撇銷。當無法合理預期可收回相關款項時，貿易應收款項會被撇銷。無法合理預期可收回相關款項的指標包括（其中包括）債務人未能與本集團訂立還款計劃。如先前撇銷的款項隨後收回，則就信貸減值虧損計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表。



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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts (if any).

2.13 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.14 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.15 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.12 現金及現金等價物

在綜合現金流量表內，現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金、可隨時提取的銀行存款、原到期日不超過三個月的其他高流動性短期投資及銀行透支(倘有)。

2.13 股本

普通股被分類為權益。

直接歸屬於發行新股或期權的新增成本在權益中列為所得款的減少(扣除稅項)。

2.14 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易應付款項為在日常經營活動中向供應商購買商品或服務而應支付的債務。倘貿易及其他應付款項的支付日期在一年或以內(如仍在正常經營周期中，則可較長時間)，其將會分類為流動負債；否則，分類為非流動負債。

貿易及其他應付款項初始按公平值確認，其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

2.15 借貸成本

直接歸屬於收購、興建或生產合資格資產的一般及特定借貸成本，在完成和籌備資產作其預定用途或銷售所需的期間內資本化。合資格資產指必須經一段長時間處理以作其預定用途或銷售的資產。

特定借貸於撥作符合條件資產的支出前用作短暫投資所賺取的投資收入，會自撥作資本的借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本於其產生期間支銷。



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.16 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of each reporting period in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluate positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.16 即期及遞延所得稅

本期間稅項開支包括即期及遞延稅項。稅項於損益中確認，但與於其他全面收益中或直接在權益中確認的項目有關者除外。在該情況下，稅項亦分別於其他全面收益或直接在權益中確認。

即期所得稅

即期所得稅開支按本集團營運及產生應課稅收入的國家於各報告期末在該等國家已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的稅務法例計算。管理層就適用稅務法例詮釋所規限的情況定期評估報稅表的狀況，並在適用情況下根據預期須向稅務機關支付的稅款設定撥備。

遞延所得稅

遞延所得稅利用負債法就資產和負債的稅基與資產和負債在綜合財務報表的賬面值的差額而產生的暫時性差異全數計提撥備。然而，倘遞延稅項負債來自商譽的初步確認，則不予確認。若遞延所得稅來自在交易(不包括業務合併)中對資產或負債的初步確認，而在交易時不影響會計損益或應課稅溢利或虧損，則不作記賬。遞延所得稅採用在報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈且在有關的遞延所得稅資產變現或遞延稅項負債結算時預期將適用的稅率(及法例)釐定。

僅於可能出現可使用該等暫時性差異及虧損的未來應課稅金額時，方會確認遞延稅項資產。

當有法定可執行權利將當期稅項資產與負債抵銷，且遞延稅項結餘同一稅務機關相關，則可將遞延稅項資產與負債互相抵銷。倘實體擁有法定可強制執行權利抵銷及擬按淨額基準償付或同時變現資產及償付負債，則即期稅項資產及稅項負債互相抵銷。



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.17 Employee benefits

- (i) *Employee leave entitlements*
Employee entitlement to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.
- (ii) *Retirement benefits*
The Group operates a defined contribution plan and pays contributions to a privately administered pension insurance plan on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.
- (iii) *Bonus plans*
The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of such obligation can be made.

2.18 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.17 僱員福利

- (i) *僱員應享假期*
僱員應享的病假及分娩假期於放假時予以確認。
- (ii) *退休福利*
本集團營辦一項定額供款計劃，並以強制性、合約性或自願性方式向私人管理的退休金保險計劃支付供款。本集團作出供款後，即無進一步付款責任。供款在到期時確認為僱員福利開支。預付供款在有現金退款或未來付款減少的情況下確認為資產。
- (iii) *花紅計劃*
本集團因僱員提供服務而負上現有法定或推定責任以及相關責任能可靠地估計時就花紅確認負債及開支。

2.18 撥備

倘本集團因過往事件須即時負上法定或推定責任；資源或須流出以履行有關責任；以及相關金額能可靠估計時，則會確認撥備。至於未來的營運虧損則不會確認撥備。

倘出現多項類似責任，經由考慮整體責任類別釐定清償責任會否導致資源流出。即使同類責任內，任何一個項目導致資源流出的可能性不大，仍會確認撥備。

撥備按管理層對於報告期末須償付現有責任的支出的最佳估計的現值計量。用於釐定現值的貼現率為反映當時市場對金錢時間值及負債特定風險的評估的稅前利率。隨著時間過去而增加的撥備確認為利息開支。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.19 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resource will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group.

Contingent assets are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. When inflow is virtually certain, an asset is recognised.

2.20 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the Group uses a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer;
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price;
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Under HKFRS 15, the Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when “control” of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to customers.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.19 或然負債及或然資產

或然負債指由於過往事件而可能產生的責任，此等責任最終會否形成乃取決於一宗或多宗日後或會(或不)發生且並非本集團可完全控制的不確定事件，方能確定。或然負債亦可能是因為已發生的事件而引致的現有責任，但由於可能不需要流出經濟資源，或責任金額未能可靠地衡量而未有確認。

或然負債並不確認，惟在綜合財務報表附註中披露。倘流出資源的可能性有變而導致可能出現資源流出時，此等負債將確認為撥備。

或然資產乃指因過往事件而可能擁有之資產，及其存在性只可於本集團不能完全控制的一件或多件不能確定的未來事件出現或不出現時確定。

或然資產未予確認，惟於經濟利益流入的可能性存在時披露於綜合財務報表附註內。當經濟利益流入可實質確定，資產將予確認。

2.20 收益確認

本公司確認收益以述明向客戶移交承諾貨品或服務的金額，有關金額反映本集團預期就交換該等貨品或服務有權收取的代價。具體而言，本集團採用五步法確認收益：

- 第一步：識別與客戶訂立的合約；
- 第二步：識別合約中的履約義務；
- 第三步：釐定交易價格；
- 第四步：將交易價格分配至合約中的履約義務；及
- 第五步：於實體達成履約義務時(或就此)確認收益。

根據香港財務報告準則第15號，本集團於履行履約義務時(或就此)確認收益，即與特定履約義務相關的貨品或服務的「控制權」轉移予客戶時確認收益。

履約義務指一個明確貨品或一項明確服務(或一批明確貨品或服務)或一系列大致相同的明確貨品或服務。



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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.20 Revenue recognition (continued)

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the entity's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to a contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

Revenue from construction contracts is described in the accounting policy on construction contracts below.

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis using the effective interest method, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.20 收益確認(續)

倘符合下列其中一項標準，控制權在一段時間內轉移，而收益確認會按一段時間內已完成相關履約義務的進度進行：

- 於本集團履約時，客戶同時取得並耗用實體履約所提供的利益；
- 本集團的履約產生及提升一項資產，而該項資產於本集團履約時由客戶控制；或
- 本集團的履約並未產生對本集團有替代用途的資產，且本集團對迄今已完成履約的付款具有可強制執行的權利。

否則，收益會在當客戶獲得明確貨品或服務的控制權時在某一時點確認。

合約資產指本集團就向客戶換取本集團已轉讓的服務收取代價的權利(尚未成為無條件)。其根據香港財務報告準則第9號評估減值。相反，應收款項指本集團收取代價的無條件權利，即代價付款到期前僅需時間推移。

合約負債指本集團因已自客戶收取代價(或已可自客戶收取代價)，而須轉讓服務予客戶的義務。

有關一項合約的合約資產及合約負債乃按淨額基準入賬及呈列。

建築合約收益載述於下文有關建築合約的會計政策。

金融資產的利息收入參照未償還本金額及適用的實際利率按時間基準累計，適用的實際利率指將金融資產於整個預計年期內的估計日後現金收入準確貼現至該資產初步確認時的賬面淨值的利率。



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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.21 Construction contracts

A contract with a customer is classified by the Group as a construction contract when the contract relates to construction work under the control of the customer and therefore the Group's construction activities create or enhance an asset under the customer's control.

When the outcome of a construction contract can be reasonably measured, revenue from the contract is recognised progressively over time using the output method, based on direct measurement of the value of contract work performed, provided that the value of contract work performed can be measured reliably. The value of contract work performed is measured according to the completion of specific detailed components as set out in the contract. Variations in contract work are recognised as contract revenue to the extent that the modification has been approved by the parties to the contracts and it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur.

When the outcome of the contract cannot be reasonably measured, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that are expected to be recovered.

In determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised amount of consideration for the effects of the time value of money if the timing of payments agreed (either explicitly or implicitly) provides the customer or the Group with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer. In those circumstances, the contract contains a significant financing component. A significant financing component may exist regardless of whether the promise of financing is explicitly stated in the contract or implied by the payment terms agreed to by the parties to the contract.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.21 建築合約

合約與受客戶控制的建築工程相關時，本集團把與客戶所訂的合約列作建築合約，故本集團建築活動設置或提升受客戶控制的資產。

建築合約結果可合理計量時，合約收益按所執行合約工程的直接價值計量，利用輸出法隨時間累進確認，惟所執行合約工程的價值須能可靠計量。所執行合約工程的價值，乃按合約所載具體細節部分的完成情況計量。倘合約訂約方已批准修訂，則合約工程變動確認為合約收益，而經確認累計收益金額的重大撥回極可能不會發生。

倘建築合約的成果不能可靠估計，收益則僅在預期可收回所產生合約成本的情況下予以確認。

於釐定交易價格時，倘向客戶就轉移貨品或服務（不論以明示或暗示方式）而協定的付款時間為客戶或本集團帶來重大融資利益，則本集團就貨幣時間值的影響而調整已承諾之代價金額。於該等情況下，合約含有重大融資成分。不論於合約中以明示呈列或合約訂約方協定的支付條款暗示融資承諾，合約中均存在重大融資成分。



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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.22 Construction contracts (applicable before 1 January 2018)

Construction work-in-progress is valued at cost incurred plus an appropriate proportion of profits after deducting progress payments and allowances for foreseeable losses. Cost comprises construction material costs, labour and overheads expenses incurred in bringing the work-in-progress to its present condition.

The Group presents as an asset the amount due from customers for contract work for all contracts in progress for which costs incurred plus recognised profits (less recognised losses) exceed progress billings. Progress billings not yet paid by customers and retention are included within trade and retention receivables. The Group presents as a liability the amount due to customers for contract work for all contracts in progress for which progress billings exceed costs incurred plus recognised profits (less recognised losses).

2.23 Revenue recognition (applicable before 1 January 2018)

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivables for the sale of services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown after eliminating sales within the Group.

Revenue from provision of concrete demolition services is recognised based on the stage of completion of the jobs, provided that the stage of jobs completion and the gross billing value of the jobs can be measured reliably. Progress billing is made according to the stage of job completion by reference to the work done as reviewed and approved by the customers. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included in contract revenue to the extent that they have been agreed with the customer and are capable of being reliably measured.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.22 建築合約(於二零一八年一月一日前適用)

在建工程按已產生成本加適當比例的利潤(經扣除進度款及可預見虧損撥備)列值。成本包括令在建工程達至現況產生的建築材料成本、勞工及日常管理開支。

就所有未完成合約而言，倘其已產生的成本加已確認的溢利(減已確認虧損)超過工程進度收款，則本集團將應收客戶合約工程款項呈列為資產。客戶未支付的工程進度收款及保固金計入貿易應收款項及應收保固金。就所有未完成合約而言，倘其工程進度收款超過已產生的成本加已確認的溢利(減已確認虧損)，則本集團將應付客戶合約工程款項呈列為負債。

2.23 收益確認(於二零一八年一月一日前適用)

收益包括本集團日常業務過程中銷售服務已收或應收代價的公平值。收益於與本集團內部銷售抵銷後入賬。

提供混凝土拆卸服務的收益乃根據工程完成的程度確認入賬，惟工程的完成程度及工程的總賬單值必須能可靠計量。進度收費乃參照客戶審批的已完成工程，根據完工階段釐定。合約工程修改、申索及獎勵金計入合約收益，以已與客戶協定且能可靠計量者為限。



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.24 Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group, as lessee, has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's inception at the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other short-term and long-term payables. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the asset's useful life or over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term if there is no reasonable certainty that the Group will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term.

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Group as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

2.25 Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control of the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group

or;

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.24 租賃

倘本集團(作為承租人)大致上承受擁有權的所有風險及回報,則物業、廠房及設備的租賃歸類為融資租賃。融資租賃在租賃開始時,按租賃物業的公平值或最低租賃付款現值兩者之中較低者資本化。相應租賃責任在扣除財務支出後計入其他短期及長期應付款項。各項租金均分攤為負債及財務成本。財務成本於租賃期內在損益扣除,以計算出各期間剩餘負債的固定周期利率。倘可合理確定本集團將於租賃期末獲得擁有權,則根據融資租賃而獲得的物業、廠房及設備按資產的使用年期或租賃期兩者之中較短者進行折舊。

倘租賃擁有權的重大部分風險和回報不會轉讓予本集團(作為承租人),則分類為經營租賃。根據經營租賃支付的款項(扣除自出租人收取的任何獎勵措施後)於租賃期內以直線法在損益支銷。

2.25 關連方

有關人士在下列情況下被視為與本集團有關連:

- (a) 該方為該名人士家族的人士或直系親屬,而該名人士:
 - (i) 對本集團擁有控制權或共同控制權;
 - (ii) 對本集團擁有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的主要管理層成員。

或;



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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.25 Related parties (continued)

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
- (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.25 關連方(續)

- (b) 倘任何以下條件適用，則該方為一實體：

- (i) 該實體及本集團為同一集團的成員公司；
- (ii) 一實體為另一實體的聯營公司或合營企業(或另一實體的母公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司)；
- (iii) 該實體及本集團均為同一第三方的合營企業；
- (iv) 一實體為一第三間實體的合營企業，而另一實體為該第三間實體的聯營公司；
- (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團有關連的實體的僱員利益而設的離職後福利計劃；
- (vi) 該實體受(a)所識別人士控制或共同控制；
- (vii) (a)(i)所識別的人士對該實體行使重大影響力，或為該實體(或該實體的母公司)的主要管理人員；及
- (viii) 該實體或其任何集團成員公司提供主要管理人員服務予本集團或本集團之母公司。

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3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities exposed it to a variety of financial risks: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) *Interest rate risk*

Other than bank balances with variable interest rate, the Group has no other significant interest-bearing assets. Management does not anticipate significant impact to interest-bearing assets resulted from the changes in interest rates, because the interest rates of bank balances are not expected to change significantly. The Group currently does not hedge its exposure to the interest rate risk as the management of the Group consider that the risk is insignificant.

(b) *Foreign exchange risk*

The Group mainly operates in Macau and Hong Kong with most of the Group's monetary assets, liabilities and transactions principally denominated in HK\$ and Macau Pataca ("MOP"). The Group is exposed to currency risk arising from currency exposures primarily with respect to MOP, mainly attributable to the exposure on outstanding receivables and payables denominated in MOP.

The carrying amounts of the Group's MOP denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

| | |
|--------------------|-----------|
| Assets | 資產 |
| MOP | 澳門幣 |
| Liabilities | 負債 |
| MOP | 澳門幣 |

Most of the MOP denominated monetary assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period are held under the Group's subsidiary in Macau. As MOP is pegged to HK\$, the management of the Group consider that the foreign currency risk is insignificant, and hence they do not engage in any hedging activity.

3. 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團的業務面臨多種財務風險：利率風險、外幣風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。

本集團的整體風險管理計劃著重於金融市場的變數及致力於減低本集團財務表現的潛在不利影響。

(a) *利率風險*

除不同利率的銀行結餘外，本集團並無其他重大計息資產。管理層並不預期利率變動會對計息資產帶來重大影響，因為為並不預期銀行結餘的利率會出現重大變動。本集團現時並無對沖其利率風險，原因為本集團管理層認為有關風險並不重大。

(b) *外匯風險*

本集團主要於澳門及香港經營業務，本集團大部分貨幣資產、負債及交易主要以港元及澳門幣（「澳門幣」）計值。本集團面臨主要涉及澳門幣的貨幣風險所產生的貨幣風險，主要因以澳門幣計值的尚未償還應收款項及應付款項面對的風險所致。

本集團於報告期末以澳門幣計值的貨幣資產及貨幣負債的賬面值如下：

| 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 12,871 | 1,877 |
| 3,705 | 115 |

於報告期末大部分以澳門幣計值的貨幣資產及負債乃於本集團於澳門的附屬公司下持有。由於澳門幣與港元掛鈎，本集團管理層認為外幣風險並不重大，因而彼等並無進行任何對沖活動。



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3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk arises mainly from contract assets, trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposit and cash and cash equivalents. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties' failure to perform their obligations as at the reporting dates in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In respect of trade and other receivables and contract assets, individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers and counterparties. These evaluations focus on the counterparty's financial position, past history of making payments and take into account information specific to the counterparty as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the counterparty operates. Monitoring procedures have been implemented to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment under the ECL model upon application of HKFRS 9 (2017: incurred loss model) on its financial assets and contract assets. In this regard, management considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The loss allowance for trade and other receivables and contract assets were determined as follows:

3. 財務風險管理 (續)

3.1 財務風險因素 (續)

(c) 信貸風險

信貸風險主要來自合約資產、貿易及其他應收款項、已抵押銀行存款以及現金及現金等價物。倘對手方未能在報告日期就各類已確認金融資產履行其責任，本集團所面對的最高信貸風險為該等資產於綜合財務狀況表呈列的賬面值。

關於貿易及其他應收款項以及合約資產，需要對所有客戶及對手方進行個別信貸評估。該等評估專注於對手方的財務狀況、過往付款記錄，並考慮對手方的特定資料以及與對手方經營相關的經濟環境。已實施監控程序以確保採取跟進行動收回逾期債務。此外，本集團於應用香港財務報告準則第9號時根據預期信貸虧損模式(二零一七年：已產生虧損模式)對其金融資產及合約資產進行減值評估。就此而言，管理層認為本集團的信貸風險顯著減少。

貿易及其他應收款項以及合約資產的虧損撥備釐定如下：

| | | Weighted average expected credit loss rate | Gross carrying amount | Expected credit loss | Net carrying amount |
|----------------------------|----------------------|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | 加權平均 預期信貸 虧損率 | 總賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元 | 預期信貸虧損 HK\$'000 千港元 | 賬面淨值 HK\$'000 千港元 |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 | | | | |
| Trade receivables | 貿易應收款項 | 1.07% | 61,396 | 659 | 60,737 |
| Other receivables | 其他應收款項 | 2.66% | 4,329 | 115 | 4,214 |
| Contract assets | 合約資產 | 0.56% | 29,560 | 165 | 29,395 |

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3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(c) Credit risk (continued)

The closing loss allowance for trade and other receivables and contract assets as at 31 December 2018 reconcile to the opening loss allowance are as follows:

| | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| 31 December 2017 – calculated under HKAS 39 | 二零一七年十二月三十一日—根據香港會計準則第39號計算 | — | — | — |
| Amounts restated through opening retained earnings | 透過期初保留盈利重列的金額 | 468 | 115 | 149 |
| Opening loss allowance at 1 January 2018 – calculated under HKFRS 9 | 於二零一八年一月一日的期初虧損撥備—根據香港財務報告準則第9號計算 | 468 | 115 | 149 |
| Increase in loss allowance recognised in profit or loss during the year | 年內於損益確認的虧損撥備增加 | 191 | — | 16 |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 | 659 | 115 | 165 |

For trade receivables and contract assets, the Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The ECL on these assets are assessed individually and/or collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings based on same risk characteristics. The expected loss rates are estimated based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

3. 財務風險管理 (續)

3.1 財務風險因素 (續)

(c) 信貸風險 (續)

貿易及其他應收款項以及合約資產於二零一八年十二月三十一日的期末虧損撥備與期初虧損撥備的對賬如下：

| Trade receivables Life-time ECL (not credit impaired) 貿易應收款項 全期預期 信貸虧損 (並無信貸減值) HK\$'000 千港元 | Other receivables Life-time ECL (credit impaired) 其他應收款項 全期預期 信貸虧損 (信貸減值) HK\$'000 千港元 | Contract assets Life-time ECL (not credit impaired) 合約資產 全期預期 信貸虧損 (並無信貸減值) HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|--|--|
| — | — | — |
| 468 | 115 | 149 |
| 468 | 115 | 149 |
| 191 | — | 16 |
| 659 | 115 | 165 |

就貿易應收款項及合約資產而言，本集團已應用香港財務報告準則第9號簡化方法按全期預期信貸虧損計量虧損撥備。該等資產的預期信貸虧損乃根據相同風險特點使用具有適當分類的撥備矩陣進行個別及／或共同評估。預期虧損率乃基於債務預期年期的過往觀察所得的違約率估計，並按毋須花費不必要成本或精力即可取得的前瞻性資料調整。



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3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(c) Credit risk (continued)

The Group performs impairment assessment under the ECL model upon application of HKFRS 9 (2017: incurred loss model) on other receivables, pledged bank deposit and cash and cash equivalents. Except for those which had been determined as credit impaired, the ECL on these assets are based on 12m ECL as there have been no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

The credit risk on other receivables is limited because the counterparties have no historical default record and the directors are of the opinion the risk of default by the counterparties of other receivables is not significant.

The credit risk of pledged bank deposit and bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with sound credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

As at 31 December 2018, 2 customers (2017: 3 customers) which individually contributed over 10% of the Group's trade and other receivables and contract assets. The aggregate amounts of trade and other receivables and contract assets from these customers amounted to approximately 23% of the Group's total trade and other receivables and contract assets as at 31 December 2018 (2017: 34%).

Other than concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with banks with sound credit ratings or good reputation as disclose above, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 信貸風險(續)

本集團於應用香港財務報告準則第9號後根據預期信貸虧損模式(二零一七年:已產生虧損模式)就其他應收款項、已抵押銀行存款以及現金及現金等價物進行減值評估。除已被釐定為信貸減值之資產外,該等資產的預期信貸虧損乃按十二個月預期信貸虧損基準評估,因為自初始確認以來信貸風險並無顯著增加。

其他應收款項的信貸風險非常有限,原因是對手方並無歷史違約記錄且董事認為對手方就其他應收款項違約的風險並不重大。

已抵押銀行存款及銀行結餘的信貸風險非常有限,原因是對手方均為由國際信貸評級機構授予優良信貸評級的銀行。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日,兩名客戶(二零一七年:三名客戶)個別對本集團的貿易及其他應收款項以及合約資產貢獻超過10%。於二零一八年十二月三十一日,本集團來自該等客戶的貿易及其他應收款項以及合約資產總額佔本集團貿易及其他應收款項以及合約資產總額約為23%(二零一七年:34%)。

除存放於上文所披露的具有優良信貸評級或良好聲譽的銀行的流動資金的信貸風險集中外,本集團並無任何其他信貸風險重大集中情況。

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3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet their liquidity requirements in the short and long term. Management believes there is no significant liquidity risk as the Group has sufficient financial cash and cash equivalents to fund their operations.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of each reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current rates at the end each reporting period) and the earliest date the Group may be required to pay:

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(d) 流動資金風險

本集團的政策為定期監督現時及預期的流動資金需求，並確保本集團維持足夠的現金儲備，以應付其短期及長期流動資金需求。管理層相信，由於本集團有充足的現金及現金等價物為其營運提供資金，故概無重大流動資金風險。

下表詳述本集團的金融負債於各報告期末的餘下訂約到期情況，乃按訂約未折現現金流量(包括使用訂約利率或(若為浮息)各報告期末的即期利率計算的利息支出)及本集團須支付的最早還款日計算：

| | | On demand or within one year 按要求或 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元 | Over one year 一年以上 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total undiscounted cash flow 未折現 現金流量總額 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|--|---|--|--------------------------------|
| At 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 貿易及其他應付款項 | 17,353 | – | 17,353 | 17,353 |
| Amounts due to directors | 應付董事款項 | 22 | – | 22 | 22 |
| | | 17,375 | – | 17,375 | 17,375 |
| As at 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 貿易及其他應付款項 | 19,014 | – | 19,014 | 19,014 |
| Amounts due to directors | 應付董事款項 | 22 | – | 22 | 22 |
| | | 19,036 | – | 19,036 | 19,036 |



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3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.2 Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders, to support the Group's stability and growth; to earn a margin commensurate with the level of business and market risks in the Group's operations and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, obtain new borrowings or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as the total borrowings as at each year end divided by the total equity as at each year end.

The gearing ratios of the Group are as follows:

| | |
|------------------|------|
| Total borrowings | 總借貸 |
| Total equity | 權益總額 |
| Gearing ratio | 負債比率 |

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 資本管理

本集團的資本管理主要目標是保障本集團能繼續營運，以持續為股東提供回報並支持本集團的穩定及增長；賺取與本集團運營的業務水平及市場風險相當的邊際利潤，並維持最佳的資本結構以減低資金成本。

為維持或調整資本結構，本集團可能調整派付股東的股息金額、向股東發還資金、發行新股、取得新借貸或出售資產以減低債務

本集團以負債比率監察其資本。此比率按照於各年度末的總借貸除以於各年度末的權益總額計算。

本集團的負債比率如下：

| 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| - | - |
| 127,764 | 111,281 |
| 0% | 0% |

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements used in preparing the consolidated financial statements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(a) Impairment of financial assets and contract assets

Until 31 December 2017, management determines the provision for impairment of trade and other receivables. This estimate is based on the credit history of its customers and the current market condition. Management reassesses the provision at the end of each reporting period.

Significant judgement is exercised on the assessment of the collectability of receivables from each customer. In making the judgement, management considers a wide range of factors such as results of follow-up procedures, customer payment trends including subsequent payments and customers' financial positions. If the financial conditions of the customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

Since 1 January 2018, the loss allowances for financial assets and contract assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

(b) Progress towards of completion of construction works

The Group recognises its contract revenue over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation of the end of the reporting period, measured based on the surveys of work performed to date of the individual contract of construction works relative to total contract value. Because of the nature of the activity undertaken in construction contracts, the date at which the contract activity is entered into and the date when the activity is completed usually fall into different accounting period. The Group reviews and revises the estimates of contract revenue, contract costs and variation orders prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses. Management regularly reviews the progress of the contracts and the corresponding costs of the contract revenue.

4. 重大會計估計及判斷

編製綜合財務報表所用的估計及判斷會被持續評估，並根據過往經驗及其他因素進行評估，包括在該等情況相信為合理的對未來事件的預測。按定義，相應會計估計將甚少與相關實際結果相同。對下個財政年度內的資產及負債賬面值構成重大調整的重大風險的估計及假設討論如下。

(a) 金融資產及合約資產的減值

直至二零一七年十二月三十一日，管理層釐定貿易及其他應收款項減值撥備。此估計乃基於其客戶的信貸記錄及現時市況。管理層於各報告期末重新評估撥備。

於評估應收各客戶款項的可收回程度時，行使重大判斷。於作出判斷時，管理層考慮廣泛因素（例如跟進程序結果、客戶付款趨勢（包括其後付款）及客戶的財務狀況）。倘若本集團客戶的財務狀況惡化，導致彼等作出付款的能力降低，則可能須作出額外撥備。

自二零一八年一月一日起，金融資產及合約資產虧損撥備乃基於有關違約風險及預期虧損率的假設作出。於各報告期末，本集團根據其過往歷史、現時市況及前瞻性估計，通過判斷作出該等假設及選擇減值計算的輸入數據。

(b) 建築工程完成進度

本集團參考於報告期末全面達成履約責任的進度於一段時間內確認其合約收益，並根據建築工程個別合約迄今已進行工程相對總合約價值的調查計量。基於建築合約所進行工程的性質，合約工程訂立的日期與工程完成日期一般處於不同會計期間。本集團於合約進行中檢討及修訂各建築合約的合約收益、合約成本及變更項目估計。管理層定期檢討合約進度以及合約收益的相應成本。



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For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Revenue and other income and gains recognised during the year are as follows:

| Revenue | 收益 |
|---|--------------|
| Provision of concrete demolition services | 提供混凝土拆卸服務 |
| Other income and gains | 其他收入及收益 |
| Sundry income | 雜項收入 |
| Interest income | 利息收入 |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 出售物業、廠房及設備收益 |

5. 收益、其他收入及收益以及分類資料

年內的收益及其他收入以及收益確認如下：

| 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 147,413 | 186,168 |
| 36 | 14 |
| 206 | 14 |
| 390 | 39 |
| 632 | 67 |

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

來自客戶合約的收益分析

| | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Timing of revenue recognition | |
| Over-time | 147,413 |
| Types of goods or services | |
| Concrete demolition services | 147,413 |

Performance obligations for contracts with customers

The Group provides concrete demolition services to customers. Such services are recognised as a performance obligation satisfied over-time as the Group creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced. Revenue for these services is therefore recognised over-time using output method, i.e. based on surveys of the relevant services completed by the Group to date with reference to certificates issued by customers or payment applications. The directors of the Company consider that output method would faithfully depict the Group's performance towards complete satisfaction of these performance obligations in these contracts under HKFRS 15.

客戶合約的履約責任

本集團向客戶提供混凝土拆卸服務。有關服務確認為於一段時間內達成的履約責任，原因為本集團創造或提升一項資產，而該資產獲創造或提升時由客戶控制。因此，該等服務的收益於一段時間內採用產量法確認，即根據本集團迄今所完成的相關服務的調查並參考由客戶發出的證書或付款申請。本公司董事認為產量法將中肯描述本集團全面達成香港財務報告準則第15號項下該等合約中的履約責任。

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5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contracts with customers

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31 December 2018 and the expected timing of recognising revenue are as follows:

| | |
|-----------------|------|
| Within one year | 一年內 |
| Over one year | 一年以上 |

Segment information

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the board of directors of the Company. The board of directors regards the Group's business as a single operating segment and reviews consolidated financial statements accordingly. Since this is the only operating segment of the Group, no further analysis for segment information is presented.

Geographical information

The Group primarily operates in Hong Kong and Macau, and its revenue is derived from the following regions:

| | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|
| Revenue (by location of customers) | 收益 (按客戶所在地區) |
| – Hong Kong | – 香港 |
| – Macau | – 澳門 |

All of the Group's non-current assets are located in Hong Kong for both years.

Information about major customers

Revenue from customers contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group are as follows:

| | |
|------------|------|
| Customer A | 客戶 A |
| Customer B | 客戶 B |

¹ The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group.

5. 收益、其他收入及收益以及分類資料 (續)

分配至客戶合約的餘下履約責任的交易價

於二零一八年十二月三十一日分配至餘下履約責任(未達成或部分未達成)的交易價與確認收益的預期時間如下:

Concrete demolition services
混凝土拆卸服務
HK\$'000
千港元

30,733
4,795

分類資料

主要營運決策者已識別為本公司的董事會。董事會視本集團的業務為單一經營分類，並相應審閱綜合財務報表。由於此為本集團的唯一經營分類，故並無呈列分類資料的進一步分析。

地區資料

本集團主要於香港及澳門營運，而其收益來自以下地區：

| 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 134,861 | 184,489 |
| 12,552 | 1,679 |
| 147,413 | 186,168 |

本集團全部非流動資產於兩個年度內均位於香港。

主要客戶資料

佔本集團總收益超過10%的客戶收益呈列如下：

| 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| N/A 不適用¹ | 34,659 |
| 28,400 | 48,800 |

¹ 相關收益並非佔本集團總收益10%以上。



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6. FINANCE COSTS

6. 融資成本

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Interest on finance leases | 融資租賃利息 | - | 104 |

7. PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX

7. 除所得稅前溢利

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|--------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Included in cost of sales | 銷售成本包括 | | |
| Depreciation of owned assets | 自有資產折舊 | 4,984 | 2,156 |
| Staff costs | 員工成本 | 27,006 | 35,920 |
| Included in administrative and other operating expenses | 行政及其他經營開支包括 | | |
| Auditors' remuneration | 核數師酬金 | 720 | 600 |
| Depreciation of owned assets | 自有資產折舊 | 1,407 | 2,107 |
| Depreciation of assets under finance lease | 融資租賃下的資產折舊 | - | 173 |
| Operating lease rented on premises (Note) | 物業經營租賃租金(附註) | 4,122 | 3,285 |
| Staff costs, including directors' emoluments | 員工成本(包括董事薪酬) | 12,757 | 12,026 |

Note: Amount excluded directors' quarters expenses of approximately HK\$969,000 (2017: HK\$675,000) which are included in "Staff costs, including directors' emoluments" above.

附註：金額不包括計入上文「員工成本(包括董事薪酬)」的董事宿舍開支約969,000港元(二零一七年：675,000港元)。

8. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES, INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

8. 僱員福利開支，包括董事酬金

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Salaries, allowances and other benefits | 薪金、津貼及其他福利 | 38,424 | 46,434 |
| Retirement scheme contributions – defined contribution plan | 退休計劃供款 – 一定額供款計劃 | 1,339 | 1,512 |
| | | 39,763 | 47,946 |

The Group operates a defined contribution scheme in Hong Kong which comply with the requirements under the Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") Schemes Ordinance. All assets under the scheme are held separately from the Group under independently administered funds. Contributions to the MPF schemes follow the MPF Schemes Ordinance.

本集團根據強制性公積金(「強積金」)計劃條例的規定，在香港設有定額供款計劃。該計劃項下的所有資產由獨立基金管理及與本集團的資產分開持有。強積金計劃供款根據強積金計劃條例執行。

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9. BENEFITS AND INTEREST OF DIRECTORS

9. 董事福利及權益

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The remuneration of each director and the chief executive for the years ended 31 December 2018 and 2017 is set out below:

(a) 董事及主要行政人員酬金

各董事及主要行政人員於截至二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度的薪酬載列如下：

| | | Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind | Discretionary bonuses | Retirement scheme contributions | Total |
|--|-----------|--|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| | Fees | 薪金、津貼及 實物福利 | 酌情花紅 | 退休 計劃供款 | 總計 |
| | 袍金 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 | 千港元 |
| 2018 | | | | | |
| <i>Executive directors</i> 二零一八年 執行董事 | | | | | |
| Mr. Cheung Shek On | 張錫安先生 | | | | |
| (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) | (主席兼行政總裁) | - | 1,929 | - | 1,947 |
| Mr. Chan Yuk Sing | 陳玉成先生 | - | 1,920 | - | 1,938 |
| <i>Non-executive director</i> 非執行董事 | | | | | |
| Mr. Kuan Hong Kin Daniel | 關匡建先生 | 188 | - | - | 188 |
| <i>Independent non-executive directors</i> 獨立非執行董事 | | | | | |
| Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny | 陳毅生先生 | 224 | - | - | 224 |
| Mr. Chow Chun To | 鄒振濤先生 | 224 | - | - | 224 |
| Mr. Yam Chiu Fan Joseph | 任超凡先生 | 224 | - | - | 224 |
| | | 860 | 3,849 | - | 4,745 |
| 2017 | | | | | |
| <i>Executive directors</i> 二零一七年 執行董事 | | | | | |
| Mr. Cheung Shek On | 張錫安先生 | | | | |
| (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) | (主席兼行政總裁) | - | 1,622 | 160 | 1,800 |
| Mr. Chan Yuk Sing | 陳玉成先生 | - | 1,346 | 260 | 1,624 |
| <i>Non-executive director</i> 非執行董事 | | | | | |
| Mr. Kuan Hong Kin Daniel | 關匡建先生 | 180 | - | - | 180 |
| <i>Independent non-executive directors</i> 獨立非執行董事 | | | | | |
| Mr. Chan Ngai Sang Kenny | 陳毅生先生 | 216 | - | - | 216 |
| Mr. Chow Chun To | 鄒振濤先生 | 216 | - | - | 216 |
| Mr. Yam Chiu Fan Joseph | 任超凡先生 | 216 | - | - | 216 |
| | | 828 | 2,968 | 420 | 4,252 |

During the year ended 31 December 2018, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2017: nil). Neither the chief executive nor any of the directors has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: nil).

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團並無向董事支付任何酬金，作為加入本集團或於加盟後的獎金或作為離職補償（二零一七年：無）。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度，概無主要行政人員或董事放棄或同意放棄收取任何酬金（二零一七年：無）。



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9. BENEFITS AND INTEREST OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

(b) Five highest paid individuals

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, two (2017: two) of them are directors for the year ended 31 December 2018 whose emoluments are disclosed above. The emoluments in respect of the remaining three (2017: three) individuals for the year ended 31 December 2018 are as follows:

| | |
|---------------------------------|--------|
| Salaries and allowances | 薪金及津貼 |
| Discretionary bonuses | 酌情花紅 |
| Retirement scheme contributions | 退休計劃供款 |

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

| | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Emolument band | 薪酬範圍(港元) |
| Nil – HK\$1,000,000 | 零至 1,000,000 港元 |
| HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$1,500,000 | 1,000,001 港元至 1,500,000 港元 |
| HK\$1,500,000 – HK\$2,000,000 | 1,500,000 港元至至 2,000,000 港元 |

During the year ended 31 December 2018, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the above highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office as a director or management of any members of the Group (2017: nil).

9. 董事福利及權益(續)

(b) 五名最高薪酬人士

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度，五名最高薪酬人士中兩名為董事(二零一七年：兩名)，其薪酬披露於上文。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度，餘下三名(二零一七年：三名)人士的薪酬如下：

| 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2,833 | 2,392 |
| - | 1,102 |
| 54 | 54 |
| 2,887 | 3,548 |

薪酬介乎以下範圍：

| Number of individuals 人數 | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|
| 2018 二零一八年 | 2017 二零一七年 |
| 2 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 |
| - | 1 |

於截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團概無向以上最高薪酬人士支付酬金作為加入本集團或加入本集團後的獎勵或作為本集團任何成員公司的董事或管理層的離職補償(二零一七年：無)。

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For the year ended 31 December 2018 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度



10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

10. 所得稅開支

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|-------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Current tax | 即期稅項 | | |
| Hong Kong | 香港 | | |
| – Current year | – 本年度 | 3,297 | 4,387 |
| – (Over)/under-provision in prior year | – 過往年度(超額撥備)/撥備不足 | (30) | 378 |
| Macau | 澳門 | | |
| – Current year | – 本年度 | 503 | – |
| – Over-provision in prior year | – 過往年度超額撥備 | – | (153) |
| | | 3,770 | 4,612 |
| Deferred tax (Note 22) | 遞延稅項(附註22) | (212) | 804 |
| Income tax expense | 所得稅開支 | 3,558 | 5,416 |

The Group is subjected to Hong Kong profits tax at a rate of 16.5% for the year ended 31 December 2017.

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 (the "Bill") which introduces the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

Accordingly, starting from the current year, one of the subsidiaries of the Company is subject to Hong Kong profits tax at the rate of 8.25% for the first HK\$2 million of estimated assessable profits and at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits above HK\$2 million. Other subsidiaries of the Company are subjected to Hong Kong Profits Tax at the rate of 16.5% for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Pursuant to a tax incentive approved under Section 20 of Decree Law No. 11/2016, Macau Complementary Tax is levied at a fixed rate of 12% on the taxable income above MOP 600,000.

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團須按16.5%的稅率繳納香港利得稅。

於二零一八年三月二十一日，香港立法會通過《二零一七年稅務(修訂)(第7號)條例草案》(「條例草案」)，引入利得稅兩級制。條例草案於二零一八年三月二十八日簽署成為法律，並於次日刊登憲報。根據利得稅兩級制，合資格集團實體首筆2,000,000港元溢利將按8.25%的稅率繳稅，及超過2,000,000港元的溢利將按16.5%的稅率繳稅。不符合兩級制利得稅資格的集團實體的溢利將繼續按16.5%的統一稅率徵收稅項。

因此，自本年度起，本公司的一間附屬公司須就首筆2,000,000港元的估計應課稅溢利按8.25%的稅率繳納香港利得稅，及超過2,000,000港元的估計應課稅溢利按16.5%的稅率繳納香港利得稅。截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度，本公司的其他附屬公司須按16.5%的稅率繳納香港利得稅。

根據澳門法令第11/2016號第20節所批准的稅務優惠，澳門所得補充稅對超過600,000澳門幣的應課稅收入按12%固定稅率徵收。



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10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

The taxation on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the Hong Kong profits tax rate as follows:

| | |
|---|----------------------------|
| Profit before income tax | 除所得稅前溢利 |
| Calculated at a tax of 16.5% (2017: 16.5%) | 按稅率 16.5% (二零一七年：16.5%) 計算 |
| Expenses not deductible for tax purposes | 不可用作扣稅之開支 |
| Income not subject to tax | 毋須課稅收入 |
| Temporary differences previously not recognised | 過往未確認暫時性差額 |
| Effect of different tax rate of group entity operating in jurisdiction other than Hong Kong | 於香港以外司法權區經營的集團實體不同稅率的影響 |
| Others | 其他 |
| Tax concession | 稅項優惠 |
| (Over)/under-provision in prior year | 過往年度(超額撥備)/撥備不足 |
| Income tax expense | 所得稅開支 |

10. 所得稅開支(續)

本集團除所得稅前溢利的稅項與使用香港利得稅稅率所產生的理論金額之間的差額如下：

| 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 23,741 | 30,439 |
| 3,917 | 5,023 |
| 320 | 139 |
| (34) | – |
| – | 29 |
| (215) | – |
| (165) | – |
| (235) | – |
| (30) | 225 |
| 3,558 | 5,416 |

11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the following data:

Earnings

| | |
|---|--------------------------|
| Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the purpose of basic earnings per share | 就計算每股基本盈利而言的本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利 |
|---|--------------------------|

Number of ordinary shares

| | |
|--|----------------------|
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share | 就計算每股基本盈利而言的普通股加權平均數 |
|--|----------------------|

The diluted earnings per share is equal to the basic earnings per share as there is no dilutive potential ordinary share in issue during the years ended 31 December 2018 and 2017.

11. 每股盈利

每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根據以下數據計算：

盈利

| 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 20,183 | 25,023 |

普通股數目

| 2018 二零一八年 '000 千股 | 2017 二零一七年 '000 千股 |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 672,000 | 672,000 |

由於截至二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度內概無已發行潛在攤薄普通股，故每股攤薄盈利等於每股基本盈利。

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12. SUBSIDIARIES

The following is a list of the subsidiaries at 31 December 2018:

12. 附屬公司

下表為於二零一八年十二月三十一日的附屬公司名單：

| Name 名稱 | Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及法定實體類別 | Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及經營地點 | Particulars of Issued share capital 已發行股本詳情 | Percentage of interest held 所持權益比例 |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Platinum Faith Limited ("Platinum Faith") 鉑輝有限公司(「鉑輝」) | Limited liability company incorporated on 16 October 2014, the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI") 於二零一四年十月十六日在英屬處女群島(「英屬處女群島」)註冊成立的有限公司 | Investment holding 投資控股 | Ordinary share United States dollar ("US\$") 1,000 普通股1,000美元 (「美元」) | 100% (direct) 100% (直接) |
| Alpha Eastern Holdings Limited ("Alpha Eastern Holdings") 卓東控股有限公司(「卓東控股」) | Limited liability company incorporated on 22 January 2016, the BVI 於二零一六年一月二十二日在英屬處女群島註冊成立的有限公司 | Investment holding 投資控股 | Ordinary share US\$1 普通股1美元 | 100% (direct) 100% (直接) |
| 景聯混凝土鑽鑿有限公司(translated as Kingland Concrete Drilling Company Limited) ("Kingland Macau") 景聯混凝土鑽鑿有限公司(「景聯澳門」) | Limited liability company incorporated on 1 March 2006, Macau 於二零零六年三月一日在澳門註冊成立的有限公司 | Provision of concrete demolition services in Macau 於澳門提供混凝土拆卸服務 | Ordinary share MOP\$25,000 普通股25,000澳門幣 | 100% (indirect) 100% (間接) |
| Kingland (Sino) Company Limited ("Kingland (Sino)") 景聯(大中華)有限公司(「景聯(大中華)」) | Limited liability company incorporated on 16 January 2015, Hong Kong 於二零一五年一月十六日在香港註冊成立的有限公司 | Provision of concrete demolition services in Hong Kong 於香港提供混凝土拆卸服務 | Ordinary share HK\$3 普通股3港元 | 100% (indirect) 100% (間接) |



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13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

13. 物業、廠房及設備

| | | Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 HK\$'000 千港元 | Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元 | Office equipment 辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元 | Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|------------------------------|---------------|---|--|--|---|--------------------------------|
| Cost | 成本 | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2017 | 於二零一七年一月一日 | 16,479 | 107 | 138 | 11,506 | 28,230 |
| Additions | 添置 | 6,636 | 991 | 65 | 1,894 | 9,586 |
| Disposals | 出售 | - | - | - | (1,820) | (1,820) |
| At 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 | 23,115 | 1,098 | 203 | 11,580 | 35,996 |
| Accumulated depreciation | 累計折舊 | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2017 | 於二零一七年一月一日 | 12,321 | 25 | 16 | 5,271 | 17,633 |
| Charge for the year (Note 7) | 年內支出(附註7) | 2,156 | 60 | 35 | 2,185 | 4,436 |
| Disposals | 出售 | - | - | - | (1,093) | (1,093) |
| At 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 | 14,477 | 85 | 51 | 6,363 | 20,976 |
| Net book value | 賬面淨值 | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 | 8,638 | 1,013 | 152 | 5,217 | 15,020 |
| Cost | 成本 | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2018 | 於二零一八年一月一日 | 23,115 | 1,098 | 203 | 11,580 | 35,996 |
| Additions | 添置 | 3,189 | 44 | 37 | 3,520 | 6,790 |
| Disposals | 出售 | - | - | - | (631) | (631) |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 | 26,304 | 1,142 | 240 | 14,469 | 42,155 |
| Accumulated depreciation | 累計折舊 | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2018 | 於二零一八年一月一日 | 14,477 | 85 | 51 | 6,363 | 20,976 |
| Charge for the year (Note 7) | 年內支出(附註7) | 3,610 | 225 | 47 | 2,509 | 6,391 |
| Disposals | 出售 | - | - | - | (626) | (626) |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 | 18,087 | 310 | 98 | 8,246 | 26,741 |
| Net book value | 賬面淨值 | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 | 8,217 | 832 | 142 | 6,223 | 15,414 |

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14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

14. 按類別劃分之金融工具

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Financial assets | 金融資產 | | |
| Loan and receivables | 貸款及應收款項 | - | 110,327 |
| Amortised cost | 攤銷成本 | 101,520 | - |
| Financial liabilities | 金融負債 | | |
| Amortised cost | 攤銷成本 | 17,375 | 19,036 |

15. CONTRACT ASSETS

15. 合約資產

| | | 31 December 2018 二零一八年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元 | 1 January 2018* 二零一八年 一月一日* HK\$'000 千港元 |
|-----------------------------------|----------|--|---|
| Contract assets | 合約資產 | 29,560 | 22,220 |
| Less: allowance for credit losses | 減：信貸虧損撥備 | (165) | (149) |
| | | 29,395 | 22,071 |

* The amounts in this column are after the adjustments from the application of HKFRS 9 and 15.

* 本欄的金額為於應用香港財務報告準則第9號及第15號產生的調整後的金額。

The contract assets primarily relate to the Group's right to consideration for work completed and not billed because the rights are conditioned on factors other than passage of time. The contract assets are transferred to trade receivables when the rights become unconditional.

合約資產主要與本集團就已完成而未出具賬單的工程收取代價的權利有關，因為該等權利取決於除時間流逝之外的因素。當權利成為無條件時，合約資產轉移至貿易應收款項。

As at 31 December 2018, included in carrying amount of contract assets comprises retention money held by customers for construction work amounted to approximately HK\$25,081,000, of which approximately HK\$14,163,000, is unsecured, interest-free and expected to be recovered or settled in more than twelve months from the end of reporting period.

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，合約資產賬面值包括客戶就建築工程所持有的保固金約25,081,000港元，其中約14,163,000港元乃無抵押、免息並預期於報告期末起計十二個月以上收回或償付。



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16. AMOUNTS DUE FROM CUSTOMERS FOR CONTRACT WORK

| | |
|--|----------------------|
| Contract costs incurred plus recognised profits less recognised losses | 已產生合約成本加經確認溢利並減經確認虧損 |
| Less: progress billings received and receivables | 減：已收及應收工程進度款項 |

16. 應收客戶合約工程款項

| 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| - | 169,263 |
| - | (161,612) |
| - | 7,651 |

17. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

| | |
|---|----------------|
| Trade receivables | 貿易應收款項 |
| Less: allowance for credit losses | 減：信貸虧損撥備 |
| Retention receivables* | 應收保固金* |
| Other receivables, deposits and prepayments | 其他應收款項、按金及預付款項 |
| Less: allowance for credit losses | 減：信貸虧損撥備 |

17. 貿易及其他應收款項

| 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 61,396 | 40,094 |
| (659) | - |
| 60,737 | 40,094 |
| - | 18,264 |
| 5,075 | 6,743 |
| (115) | - |
| 4,960 | 25,007 |
| 65,697 | 65,101 |

* Upon application of HKFRS 15, the retention receivables were reclassified to contract assets.

* 於應用香港財務報告準則第15號後，應收保固金乃重新分類至合約資產。

Notes:

附註：

- (a) The credit terms granted to customers are varied and are generally the result of negotiations between individual customers and the Group. The Group generally allows a credit period of within 60 days. No interest is charged on overdue receivables.
- (b) The ageing analysis of trade receivables, net of allowance for credit losses based on invoice date are as follows:

- (a) 授予客戶之信貸期各有不同，一般由個別客戶與本集團磋商得出。本集團一般給予60日內之信貸期。並無就已逾期應收款項收取利息。

- (b) 根據發票日期確認的貿易應收款項(扣除信貸虧損撥備)的賬齡分析如下：

| | |
|---------------|---------|
| 0 – 30 days | 0至30日 |
| 31 – 60 days | 31至60日 |
| 61 – 90 days | 61至90日 |
| 91 – 365 days | 91至365日 |
| Over 365 days | 365日以上 |

| 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 24,575 | 13,776 |
| 20,798 | 8,207 |
| 4,131 | 8,990 |
| 7,411 | 8,496 |
| 3,822 | 625 |
| 60,737 | 40,094 |



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17. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Notes: (continued)

(b) (continued)

Trade receivables of approximately HK\$ 23,509,000 as at 31 December 2017 were past due but not impaired. These related to trade receivables from a number of independent customers of whom there is no recent history of default and no provision for impairment had therefore been made. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

| |
|---------------|
| Overdue by: |
| 1 – 30 days |
| 31 – 60 days |
| 61 – 90 days |
| Over 90 days |
| Over 365 days |

Starting from 1 January 2018, the Group applies the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected credit loss provision for trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, these receivables have been grouped based on same credit risk characteristics.

See note 3.1 for further information about expected credit loss provision.

As at 31 December 2018, included in the Group's trade receivables balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$31,378,000 which are past due and which impairment loss had not been provided for to be of good credit quality and they are expected to be recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. Include in the past due balance of approximately HK\$9,501,000 has been past due 90 days or more and is not considered as in default based on good repayment records for those debtors and continuous business with the Group.

17. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

附註：(續)

(b) (續)

於二零一七年十二月三十一日，貿易應收款項約23,509,000港元已逾期但未減值。此等款項與多名並無近期拖欠記錄的獨立客戶的貿易應收款項有關，因此並無作出減值撥備。本集團並無持有任何抵押品作為擔保。

| |
|--------|
| 逾期： |
| 1至30日 |
| 31至60日 |
| 61至90日 |
| 90日以上 |
| 365日以上 |

| | |
|--|----------|
| | 2017 |
| | 二零一七年 |
| | HK\$'000 |
| | 千港元 |
| | <hr/> |
| | 7,067 |
| | 8,428 |
| | 2,045 |
| | 5,361 |
| | 608 |
| | <hr/> |
| | 23,509 |
| | <hr/> |

自二零一八年一月一日起，本集團應用簡化方法為香港財務報告準則第9號規定的預期信貸虧損計提撥備，該準則准許就貿易應收款項使用全期預期信貸虧損撥備。為計量預期信貸虧損，該等應收款項乃根據相同信貸風險特點分類。

有關預期信貸虧損撥備的進一步資料，請參閱附註3.1。

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團貿易應收款項結餘包括總賬面值約為31,378,000港元的應收款項，該應收款項已逾期且並無減值虧損撥備及具有良好信貸質量且其預期可予收回。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。逾期結餘約9,501,000港元已逾期90日或以上，且基於有關該等應收款項的良好還款記錄及繼續與本集團的業務並不被視為拖欠付款。



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18. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSIT AND CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Pledged bank deposits (Note)
Cash and cash equivalents

Note:

As at 31 December 2018, the Group's bank deposit of approximately HK\$10,106,000 (2017: HK\$10,014,000) was pledged as collateral for Group's banking facilities. The interest rate on pledged bank deposit was approximately 1.82% (2017: 0.55%) per annum. This deposit has a maturity of three months.

19. SHARE CAPITAL

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each

Authorised:

As at 31 December 2017 and 2018

Issued and fully paid:

As at 31 December 2017 and 2018

20. RESERVES

Share premium

Share premium is the excess of the proceeds received over the nominal value of the shares of the Company issued at a premium, less expenses incurred in connection with the issue of the shares.

Merger reserve

Merger reserve represents the reserve arose pursuant to the corporate reorganisation for the purpose of the listing of the Company's shares on the HKEX.

18. 已抵押銀行存款及現金及現金等價物

| 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|

| | |
|---------------|---------------|
| 10,106 | 10,014 |
| 26,464 | 36,404 |
| 36,570 | 46,418 |

附註：

於二零一八年十二月三十一日，本集團的銀行存款約10,106,000港元（二零一七年：10,014,000港元）已抵押作為本集團銀行融資的抵押品。已抵押銀行存款的年利率約為1.82%（二零一七年：0.55%）。此存款的到期日為三個月。

19. 股本

| Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目 | Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---------------------------------------|--|
|---------------------------------------|--|

| | |
|---------------|--------|
| 1,000,000,000 | 10,000 |
| 672,000,000 | 6,720 |

20. 儲備

股份溢價

股份溢價指按溢價發行時已收所得款項與本公司股份面值的差額，扣除發行股份所產生的開支。

合併儲備

合併儲備指為本公司股份於聯交所上市根據企業重組而產生的儲備。

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21. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on 22 November 2016 as to attract and retain the best available personnel and to provide additional incentive to the eligible participants under the Scheme.

Under the Scheme, the directors of the Company may at their absolute discretion and subject to the terms of the Scheme, grant options to any employees (full-time or part-time), directors, consultants or advisors, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners or service providers of the Group, to subscribe for shares of the Company. The eligibility of any participants to the grant of any options shall be determined by the directors from time to time on the basis of the directors' opinion as to their contribution to the development and growth of the Group.

The aggregate number of the Company's shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share options schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the Company's shares in issue from time to time. No options may be granted under the Scheme or any other share options schemes of the Company if this will result in the limit being exceeded. The maximum number of shares issuable upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company as from the adoption date must not in aggregate exceed 10% of all the shares in issue upon the date on which the shares are listed and permitted to be dealt in the Stock Exchange. The 10% limit may be refreshed at any time by approval of the Company's shareholders in general meeting provided that the total number of the Company's shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme and any other share options schemes of the Company must not exceed 10% of the Company's shares in issue as at the date of approval of the refreshed limit.

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company in any 12-month period up to date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue. Where any further grant of options to a participant under the Scheme would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to such participant (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant representing in aggregate over 1% of the shares in issue, such further grant must be separately approved by shareholders of the Company in general meeting with such participant and his/her close associates abstaining from voting.

21. 購股權計劃

本公司根據於二零一六年十一月二十二日通過之決議案採納購股權計劃（「該計劃」），旨在吸納及挽留最稱職人員及向該計劃之合資格參與者提供額外獎勵。

根據該計劃，本公司董事可全權酌情按該計劃之條款，向本集團任何僱員（全職或兼職）、董事、諮詢人或顧問、分銷商、承包商、供應商、代理、客戶、商業夥伴或服務供應商授出認購本公司股份之購股權。董事可不時根據其認為參與者對本集團發展及成長之貢獻而釐定彼等獲授購股權之資格。

因根據該計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃已授出但尚未行使之所有發行在外購股權獲行使而可予發行之本公司股份總數，不得超出本公司不時已發行股份之30%。倘根據該計劃或本公司任何其他購股權計劃授出購股權會導致超出該上限，則不得授出購股權。自採納日期因根據該計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃授出之所有購股權獲行使而可予發行之股份數目上限，合共不得超出股份於聯交所上市及獲准買賣日期全部已發行股份之10%。該10%上限可隨時於股東大會獲本公司股東批准後予以更新，惟因根據該計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃授出之所有購股權獲行使而可予發行之本公司股份總數，不得超出批准經更新上限當日本公司已發行股份之10%。

截至授出日期止任何12個月期間內，因根據該計劃或本公司任何其他購股權計劃授予各名參與者之購股權（包括已行使及尚未行使購股權）獲行使而發行及將予發行之股份總數，不得超出本公司已發行股份之1%。根據該計劃倘向參與者進一步授出購股權會導致截至該進一步授出日期（包括該日）止12個月期間內因已授予及將授予該名參與者之所有購股權（包括已行使、已註銷及尚未行使購股權）獲行使而發行及將予發行之股份，合共相當於已發行股份1%以上，則有關進一步授出必須經本公司股東於股東大會上另行批准，而該名參與者及其緊密聯繫人必須放棄投票。



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21. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (CONTINUED)

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or any of their respective associates must be approved by the independent non-executive directors of the Company (excluding any independent non-executive director who is the grantee). Where any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or any of their respective close associates would result in the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company to such person in any 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue and having an aggregate value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved by the Company's shareholders at the general meeting of the Company, with voting to be taken by way of poll.

The offer of a grant of share options might be accepted in writing within 7 days from the date of the offer. An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time during a period as the directors may determine which shall not exceed ten years from the date of grant subject to the provisions of early termination thereof. A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable on acceptance of the grant of an option with a remittance in favour of the Company within such time as may be specified in the offer (which shall not be later than 7 days from the date of the offer).

The subscription price shall be a price solely determined by the board of directors of the Company and notified to a participant and shall be at least the highest of: (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the offer date; (ii) the average closing prices of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's share on the offer date.

The Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing on 22 November 2016, subject to early termination provisions contained in the Scheme.

No share options were granted since the adoption of the Scheme and there were no share option outstanding as at 31 December 2018 and 2017.

21. 購股權計劃(續)

向本公司董事、主要行政人員或主要股東或彼等各自之任何聯繫人授出任何購股權，均須經本公司獨立非執行董事(不包括身為承授人之任何獨立非執行董事)批准。倘向本公司主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等各自之任何緊密聯繫人授出任何購股權，導致在截至授出日期(包括該日)止任何12個月期間內因根據該計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃已向上述人士授出及將予授出之購股權(包括已行使、已註銷及尚未行使購股權)獲行使而發行及將予發行之股份總數合共超出本公司已發行股份之0.1%以上，且總值超過5百萬港元，則須於本公司股東大會上獲本公司股東以投票表決方式批准。

授出購股權之要約須於由要約日期起計七日內以書面接納。承授人可於董事可能釐定之期間，隨時根據該計劃之條款行使購股權，惟不得超過由授出日期起計10年，並受有關提前終止條文所規限。接納獲授之購股權時，承授人須於要約可能列明之時間內(不得遲於由要約日期起計七日)向本公司支付1港元名義代價。

認購價由本公司董事全權釐定並通知參與者，且至少為下列各項中之最高者：(i)聯交所每日報價表所報本公司股份於要約日期之收市價；(ii)聯交所每日報價表所報本公司股份於緊接該日期前五個營業日之平均收市價；及(iii)要約日期之本公司股份面值。

該計劃由二零一六年十一月二十二日起計十年期間內有效及生效，並受該計劃所載之提前終止條文所規限。

自採納該計劃以來概無授出任何購股權，而於二零一八年及二零一七年十二月三十一日概無尚未行使購股權。

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22. DEFERRED TAXATION

The components of deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

| | |
|--|----------------------|
| At 1 January 2017 | 於二零一七年一月一日 |
| Charged to profit or loss (Note 10) | 於損益扣除(附註10) |
| At 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日 |
| Effect of initial application of HKFRS 9 | 初步應用香港財務報告準則第9號的影響 |
| At 1 January 2018 | 於二零一八年一月一日 |
| Credited to profit or loss (Note 10) | 計入損益(附註10) |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日 |

22. 遞延稅項

本年度在綜合財務狀況表內確認的遞延稅項負債組成部分及變動如下：

| | ECL provision 預期信貸虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元 | Accelerated tax depreciation 加速稅項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| | - | 816 | 816 |
| | - | 804 | 804 |
| | - | 1,620 | 1,620 |
| | (110) | - | (110) |
| | (110) | 1,620 | 1,510 |
| | (2) | (210) | (212) |
| | (112) | (1,410) | 1,298 |

23. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

| | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Trade payables | 貿易應付款項 |
| Accruals and other payables | 應計及其他應付款項 |

23. 貿易及其他應付款項

| | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|---|---|
| | 10,629 | 11,514 |
| | 6,724 | 7,500 |
| | 17,353 | 19,014 |

The ageing analysis of trade payables based on the invoice date is as follows:

| | |
|--------------|--------|
| 0 – 30 days | 0至30日 |
| 31 – 60 days | 31至60日 |
| 61 – 90 days | 61至90日 |
| Over 90 days | 90以上 |

根據發票日期的貿易應付款項賬齡分析如下：

| | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|---|---|
| | 4,599 | 4,737 |
| | 934 | 2,821 |
| | 1,025 | 771 |
| | 4,071 | 3,185 |
| | 10,629 | 11,514 |

Trade payables are non-interest bearing.

貿易應付款項不計息。



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24. AMOUNTS DUE TO DIRECTORS

The amounts due to directors are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

24. 應付董事款項

應付董事款項為無抵押、不計息並須按要求償還。

25. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Reconciliation of profit before income tax to net cash generated from operations

25. 綜合現金流量表附註

除所得稅前溢利與經營產生的現金淨額的對賬

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Profit before income tax | 除所得稅前溢利 | 23,741 | 30,439 |
| Adjustments for: | 按下列各項調整： | | |
| Depreciation | 折舊 | 6,391 | 4,436 |
| Gain on disposed of property, plant and equipment | 出售物業、廠房及設備收益 | (390) | (39) |
| Other non-current liabilities | 其他非流動負債 | 35 | (47) |
| Net impairment losses on financial assets and contract assets | 金融資產及合約資產的減值虧損淨額 | 207 | - |
| Interest expense | 利息開支 | - | 104 |
| Interest income | 利息收入 | (206) | (14) |
| Operating profit before working capital changes | 營運資金變動前經營溢利 | 29,778 | 34,879 |
| Increase in contract assets | 合約資產增加 | (7,340) | - |
| Decrease in amounts due from customers for contract work | 應收客戶合約工程款項減少 | - | 2,314 |
| Increase in trade and other receivables | 貿易及其他應收款項增加 | (19,564) | (22,886) |
| Decrease in amounts due to customers for contract work | 應付客戶合約工程款項減少 | - | (212) |
| Decrease in trade and other payables | 貿易及其他應付款項減少 | (1,661) | (7,354) |
| Net cash generated from operations | 經營產生的現金淨額 | 1,213 | 6,741 |

26. COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments

Capital commitments outstanding at the end of the reporting period not provided for in the consolidated financial statements were as follow.

26. 承擔

(a) 資本承擔

於報告期末尚未於綜合財務報表撥備的未償還資本承擔如下：

| | | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Contracted but not provided for: - Property, plant and equipment | 已訂約但尚未撥備： - 物業、廠房及設備 | - | 2,826 |

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26. COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Operating lease commitments – Group as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases were payable as follows:

| | |
|---|--------|
| Not later than 1 year | 少於一年 |
| Later than 1 year and no later than 5 years | 一年內至五年 |

The Group is the lessee in respect of properties including office premises, warehouse and directors' quarters under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of 2 to 3 years. The leases do not include contingent rentals.

26. 承擔(續)

(b) 經營租賃承擔—本集團作為承租人

於報告期末，根據不可撤銷經營租賃未來應付的最低租賃付款總額如下：

| 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 3,036 | 3,012 |
| 344 | 1,381 |
| 3,380 | 4,393 |

本集團為經營租賃下物業(包括辦公室物業、倉庫及董事宿舍)的承租人。該等租賃通常初步租期為兩至三年。該等租賃並不包括或然租金。

27. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties are those parties that have the ability to control, jointly control or exert significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or joint control. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

(a) Apart from disclosures elsewhere and in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group did not have any significant related party transaction with related parties during the year.

(b) The emoluments of the directors and senior executives (representing the key management personnel) during the year are as follows:

| | |
|---|------------|
| Salaries, allowances and other benefits | 薪金、津貼及其他福利 |
| Retirement benefits scheme contribution | 退休福利計劃供款 |

27. 關連方交易

關連方為該等有能力控制、聯合控制或在作出財務或經營決策時能對其他方行使重大影響力的人士。倘受限於共同控制或聯合控制，亦被視為關連方。關連方可為個人或其他實體。

(a) 除其他地方及綜合財務報表附註24的披露外，本集團於年內並無任何與關連方的重大關連方交易。

(b) 董事及高級管理人員(指主要管理人員)於年內的薪酬如下：

| 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 8,523 | 8,719 |
| 126 | 126 |
| 8,649 | 8,845 |



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28. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group, in the ordinary course of its business, is involved in various claims, suits, investigations, and legal proceedings that arise from time to time. Although the Group does not expect that the outcome in any of these legal proceedings, individually or collectively, will have a material adverse effect on its financial position or results of operations, litigation is inherently unpredictable. Therefore, the Group could incur judgements or enter into settlements of claims that could adversely affect its operating results or cash flows in a particular period.

The Group had no significant contingent liabilities at the end of the reporting period.

29. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

(a) Statement of financial position

| | |
|--|--|
| ASSETS | |
| Non-current assets | |
| Investment in subsidiaries | |
| Current assets | |
| Prepayments | |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | |
| Total assets | |
| EQUITY | |
| Capital and reserves | |
| Share capital | |
| Reserves | |
| Total equity | |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Current liabilities | |
| Accruals and other payables | |
| Amount due to a subsidiary | |
| Total liabilities | |
| Total equity and liabilities | |
| Net current assets | |
| Total assets less current liabilities | |

| | |
|------------------|--|
| 資產 | |
| 非流動資產 | |
| 於附屬公司之投資 | |
| 流動資產 | |
| 預付款項 | |
| 應收附屬公司款項 | |
| 現金及現金等價物 | |
| 資產總值 | |
| 權益 | |
| 資本及儲備 | |
| 股本 | |
| 儲備 | |
| 權益總額 | |
| 負債 | |
| 流動負債 | |
| 應計及其他應付款項 | |
| 應付一間附屬公司款項 | |
| 負債總額 | |
| 權益及負債總額 | |
| 流動資產淨值 | |
| 資產總值減流動負債 | |

28. 或然負債

本集團於日常業務過程中涉及不時產生的各項索償、訴訟、調查及法律程序。儘管本集團並不預期任何該等法律訴訟的結果(無論個別或共同)會對其財務狀況或經營業績構成任何重大不利影響,惟訴訟本身難以預測。因此,本集團或會招致某些判決或訂立案債和解,而可能對其某一期間的經營業績或現金流量構成不利影響。

本集團於報告期末並無重大或然負債。

29. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

(a) 財務狀況表

| | 2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 | 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 資產 | | |
| 非流動資產 | | |
| 於附屬公司之投資 | 8 | 8 |
| 流動資產 | | |
| 預付款項 | 242 | 575 |
| 應收附屬公司款項 | 52,237 | 35,420 |
| 現金及現金等價物 | 2,325 | 20,153 |
| 資產總值 | 54,804 | 56,148 |
| 權益 | | |
| 資本及儲備 | | |
| 股本 | 6,720 | 6,720 |
| 儲備 | 41,432 | 43,301 |
| 權益總額 | 48,152 | 50,021 |
| 負債 | | |
| 流動負債 | | |
| 應計及其他應付款項 | 757 | 232 |
| 應付一間附屬公司款項 | 5,903 | 5,903 |
| 負債總額 | 6,660 | 6,135 |
| 權益及負債總額 | 54,812 | 56,156 |
| 流動資產淨值 | 48,144 | 50,013 |
| 資產總值減流動負債 | 48,152 | 50,021 |

The Company's statement of financial position were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 March 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

本公司財務狀況表已於二零一九年三月二十九日獲董事會批准及授權刊發,並由下列董事代表簽署:

Cheung Shek On
張錫安
Director
董事

Chan Yuk Shing
陳玉成
Director
董事

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29. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

29. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動(續)

(b) Reserve movement

(b) 儲備變動

| | | Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元 | Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元 | Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|
| Balance as at 1 January 2017 | 於二零一七年一月一日的結餘 | 44,658 | (344) | 44,314 |
| Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year | 年內虧損及全面開支總額 | - | (1,013) | (1,013) |
| Balance as at 31 December 2017 | 於二零一七年十二月三十一日的結餘 | 44,658 | (1,357) | 43,301 |
| Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year | 年內虧損及全面開支總額 | - | (1,869) | (1,869) |
| Balance as at 31 December 2018 | 於二零一八年十二月三十一日的結餘 | 44,658 | (3,226) | 41,432 |



Financial Summary

財務概要

RESULTS

A summary of the results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements and the Prospectus is set out below.

業績

摘錄自經審核綜合財務報表及招股章程之本集團於過去五個財政年度的業績以及資產及負債概要載列如下。

| | | For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度 | | | | |
|--|------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | 2018 二零一八年 | 2017 二零一七年 | 2016 二零一六年 | 2015 二零一五年 | 2014 二零一四年 |
| | | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Revenue | 收益 | 147,413 | 186,168 | 125,671 | 120,072 | 117,129 |
| Profit attributable to owners of the Company | 本公司擁有人應佔溢利 | 20,183 | 25,023 | 3,560 | 14,197 | 9,129 |

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

資產及負債

| | | At 31 December 於十二月三十一日 | | | | |
|-------------------|------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | 2018 二零一八年 | 2017 二零一七年 | 2016 二零一六年 | 2015 二零一五年 | 2014 二零一四年 |
| | | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Total assets | 資產總值 | 147,688 | 134,190 | 123,605 | 71,654 | 39,475 |
| Total liabilities | 負債總值 | (19,924) | (22,909) | (37,347) | (31,401) | (25,625) |
| Total equity | 權益總額 | 127,764 | 111,281 | 86,258 | 40,253 | 13,850 |

Kingland Group Holdings Limited
景聯集團控股有限公司